ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. ATLANTA GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 5. 1875. Vol. VII—No 296

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 4.

PROF. WILLIAM HENRY PECK, one of the most facile and fascinating writers of the land, who has has recently become a resident of our city, in company with Mr. Patrick Walsh of the Chronicle and Sentinel, called at the office of THE CONSTITUTION yesterday.

THIRTY thousand people are expected at Charlotte on the twentieth instant. Two hundred tents have been procured from the government, every house will be opened to guests, and arrangements have been made with all the converging railroads to start trains at midnight to carry away such as wish to leave. Everything possible will be done to accommodate visitors, and there surely will be a host of them at the great southern centennial.

THE wholesale grocers of New York have agreed not to buy or sell the incoming crop of Malaga raisins except by net weight. The fraudulent system of packing raisins in Malaga has gone on until the wood of the boxes, in many cases, nearly equals the weights of the raisins they contain. The California grape culturists promise to produce an article, in the course of a few years, that will supersede the short-weights from Malaga.

M. PAISEUX, an astronomer of the Paris observatory, has completed the first computation of the sun's distance, from observations taken at the transit of Venus last December. His observations were taken at Peking, China, and the island of St. Paul, in the Indian ocean. The difference of latitude is nearly eighty degrees, which gives a long base line. The French astronomer reduces the figures of distance to 91,900,000 miles—a good long journey, but several million miles less than the old-time reckoning made it.

ON Thursday next the Southern Baptist convention will meet in Charleston. This body will comprise over four hundred representative ministers and laymen of this influential denomination, coming from every southern state and a part of the Indian territory.

On the same day the convention of the diocese of western Texas will meet in St. Mark's church, San Antonio. Bishop Elliott's diocese is subject to Mexican raids, but that does not check his work. Gen. Auger, U. S. A., is one of the lay delegates to the first convention of the new diocese.

A GRAND inter state educational convention is to be held in Chattanooga in the last week of June. The state teachers' association of Georgia seconded the call for the convention. Besides Georgia and Tennessee, representatives will be present from Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Kentucky and Virginia. The citizens of Chattanooga have secured reductions in railroad and hotel rates; and every effort will be made to make the meeting the most important educational convention ever held in the south, and one of the most important ever held in the United States. Ex-President Johnson, Senator Gordon, President White, of Cornell University, Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar, and nearly all the governors in the south have promised to be present. Mr. Johnson will deliver an address.

JUDGE PIERREPONT RETICENT

The New Attorney-General Declines to Indicate his Intentions—His Past Career.

[New York Tribune.]

Judge Pierrepont, the new attorney general, told a Tribune reporter last evening that he had learned—when the president was in New York the last time—from a source entitled to credit, that Attorney general Williams had already resigned, or was about to do so, and that it was the president's purpose to tender the position to him. The formal tender of the attorney-generalship, however, was not made, through the secretary of state's office, until Monday last. His answer and acceptance was mailed the next evening. Mr. Pierrepont remarked that he should not qualify until May 15th, when Mr. Williams' resignation takes effect, although he will go to Washington within a few days. His family will not go to that city until after the summer season. The official correspondence in regard to the appointment Mr. Pierrepont declined to make public. Mr. Fish and he had been old-time friends, and the correspondence had not been intended for the public. In regard to his views upon questions of general interest, Mr. Pierrepont said that he must for the present decline to speak. In referring to his entrance into the cabinet, he spoke of the fact that the president and he had always been warm friends since they had become acquainted during the war, and mentioned his intimacy with Secretary Fish. Secretary Bristow had called upon him yesterday morning, and had expressed much gratification at his acceptance of the position of attorney-general.

Edwards Pierrepont, the new attorney-general, was born at North-Haven, Connecticut, March 4, 1817, and is consequently fifty-eight years of age. His early instruction was received from Noah Porter, now president of Yale college, who, at that time, was principal of the Hopkins' grammar school at New Haven. He was graduated at Yale college with high honors in the class of 1837, in which were also William M. Evarts and Chief-Justice Waite. Four years later, after graduation from the New Haven law school under Judges Daggett and Hitchcock, Mr. Pierrepont removed to Columbus, Ohio, where he engaged in the practice of the law. In 1846 he removed to New York. In 1857 he was elected a judge of the superior court to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Chief Justice Oakley, but resigned in 1860. Two years later President Lincoln appointed him a member of the military and civil commission for the trial of prisoners of state. He was also one of the prosecuting counsel in the Surratt trial. He was a warm friend of President Lincoln, and in 1864 was active in endeavoring to organize the war democrats in favor of Lincoln's re-election. During General Grant's first presidential contest, Judge Pierrepont was one of his most ardent supporters, making large subscriptions and numerous speeches. In 1868, President Grant appointed him attorney of the United States for New York, which position he held until 1870. The post of minister to Russia was afterward proffered to Judge Pierrepont, but he declined it.

Among the best known legal cases in which Judge Pierrepont has been engaged were the Weed-Opdyke libel suit, the Merchant will, the Foreman will, the Gardner will in favor of Mrs. ex-President Tyler, the noted case of the United States against Konstamm and frauds, and the suit against Gen. Butler.

Upon resigning his seat upon the bench in 1860, Judge Pierrepont wrote a letter to the governor upon corruptions in the government. In the autumn of 1870 he was an active member of the committee of seventy. Since that time he has been connected with the Texas and Pacific railroad.

England.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, May 4.—The bark Rose Brae, from Galveston for Liverpool, before reported lost, struck an iceberg and sunk.

Sir John Holker, solicitor general, will be elevated to the bench, vice Judge Piggott deceased.

Steamer Africanus, from Cape of Goodhope, brought $50,000 in gold from the diggings. It is the largest shipment ever sent from south Africa. One nugget weighed nine pounds.

The Doctors' Meeting.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

LOUISVILLE, May 4.—The association of American medical editors held its annual meeting at the Galt House to-night. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Dr. Bell, of New York; vice-president, Dr. H. C. Wood, of Philadelphia; secretary, Dr. F. C. Davis, Chicago.

A RIOT AT DARIEN.

Attempts of Negroes to Rescue Tunis Campbell—Several Parties Wounded—Narrow Escape of Judge Tompkins.

[From the Savannah News.]

There were rumors yesterday of a negro riot in Darien, in which several parties had been killed and wounded, and a man by the name of Mansfield badly cut. We at once investigated the reports and obtained the following information in regard to the riot:

On Friday morning the grand jury of McIntosh county court, Judge H. B. Tompkins presiding, brought in a true bill against Tunis G. Campbell, the notorious negro magistrate, for false imprisonment, under color of his office. Campbell was arrested by deputy sheriff Thorp on a bench warrant issued by Judge Tompkins, and taken to the courthouse. Judge Tompkins directed that he be kept in custody of the sheriff unless bail was furnished, and about dusk adjourned the court and proceeded to his lodgings up in the town. In about half an hour afterwards a messenger in hot haste, sought him out, and delivered the following note:

Hon. H. B. Tompkins:

Campbell has failed to give bond, and we made the attempt to take him to jail, and have been prevented by the colored population, and were compelled to get back into the courthouse. We are surrounded by a boisterous crowd. What shall we do? Many threats have been made.

[Signed.] W. T. THORP,
Deputy sheriff.

Immediately upon receiving this note Judge Tompkins, accompanied by Solicitor General Lamar, proceeded to the courthouse, around which was gathered a large crowd of excited negro men and women, and succeeded in making his way into the building, the doors of which were barred to keep the crowd out. After entering the court room, Judge Tompkins had a consultation with the sheriff about the matter, when marshal Carr, who was present, proposed that as marshal of the town he should go out and attempt to disperse the crowd. This suggestion was considered good, and marshal Carr, with Judge Tompkins and the sheriff, proceeded to the front of the building. A white man and a negro, who were in the court room, came out at the same time and remained on the steps near Judge Tompkins and the sheriff. Marshal Carr went out into the crowd and advised them to leave, when he was immediately knocked down, and was pretty roughly handled. About the same time firing commenced, the negroes firing at the building in the direction where Judge Tompkins and the sheriff were standing. The sheriff was struck in the face, the other white man was wounded in the neck and the negro in the arm, but fortunately Judge Tompkins was unhurt, which is rather singular and fortunate, considering the fact that every person near him was struck.

Some fifteen or twenty shots were fired, probably from guns, as buck and duck shot were used.

The white man standing near Judge Tompkins drew a pistol, and was about returning the firing of the crowd, when he was prevented by the judge, and no further demonstration was made for the time by the negroes. The firing having ceased, Judge Tompkins left the building guarded by six or seven men, and went up town, instructing the sheriff to summon a posse for reinforcement in case of further trouble.

After considerable difficulty, a posse of twenty men was obtained, and marched to the court house, where they remained all night.

The negroes did not make another demonstration, though firing was kept up at intervals in different portions of the town during the night.

On the arrival of the steamer Lizzie Baker, Campbell was conveyed safely on board and placed in the custody of Deputy Sheriff John Smith, of this county, who had been to Brunswick to serve some papers. Ex-Deputy Sheriff Guyton, colored, rendered assistance. Three other negroes who were convicted at the late sitting of the court were brought along as company for Tunis. They are Ben Baker and Tom Fleming, convicted of burglary, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, and William Ledbetter, convicted of attempt at burglary, and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

The steamer reached her wharf in this city at the usual hour yesterday morning, and the quartette of darkies are now safely lodged in Chatham county jail.

The report of a man being cut, is, so far as our information is concerned, untrue.

TIM LYONS.

A Man Found on the Sidewalk with a Gash in his Head.

[Charlotte (N. C.) Observer.]

A man was found yesterday morning lying on the sidewalk in front of J. W. Wilson's grocery store, in an insensible condition, with a gash in his head, apparently made with some sharp-edged instrument. Policeman Orr discovered him about 2 o'clock A. M. His name is Tim Lyons, and his residence is Augusta, Georgia. He is assistant soliciting agent for the Coast Line, with headquarters at Atlanta, and was formerly master of transportation of the Georgia Central railroad. His condition is very critical, and has not yet recovered his faculties sufficiently to give any information about the affair. He has bruises all over his body, and had evidently been fearfully beaten by some unknown person. It is not known whether he was robbed or not, as no one knew whether he had any money about him. None was found on his person. Have we garoters among us? Let the matter be sifted to the bottom.

Mr. Lyons has been removed to the residence of Mr. Bradshaw, and his wife telegraphed for, who arrived last night.

The Sultan's Diamonds.

A Constantinople correspondent of the Providence Journal writes: "The accounts which are given of the riches which are hoarded in the palace of the Sultan have the savor of the tales of the 'Arabian Nights.' Beyond doubt a vast deal of wealth in the form of diamonds and precious stones is accumulated there. The ostentatious display by the Shah of Persia of his wealth in this direction, on the recent tour of visitation with which he favored Europe, is well known. Among a profusion of jewels on his person he was accustomed to wear a cap heavily embroidered with diamonds and fastened at the front with a brilliant of enormous size. On the occasion when the Sultan was to receive him as his guest, the grand staircase and the corridor leading to the audience room was in anticipation of the arrival of the Shah, ordered to be laid with heavy Smyrna rugs studded all over with diamonds, emeralds and sapphires, so that the royal visitor was obliged to tread under his feet the evidences of greatness which he wore on his head. The Sultan received him as he stepped upon the staircase in a plain dress, wearing his usual simple fez of scarlet cloth, and without personal ornament of any kind. A neat bit of sarcasm for a barbarian! Any visitor at Constantinople can procure a *firman* from the Sublime Porte to visit the Imperial treasure house at the old Seraglio, where he will see more wealth in jewel-studded trinkets, diamond-mounted sword hilts, belts, scabbards, horse furniture and caparisons, cups, vases, articles of Eastern workmanship, and single stones of immense value, than would buy the crown jewels of the Tower of London twice over. A specimen of the contents of this repository in the form of a golden throne set with precious stones, and which were formerly a present from Persia, is to be sent to our Centennial Exhibition. It was one of the contributions of Turkey to the Vienna Exposition.

DAZZLING NUPTIAL CEREMONIES.

Marriage of Ex-Collector Murphy's Daughter—Cardinal McClosky Officiating in the Presence of the Papal Legation.

[N. Y. Sun.]

St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church in Twenty eighth street was last night the scene of the wedding of M. E. De Revas, of Cuba, to Miss Nellie, daughter of the Hon. Thomas Murphy, ex-senator and ex-collector of the port of New York. It is said to have been the wish of Mr. Murphy that the marriage ceremony should be celebrated as quietly and unostentatiously as circumstances would permit, and probably, with this design a view tickets of admission to the church were given with the cards of invitation. Despite the wishes, the wedding assumed a very grand and pretentious form. It had been a topic of conversation for some time, and the anxiety manifested in some circles to see the ceremony was very great. The wedding was announced for 7 o'clock, but the eager ones, with and without the requisite tickets, began to assemble fully an hour before that time. Only those who had the pasteboard passport were permitted to enter.

The spacious church soon became filled. Carriage after carriage rolled to the doors, and policemen were necessary to keep the line in order. Fully three thousand persons saw the ceremony. The altar was handsomely decorated with flowers and illuminated by candles. The front pews on either side of the centre aisle were reserved for guests in full dress, chiefly the relatives of the two families. It was rumored that President and Mrs. Grant were to be present, but they did not come. There were many influential people, there, however. Generals, judges, lawyers, artists, officers of the army and navy, government officials and politicians, were seen on every side, together with a brilliant array of metropolitan fashionables. The exposition of finery was equal, if not superior, to that of any late wedding. The display of diamonds and other precious gems was unsurpassed. Members of the Papal legation had seats in the body of the church.

At the appointed hour Cardinal McCloskey, Archbishop Bayley of Baltimore, the Rev. Father McGlynn, and several priests entered and took their respective position. In a few minutes the bridal procession filed slowly up the centre aisle, the organist playing a grand march. The procession was very beautiful, very effective, and brilliant. The ushers were followed by the bridesmaids, then came the bridegroom and Mr. Murphy, and last of all the bride, escorted by her father. Miss Murphy is entitled to the compliment of being the most beautiful bride of the season. She was charming, modest and graceful. She wore a robe of white reps silk of the finest and heaviest quality, with a full train, low corsage, and round waist. The trimming was of point lace arranged in a very ingenious and artistic manner, suggesting the name of Worth. From the traditional wreath of orange blossoms depended the bridal veil, hanging in graceful folds over the dress.

The bridesmaids appeared in white silk, the toilets illustrating the newest whims and caprices of fashion. The ceremony, although long, was impressive. The cardinal in the elegant robes of his office, the attendant priests, the illuminations, toilets of the bridal party, flowers, and music, all combined to produce one of the most beautiful and striking matrimonial *tableaux vivants* ever seen.

After the benediction the cardinal saluted the bride. Then the procession reformed and moved out to inspiriting music, the bride and bridegroom leading. There was some little delay in departing.

The line of carriages extended from Third to Fourth avenue, and from Thirtieth to Twenty-sixth steert, along Lexington avenue. Over twenty policemen were detailed along the line. The streets near the church were packed.

Collector and Mrs. Murphy gave a full-dress reception from 8 until 11 o'clock, at their residence, 38 East Thirty-ninth street. The house was thrown open in every part to accommodate the large number of invited guests. The decorations, mostly of flowers, were profuse. There was music and a bountiful supper, comprising all the delicacies in and out of season. Mr. DeRevas and bride received under a canopy of exotics. Everybody, as the saying is, was there, and all entered heartily into the spirit of the joyous occasion. The bride received hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of wedding gifts, some of the handsomest from the family of President Grant. Mr. and Mrs. DeRevas started for Washington 11 o'clock, and are to be absent on their nuptial journey about a fortnight.

United States Supreme Court Decisions.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Guissen et. al., vs. the United States, and five other cases of appeals from the court of claims. These are the cases known as the Elger cotton cases. Another question raised in the argument where whether the contracts under which the several parties claimed were forbidden by the non intercourse acts, and if not, whether by their true meaning the claimants were entitled to recover. The view taken by the court, however, renders it unnecessary to decide the former question, and the decision is confined to the latter. The cotton was raised by Elger in Wilkinson county Mississippi, in company with one Chambers; but before maturitythe latter had abandoned his interest and his title had become vested in Elger exclusively. In May, 1863, one Gordon, the authorized agent of Elger and Chambers, made an agreement with one Lobdell transferring to the latter their cotton crop, about 2,100 bales, at ten cents per pound, currency, to be delivered at the landing at Fort Adams, and to be paid for when weighed, but to be at his risk after the contract. Thirty dollars were paid on this contract. The contract stated that the cotton was to be received and shipped by a certain house in New Orleans. Lobdell then employed an agent to watch the cotton where it was stored, and it remained in his care until seized by the government. But it does not appear that there was any surrender of possession to this agent, or that there was any change of possession at all. At this time the region where the parties were was greatly disturbed by the war, and the cotton was in danger of being burnt by Confederate forces, and of capture by the United States. Under these circumstances,and it appearing that Lobdell was to furnish the material for baling and putting the cotton in a condition for delivery, and that he did not do it; and further, that the cotton was to be weighed before transfer, the court are of opinion that the contract was simply an agreement to sell, and that no title vests in Lobdell. The stipulation that the cotton was to be at the risk of Lobdell after the contracts and the payment of the thirty dollars to confirm the latter, do not make out a case of sale in the face of all the other circumstances showing the contrary. So with the contract claimed by Nutt to have been made in October, 1863. Assuming that it was not void under the non-intercourse act, it was still insufficient. It did not state what cotton was sold, nor how much, and was altogether too vague and indefinite. It was but an executory contract, and passed no property in the cotton. The result is that the title remains in Elger, and his personal representatives are entitled to the proceeds. Reversed. Justice Strong delivered the opinion. Dissenting,Justices Bradley and Hunt.

Rodd, admr. et. al., vs. Heath et. al. Appeal from the circuit court for the district of Louisiana. In this case it is decided that whilst the general maritime law is the basis of the maritime law by the United States as well as of other countries; it is only so far operative in this or any country, as it is adopted by the laws of its own. It has no inherent force of its own. In particular matters, especially such as approach a merely municipal character, the receiver of maritime law was to differ in different countries without affecting the general integrity of the system as a harmonious whole. The general system of the maritime law, which was familiar to the lawyers and statesmen of this country when the constitution was adopted, was intended and referred to when it was declared in that instrument that the power of the United States shall extend to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction. This adopted, it became the maritime law of the United States, operating uniformly in the whole country. The question as to the true limit of maritime law and admiralty jurisdiction is exclusively a judicial question, and no state law or act of congress can make it broader or narrower than the judicial power may determine those limits to be. But what the law is within these limits, assuming the general maritime law to be the basis of the system, depends upon what has been received as law in the maritime usages of the country and on such legislation as may have been competent to affect it. The decisions of this court, giving construction to the laws and constitution, are especially to be considered, and when these fail us, we must resort to the principles by which they have been governed. It is settled by repeated adjudications of the court, that material men furnishing repairs and supplies to a vessel in her home port, do not acquire thereby any lien upon the vessels by the general maritime laws of the United States, whilst it cannot be supposed that the framers of the constitution contemplated that the maritime law should forever remain unalterable, the courts cannot change it, they can only declare it. If within its proper scope any change is desired in its rules, other than those of procedure, it must be made by the legislative department. Congress under the power to regulate commerce has authority to establish a lien on vessels of the United States in favor of material men uniform throughout the whole country. In particular cases in which congress has not exercised the power of regulating commerce with which it is invested by the constitution, and where the subject does not in its nature require the exclusion of that power, the states, until congress acts, may continue to legislate upon it. Hence liens granted by the laws of a state in favor of material men for furnishing necessaries to a vessel in her home port in such state, are valid, though the contract to furnish the same is a maritime contract, and can only be enforced by proceedings in the district courts of the United States. In the state courts parties can only avail themselves of their common law remedies, or such as are equivalent thereto. Any person having a specific lien or a vested interest in a surplus fund in court may apply by petition for the protection of his interest under the forty-third admiralty rule. Separate libels were filed in 1871 against a steam boat for supplies furnished at her home port, and for the amount due on a mortgage. It held that the lien for supplies had not been perfected under the state law, and if it had been that the libels for such supplies would not be sustained prior to the recent change in the 12th admiralty rule, also that the libel upon the mortgage could not be sustained as an original proceeding, but that the mortgagees having petitioned for the surplus proceeds of the vessel, were entitled to have the same applied to their mortgage. Reversed. Justice Bradley delivered the opinion. Justice Clifford dissented.

Snagged.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

BALTIMORE, May 4.—The steamer Alhambra is ashore at Cape Sable. It was, at last accounts, landing her cargo, which was an assorted one and valued at about $50,000. She had on board 56 passengers and a crew of 32, including the officers, all of whom were safely launched. The steamer rests upon rocks, but it is thought she can be got off with assistance of a tug, her own pumps and submarine divers.

Catholic Reception in Boston.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

BOSTON, May 4.—The programme for the entertainment of the Catholic prelates who participated in the consecration ceremonies, was fully and most pleasantly carried out to day, as pre-arranged, closing with a reception by the Catholic union at Boston college this evening. Between six and seven hundred persons were present.

The Spencer Investigation.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

MOBILE, May 4.—The Spencer investigating committee here are still examining witnesses. The development is said to be rich throwing light on the outrage business, and the use of troops in Alabama. This evidence promises to be interesting and voluminous.

Postal Union.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

BERNE, May 4.—The representatives of the states belonging to the postal union ratified the treaty with France, signed subject to the consent of the assembly.

A Strike Collapsing.

(By telegraph to the Constitution.)

LONDON, May 4.—Sixty miners returned to their work on their master's terms in South Wales. Three additional deaths by the Bunkerhill disaster have been reported.

Minister Dufaure.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

PARIS, May 4.—Minister Dufaure has drawn up regulations for the senate election, members to receive the same salary as deputies.

The Pope.

(By telegraph to the Constitution.)

ROME, May 4.—The pope is again in a weak state and under treatment of physicians.

The Cholera.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

CALCUTTA, May 4.—The cholera has abated in the province of Oude.

—Chicago Times: The restless energy of his royal highness, the prince of Wales, in pursuit of pleasure, would kill a British dragon in a twelvemonth. Returning recently from the Mediterranean, whither he had been for a few days' boating, he dropped into Paris of a Saturday, dined at an English cafe with Gustav Dore, who took him to the Gaite theatre to see an opera of Offenbach's. Between the acts he called on Queen Isabella and her daughters. Next day, Sunday of course, he saw two plays at the theatre, which he left to take part in the house warming of M. Andrie, a bachelor, with a new palace upon a boulevard. All the beauties of Napoleon's time were present, and youth was there in the person of American maidens, whose mammas were not so scrupulous as the French, who object to maiden's calls at bachelors' homes. Enjoying himself until one o'clock, the prince hastened to a ball given in his honor by the Duke Larochefoucauld Bissaccia, at whose house he remained until four o'clock in the morning. On Tuesday he was in London with the princess, opening a new school.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POSTPONED

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff in the following case, to-wit: MARSHALL M. BLACKBURN versus WILLIAM S. BATTLE. I have levied upon, as the property of defendant, lots numbers 368, 369, 423, 425, 440, 441, 447, and 5½ acres of lot 496, all in the 4th district and 3d section of Bartow county, Georgia, each lot containing 40 acres, more or less, and will sell the same, at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JUNE NEXT, between the lawful hours of sale. Property pointed out in plaintiff's attorney. Dated at Atlanta, Ga., [illegible] WILLIAM H. SMYTH, United States Marshal.
may4—d1aw5w

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA HOUSES.

CANDY & CRACKER MANUFACTORY, G. W. Jack, Whitehall street.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE — McNaught & Scrutchins, Whitehall st.

PRODUCE and Commission Merchant—R. J. Griffin, No. 60 Decatur street, Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry & Butter.

COMMISSION Merchants and Grocers—McDaniel & Gilreath, 117 Whitehall st.

MANUFACTURER OF BURIAL CASES, M. Cargile, No. 9 Ivy street.

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY—B. F. Moore, President, cor. Broad and Alabama sts.

LIQUORS, Champagne, Cider, etc., T. F. Grady, 22 Alabama st., near Ga. Depot.

STOVES and Housefurnishing Goods—F. M. Richardson, 82 Whitehall street.

CLOTHING—W. B. LOWE & CO., Whitehall street.

MERCHANT TAILORING—[illegible], No. 4 Peachtree st., imported goods only.

MEAT MARKET AND DAIRY—B. C. Sawtell, 108 Whitehall street.

JEWELRY AND AGENT for ARUNDEL Spectacles—Er Lawshe, Whitehall st.

PHOTOGRAPHS—SMITH & MOTES, 32 Whitehall street.

OILS AND FINE GROCERIES—Jno. T. Hagan & Co., 114 Whitehall street.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY—A. J. Ford, corner Pryor and Line streets.

DYE HOUSE—JAMES LOCHREY, Hunter street.

RESTAURANT—THOMPSON'S, James' Bank Block.

J. M. BORN, JR., & CO., AGENTS FOR Coal Creek and Soddy Creek Coal, corner Broad and Alabama streets.

HOTELS.

READ HOUSE, CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE. If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House. W. M. LEWIS, W. G. GANT, } Clerks. june28—dtf

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—dtf

B. F. COLLINS, PROPRIETOR OF the DAWSON HOTEL, Dawson, Georgia, thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The traveling public will find this establishment, under the present management, a first-class hotel. dec6-dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Papot & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its departments. july5-dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL.
PYE HOUSE,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA
By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER.
RATES OF BOARD:
Per day ... $2 00
Per week ... 10 00
Single meal ... 50
Single lodging ... 50
Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodations superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN, Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel, Mrs. JULIA D. THWEATT, Late of Columbus, Ga. sep18—dtf

KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA, GA.—J. Q. A. Lewis, Proprietor of the above house, with W. M. Lewis as Clerk, announce to their friends, and the public, that everything is in first-class condition, and that no expense or attendance shall be spared in giving satisfaction to all guests. nov21—dtf

THE COUCHE HOUSE, Kingston, Ga., W. F. Roberson, Proprietor—would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious hotel is now open for the reception of visitors. He is prepared to accommodate several families. Board and lodging—rooms well furnished—$25 per month. Summer visitors would do well to give him a call. dec30-dtf

RICHMOND HOUSE, NEAR DEPOT, and Branch House on Public Square, GAINESVILLE, GA. The Great Summer Resort for Health. Clean and comfortable beds, good and bountiful fare, prompt and polite attention. Free transportation for guests and baggage to either house from the Street Cars. Rates of Board, per month, $30; per day, $2; single meal, 50 cents. HUNT & BRO., Proprietors, Formerly of Southwest Georgia. may2—dtf

NORCROSS HOTEL.
SUPPER HOUSE.
BY MR. AND MRS. J. G. TRAMMELL.
Board, per day ... $2 00
Board, per month ... $25 to $30 00
Single meals ... 75 cents
jan1—dtf

GAINESVILLE HOTEL, GAINESVILLE, Georgia. If you desire first-class accommodation be sure to stop at this house. J. J. Gaines, Proprietor. F. L. Hunter, Clerk, formerly of the New Orleans Hotel, New Orleans, La. jan31—d3m

BROWN'S HOTEL,
E. E. BROWN & SON, Proprietors,
MACON, GEORGIA.
Opened January 1st, 1856.
BOARD ... $3 PER DAY.
E. E. Brown & Son, Proprietors of this popular Hotel, would inform their numerous friends that on and after the first day of September next the rates will be reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY.
The Proprietors would respectfully return their grateful thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to the house for near twenty years, and assure their many friends that we will use our best endeavors for the future to give the same satisfaction that we have in the past. Every attention given to ladies and families, and large rooms always ready for commercial travelers visiting Macon. Respectfully,
aug30-dtf E. E. BROWN & SON.

NELMS HOUSE, GRIFFIN, GEORGIA, BY MRS. A. M. NELMS. Near Passenger Depot. Rates of Board per day, $2 50; Single Meal, 75 cents. [dec11-tf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture. A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. F. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4-dtf.

STOP AT
McCOMBS' HOTEL,
MILLEDGEVILLE, GA.
☞ Free Hack meets all trains.
apr4—dtf C. G. WILSON, Proprietor.

BURNET HOUSE,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
CONTINUES TO BE THE LEADING HOTEL IN THE CITY. New Passenger and Baggage Elevators, and all modern improvements.
Board, per day ... $4 00
SOUTHERN MERCHANTS, per day ... 3 00
DUNKLEE, SHEARS & CO., Proprietors.
mar13—d2taw2m

BOARDING HOUSES.

THE "VIRGINIA HOUSE," NEWNAN, GEORGIA. Will be conducted, in future, as a select boarding house. Prof. Wm. Wells will still attend to the wants of boarders or guests. E. C. YANCEY.

BOARDERS WANTED—MRS. E. A. Jones, 53 Broad street, up stairs. Boarding and Lodging. Rates reasonable. Fare good. apr29—d1m

STOP AT THE RICHMOND HOTEL, near depot, or at Richmond House on public square, GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA. Street carsmeet all trains and convey guests to either house free of charge. HUNT & BRO., Gainesville, Ga. feb9—dtf

TRAVELERS,
And those desiring Good Board, can be accommodated by stopping at MRS. C. S. DORSEY'S BOARDING HOUSE, Broad street, ATHENS, GEORGIA. [apr4-dtf

DOCTORS.

DR. JNO. S. WILLSON, AFTER 22 years experience, tenders his services to the citizens of Atlanta. Office hours, 7 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1, and from 3 to 4 p. m. Office rooms, Nos. 6 and 8 in Powell building, junction of Peachtree and Broad streets—entrance from both sides. Residence 33 Forsyth street. mar21—d3m

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc., Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 9 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. [illegible]

THE DIXIE PUMP.

G. L. GREESON, Manufacturer of the Dixie Pump, the best and cheapest wooden Pump now made. It is a Southern production, of Southern material. Liberal inducements offered to the trade. Send for price list. Address, G. L. GREESON, Charlotte, N. C. [illegible]

ODD FELLOWS' DIRECTORY.

CENTRAL LODGE, No. 28, meets every Tuesday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. FRANK T. RYAN, N. G. T. A. GRAMLING, Secretary.

BARNES LODGE, No. 53, meets every Friday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. JOHN B. LANGLEY, N. G. THOS. J. BUCHANAN, Secretary.

CAPITOL LODGE, No. 60, meets every Thursday night, in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Broad and Mitchell streets. JOHN B. GOODWIN, N. G. G. H. GILBREATH, Secretary.

SCHILLER LODGE, (German) No. 70, meets every Monday night, in Knights of Pythias Hall, Peachtree street. A. ABRAHAM, N. G. MOSES ADLER, Secretary.

EMPIRE ENCAMPMENT, No. 12, meets the 2d and 4th Wednesday nights in each month, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. J. A. GRAMLING, C. P. W. R. BARROW, Scribe.

MIRIAM LODGE, D. of R., meets the first Wednesday in each month, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street. J. D. HOLMES, N. G. J. C. WATKINS, Secretary.

LAWYERS.

WM. B. GUERRY. DUPONT GUERRY.
GUERRY & SON, ATTORNEYS AT Law and Solicitors in Equity, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of Sumter, Schley, Macon, Dooley, Lee, Terrell, Webster and Marion counties; in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts at Savannah. dec13, '74—d1yr

L. T. DOWNING, ATTORNEY AND Solicitor. Practicing in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks' drug store, Columbus, Georgia. mar10,'75—d12m

W. S. JOHNSON, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. June 5, 1874—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—d1y

HENRY D. CAPERS, ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. Office—No. 30 Kimball House. nov7—dtf

HENRY L. PATTERSON, ATTORNEY at Law, Cumming, Forsyth county, Georgia. Will practice in all the Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit, except Cobb. Special attention given to looking after Wild Lands and to the collection of claims. april, 1875—d12m

DUNCAN H. BURTS, ATTORNEY AT Law, Columbus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States at Savannah. mar10,'75—d6m

A. C. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. may24—d1y

D. D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT Law, Acworth, Cobb county, Georgia. Collections a specialty. sep6, '74—d9m

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Printup. june9—d1y

JASPER N. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. july18—d1y

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections. june20—d1y

T. C. BATTLE, Attorney at Law, Senoia, Coweta county, Ga. Will practice in the courts of Coweta, Fayette, Spalding, Meriwether and Clayton. Special attention given to collections. june11—dtf

J. L. DOYAL, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Ga. Will practice in Clayton and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. june11—d12m

T. J. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rising Fawn, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade and Walker. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Refers, by permission, to Larkin Payne, Rising Fawn, Ga.; Rev. S. Cross, Rising Fawn, Ga.; A. D. Ditman, New York City, N. Y.; W. P. Rathburn, President First National Bank, Chattanooga, Tennessee. mar27, 1875—d6m

A. C. GARLINGTON. J. D. ALEXANDER.
GARLINGTON & ALEXANDER, ATtorneys at Law, Griffin, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the United States District Court at Savannah and Atlanta, and elsewhere by agreement. Office in Cunningham building. feb24—d3m

WM. A. TIGNER, ATTORNEY AT Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Office in D'Vaughn's building, up-stairs. Will practice in the counties of Clayton, Henry and Fayette. jan16, '75—d1y

B. M. TURNER. A. A. MURPHEY.
TURNER & MURPHEY, ATTORNEYS at Law, Barnesville, Georgia. Refer to the Barnesville Savings Bank; Powell & Murpheys; Stafford, Blalock & Co.; W. R. Murphey & Co., Barnesville, Ga.; and Farley, Powell & Co., Savannah, Georgia. jan13, '75—d1y

J. A. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15, '75—d1y

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—d1y

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—d1y

J. L. JANES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Dawson, Georgia. Will practice in the Pataula and Albany Circuits. Elsewhere by special contract. Refer to Col. E. Y. Clarke, Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Rev. R. W. Warren. apr4, '57—d6m

BENJ. W. BARROW. HENRY W. BARROW.
BARROW & BARROW, LAWYERS, Milledgeville, Georgia. Will practice the Courts of Middle Georgia, and attend regularly the courts of Hancock, Washington, Wilkinson and Putnam. January 1, 1875—d1yr

H. P. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, LaFayette, Walker county, Georgia. Will pay prompt attention to the collection of claims and all business entrusted to his care in the several Courts for the counties of Walker, Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade, Floyd, Gordon and Whitfield. Refers, by permission, to W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. C. D. McCutchen, Judge Superior Court, Cherokee Circuit, Dalton; Ga., Hon. J. W. H. Underwood, Judge Superior Court, Rome Circuit, Rome, Georgia. mar26, 1875—d6m

DANIELS, PRINTUP, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rome, Georgia. Will practice in the United States and Superior Courts of the State. may3, 1875—d1y

HACKS.

GAINESVILLE AND DAHLONEGA HACK LINE. Leaves Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.
Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train. Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to Porter's Springs or other points, upon reasonable terms. aug31—dtf

BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA. F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.
☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☞ First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. july 4-d1y

DENTISTS.

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 50 North Broad, junction of Luckie and Peachtree streets, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. jan 11-tf

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7-dtf

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 6 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. [illegible]

KNIGHTS OF JERICHO, THROUGHout all parts of Georgia, residing in places where there is no Lodge of the above named Order, will confer a favor by putting themselves, as soon as possible, in communication with HOKE SMITH, G. C., Atlanta, Georgia. [illegible]

DRY GOODS, SHOES, &c.

JOHN KEELY'S

Extraordinary Bargains

FOR THE PEOPLE.

2,000 Real Silk Parasols, 40c and 50c each, worth $1 25 to $1 75 each.
1,200 Fine All Silk Sun Shades, large size 65c each, worth $2 00 each.
5,000 Yards Choice Jaconet Edgings and Insertions, at less than half price.
200 Pieces Choice Yard-wide Percales, 12½c per yard, worth 20c per yard.
100 Pieces Choice Striped Victoria Lawns, 25c per yard, selling everywhere else at 50 cents per yard.
50 Pieces Guipure and Revere Striped White Lawns, (fine goods) 25c per yard, worth 60 cents per yard.
Everything made in Sash Ribbons, from 20c per yard up to the best grades at 90c.
500 dozen fine Linen Napkins and Doylies, from 60c per dozen up.

Domestics, Sheetings, &c.

Bleached and Brown Domestics, in every standard brand made, at manufacturers' prices. Call and see them. No profit asked on this class of goods.

House-Furnishing Goods.

Choice all Linen Table Damasks, from 50c per yard, Bleached. Choice three-quarter Bleached, from 75c yard.
Novelties in Turkey Red, Green and Gold, and other Fancy Table Damasks. Towels, Towelings, Glass Cloths, &c., in every grade made. Prices correspondingly low.
Everything made in Linen Goods, from Hall and Stair Cloths up to the finest texture.
The largest stock of Bed Quilts, Spreads, &c., ever brought to Atlanta.

Dress Goods.

Elegant Black Grenadines, Silk and Wool, from 50c per yard upward. Solid Colored Silks at every price and in every shade. The largest line of Black Silks in the city, at prices commencing with $1 per yard for a good gros grain Dress Silk. An immense variety of Stripes and Checks in Spring Silks. Everything desirable in Spring Dress Goods, from 10c. per yard up to the finest made.
20 pieces Black Alpaca at 50c per yard (to which especial attention is called. 50 pieces finer grades proportionately good value for their respective prices.

HOSIERY

An immense Job Lot of Hosiery, embracing Misses', Ladies' and Men's Goods, of the very best English makes, for sale lower than cost of importation. Everything made in regular hosiery on hand.

WHITE GOODS.

An inspection of the goods in this department is earnestly solicited, at Victoria Lawns, Swiss, Nainsooks, in Plain, Striped and Checked, Tarlatans, Mulls, Jaconets, &c., will sold at prices never before named for similar goods.

CASSIMERES, &c.

Everything in Broadcloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Jeans, &c., for Men's and Boys' wear, from 20c per yard up to the finest made.

FANCY GOODS.

The choicest line of Ladies' Silk Ties, Lace Veils, Fichus, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Fancy Buttons of every description. Goods for Veils in every style and grade. Sleeves, Lace Barbes, Fans, etc., which it has ever been my fortune to offer.

SHOES.

Everything in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes. The work guaranteed. No shoddy goods kept, but everything in this line made especially for me. Sold at short profits, and purchasers may rely on getting the best goods made.

TRUNKS, &c.

Ladies' Trunks in the newest styles, and 500 Ladies' Satchels at half price.
Lace Sacques and Points in every grade.
The best line of DRESS GOODS at from 25c to 60c per yard, ever offered in the city, at
JOHN KEELY'S,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
adr11—dtf

GROCERIES, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

1859. ESTABLISHED. 1859.

McMILLAN & SNOW,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Produce & Provisions
WHOLESALE HOUSE,
No. 11 FORSYTH STREET, NEAR STATE CAPITOL.
FANCY GROCERY HOUSE.
25 Marietta Street, next DeGive's Opera House.

WE HAVE IN STORE, 11 FORSYTH STREET, AND TO ARRIVE, AND OFFER TO THE TRADE AT LOW CASH PRICES:
35,000 pounds Bacon,
3,000 bushels Corn,
200 barrels Flour,
50 barrels N. O. Syrup,
40 barreles Molasses,
10 barrels Extra Choice Drips,
40 bags Choice Coffee,
25 tierces Leaf Lard,
50 barrels assorted Sugars,
100 barrels P. B. Potatoes,
50 half barrels Mackerel,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
Also, a full line of CHOICE GROCERIES—STAPLE AND FANCY—at No. 25 Marietta Street.
apr24—dsun&tues1m McMILLAN & SNOW

BOOTS & SHOES.

ONE HUNDRED

Cases of Boots and Shoes received from bankrupt sale of Howes, Hyatt & Co., consisting in a variety of grades and styles for Men,

Women & Children,

all first-class goods, which I will sell to cash customers who have

BURIED

the credit system and pay cash as they go, at about one-half the usual price. To country merchants and retail customers who are

ALIVE

to the fact, that cash purchase can be made from fifteen to twenty per cent. cheaper

IN ATLANTA.

than goods bought on thirty days time, I offer special inducements. To Shoe and Harness-makers, who read this, I would say that I never had a larger or more varied stock of Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather, Harness Leather, Upper Leather, French and American Calf Skins, Shoe Findings and Shoe Makers' Tools. Twenty-four years experience in the Boot, Shoe and Leather business in Atlanta, coupled with the facilities a large Cash Capital can give, enables me to offer to merchants and my retail customers, a stock worth the attention of all; and I hereby extend to all an invitation to call, examine and price my goods, which are sold at HARD TIME PRICES. Orders from a distance filled with promptness and care, at *lowest* cash prices.
apr21—dtf I. T. BANKS, 67 Whitehall St.

J. H. VAN STAVOREN,
Portrait Painter,
HAS REMOVED HIS STUDIO TO 40½ Peachtree street, corner of Wheat over Power's store, where he will be pleased to see his patrons. apr13—d1mo

CLOTHING.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

TIMES ARE HARD
— AND —
Money is Scarce!

We have, therefore, REDUCED THE PRICE of our CLOTHING, so as to insure QUICK SALE. We will give the prices of a few.
Cass. Suits for $ 7 50 ... worth $12 00
" " " 8 50 ... " 13 50
" " " 10 00 ... " 15 00
" " " 12 50 ... " 18 00
We commend these goods especially to those wanting

Business Suits,

to call early, as we have only about 100 Suits in all. Our FINER CLOTHING are offered at the same reasonable prices.
PLEASE CALL AT THE
Gate City Clothing Store.
A. & S. ROSENFELD'
58 Whitehall Street.
may1—d3t

SHADINES.

FIVE years since, after previous years of experience in the propagation and preservation of SHADINES, or young SHAD, we first introduced our fish to the American people. SHADINES are put up in hermetically sealed tin boxes, perfectly boneless, in a mild, pleasing, appetizing sauce, palatable to all, free from oil (so objectionable in sardines,) retaining only the natural richness of the Shad, and ready for the table at all times—for dinner, lunch or evening meal—by merely opening the box. Many parties having been deceived into buying American Club Fish *alias* Ocean Trout by their having been represented to them as being the same as Shadines, therefore, bear in mind, we are the original and only packers of SHADINES, and every genuine box has the letters H. & C., pressed on each box.
HOOPE & CO., 76 Warren street, New York.
Wholesale Depot: McGRATH & COMPTON, 103 Poydras Street, New Orleans.
april1—d1m

PALMER HOUSE,
CHICAGO.
The Largest and Best-Furnished House in the World. ENTIRELY FIRE-PROOF. PRICES REDUCED.
150 Rooms with board, $3 00 per day.
[illegible]
Cost of Building, $3,000,000; Furniture, $350,000. apr28—d4w

CLOSING OUT SALES.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

DAMAGED GOODS

— TO-DAY THE —

Closing Out Sale!

WILL COMMENCE AT

COHEN & SELIG'S

On Mitchell Street.

Second door from the corner. The stock consists of all kinds

Dry Goods,
Cassimeres,
Jeans,
Clothing.
— AND A —
FULL LINE OF SHOES.

These goods are all new; in fact, most of them have not been in stock more than a few days. People in want of anything in the above line would do well to inspect this stock and buy what they need for the next six months. Remember, they

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE.

without reserve, and the greatest bargains are offered for you at

COHEN & SELIG'S,

Mitchell Street, near W. H. Brotherton's.

N. N.—Having received a great many

CLOTHING

which were intended for our store which has since burned down, we are offering great bargains in our Clothing House, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets.

COHEN & SELIG.
april7—dtf

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
Goes into effect Sunday, Jan. 10th, 1875.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.	
Leave Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrive Kingston	11 39 a m
Arrive Dalton	1 40 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	3 50 p m
Leave Chattanooga	5 15 a m
Arrive Dalton	7 28 a m
Arrive Kingston	9 23 a m
Arrive Atlanta	12 35 p m
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.	
Leave Atlanta	9 35 p m
Arrive Kingston	12 34 a m
Arrive Dalton	2 36 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	4 45 a m
Leave Chattanooga	4 00 p m
Arrive Dalton	5 42 p m
Arrive Kingston	7 28 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10 15 p m
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.	
Leave Atlanta	3 30 p m
Arrive Marietta	5 03 p m
Arrive Cartersville	7 17 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 05 p m
Arrive Dalton	11 55 p m
Leave Dalton	1 15 a m
Arrive Kingston	4 35 a m
Arrive Cartersville	5 31 a m
Arrive Marietta	8 06 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 50 a m

Georgia Railroad.

Night Passenger Train.	
Leaves Augusta	8 15 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 30 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 25 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 a m
Day Passenger Train.	
Leaves Augusta	4 40 a m
Leaves Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 30 p m
Covington Accommodation Train.	
Leaves Atlanta	5 00 p m
Leaves Covington	5 50 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 a m
Arrives at Covington	7 30 p m

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line R. R.

Passenger Train Eastward.	
Leaves Atlanta	7 30 p m
Leave Gainesville	10 02 p m
Leave Toccoa	12 01 a m
Leave Seneca	1 24 a m
Leave Greenville	3 21 a m
Leave Spartanburg	4 53 a m
Arrive Charlotte	8 30 a m
Passenger Train Westward.	
Leave Charlotte	7 00 a m
Arrive Spartanburg	11 03 a m
Leave Greenville	12 53 p m
Leave Seneca City	2 45 p m
Leave Toccoa	4 11 p m
Leave Gainesville	6 09 p m
Arrive Atlanta	9 10 p m

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.	
Leaves Atlanta	10 00 p m
Leaves West Point	3 08 p m
Arrives at West Point	3 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	7 10 p m

Central Railroad—Atlanta Division.

Day Passenger Train.	
Leaves Atlanta	2 05 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 27 p m
Leaves Macon	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 p m
Night Passenger and Freight Train.	
Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 45 a m
Leaves Macon	9 18 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 02 a m

On and after this date trains will not stop at West End.
☞ Central Railroad time 12 minutes ahead of Atlanta time.

Southwestern Railroad.

Eufaula Daily Mail Train.	
Leaves Macon	9 05 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	5 40 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 25 p m
Leaves Eufaula	8 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	6 00 p m
Leaves Albany	10 47 a m

Connects with the Albany Train at Smithville, and the Fort Gaines train at Cuthbert daily, except Sunday.
Albany Train connects with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Trains at Albany, and will run to Arlington on Blakely Extension Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Eufaula Night Freight and Accommodation Train.	
Leaves Macon	9 10 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	10 20 a m
Leaves Eufaula	7 25 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 a m
Columbus Mail Train.	
Leaves Macon	7 17 p m
Arrives at Columbus	12 45 a m
Leaves Columbus	2 20 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 25 p m

Making close connection with Western Railroad at Columbus for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Columbus Day Freight and Accommodation Train.	
Leaves Macon	9 20 a m
Arrives at Columbus	6 35 p m
Leaves Columbus	5 30 a m
Arrives at Macon	3 00 p m

Central Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.	
Leaves Savannah	8 45 a m
Arrives in Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon	7 15 a m
Arrives in Savannah	5 25 p m
Night Freight and Passenger.	
Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives in Macon	[illegible]
Leaves Macon	7 25 p m
Arrives in Savannah	7 15 a m
Millen Branch.	
Leaves Augusta	9 30 a m
Arrives in Millen	12 40 p m
Leaves Millen	1 10 p m
Arrives in Augusta	4 00 p m

DAILY CONSTITUTION
ATLANTA
Wednesday Morning, May 5, 1875
THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
CITY, COUNTY AND STATE.

[illegible]

General Traveling Agents:
T. M. ACTON. *B. H. PARKS*

ALEXANDER STEPHENS says the next president of the United States is now a journalist. Wrong. We are not eligible.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

BEN BUTLER tried to prevent Pierrepont's appointment. This fact will increase the confidence of the public in the new cabinet official.

GRANT turned up his nose in supreme contempt at the Mecklenburg celebraters, but Spinner, a man of infinitely more heart and infinitely greater sense, sent the managing committee a handsome contribution to help the thing along.

THE Cincinnati Commercial has lately reopened its discussions of needed congressional reforms, and says it hopes to live "to see the time when the bringing in of any deficiency bill will be met by a prompt and successful motion on the part of representatives of the people to lay the bill on the table."

THE Khedive of Egypt is making great military preparations. There are soldiers everywhere, says a correspondent, camps and drilling, and the bugle note in the air. The army is estimated at 100,000 men, and it is believed the Khedive means to annex the equatorial regions of Africa to his dominions.

SECRETARY DELANO is not the only public official who has had a bad boy. Lord Westbury, chancellor under the Palmerston-Russell administration in England from 1861 to 1865, was forced to resign because he insisted on keeping a naughty son in office. Public men will find is sound policy to keep kinsfolk away from the throttle. They are less likely to recognize their own responsibility than other dependents.

A COSMOPOLITE society is the first masonic lodge of Jerusalem, the master of which is lecturing in this country, and says that the master is an American, the past master an Englishman, the senior warden a German, the junior warden a native, the treasurer a Turk, the secretary a French man, the senior deacon a Persian, and the junior deacon a Turk. There are Christians, Mohammedans and Jews in the lodge.

THE birth of an heir to the throne of Belgium is an event not without political importance. The Salic law prevails in the country, and the only son of the king, the Prince Leopold Ferdinand, died, as will be remembered, soon after he passed out of childhood. The king's eldest daughter, who is excluded from the throne by reason of her sex, was lately married to a Saxon prince, and until April 8th the only life which stood between the king and a difficulty in the royal succession, was that of the heir presumptive, his brother, the Comte de Flandre, a man thirty-eight years of age. The countess de Flandre gave birth to a son, an event which will certainly cause much rejoicing in Belgium, and which is so far of importance to England that it removes for the present the difficulty in regard to the devolution of the crown of Belgium, which must otherwise have arisen upon the death of the present sovereign.

IT is announced that only steel rails are to be laid hereafter on the main track of the Central Pacific railroad. There is a faint suspicion in the public mind, ever since that corporation has been so slow in settling accounts with the government that its managers are not content to steal tracks, but that they would like to steal anything they could lay their hands on. It is certain that they have steeled their hearts against the demands of the merchants of the Pacific coast for reasonable transportation rates and fair play generally. Too much steal entirely.

FERNANDO WOOD says: "Nothing can beat the democratic party of 1876. They will return to power if the whole newspaper press should be against them. The republican party is not a party of duration, but a coalition of individuals for the war. That war cannot be galvanized again into an issue. I feel the absolute assurance of easy victory." Wood thinks that David Davis has very strong prospects of winning the presidential race, says that Tilden has made a genuine hit, and is inclined to the belief that the republicans will nominate Hamilton Fish, whom he thinks to be the man who has saved Grant's cabinet from contempt. He helped bring Fish into political life by indicating him to the whigs for congress in 1842. Wood says that Fish never solicited an office in his life, but always had an ambition and political success, nevertheless. I heard him praise Fish and Vanderbilt more than any persons we talked of. He also conceded to his old rival, Dan Sickles, very great powers as a municipal leader.

Baron de Waldeck.

The death of this distinguished man, at Paris, has just been announced. Passing by the African patriarchs, who claim that they are anywhere from one hundred to one hundred and fifty years old, and all those who claim, or whose friends claim for them, that they were born in some foreign country a century or two ago—passing by all such unsubstantiated claims to unusual longevity, we come to Baron Jean Frederic de Waldeck, who died the oldest man in the world, so far as the world has any positive evidence. For as to Baron de Waldeck's age there is no question or doubt whatever. He died in the 110th year of his age. He was born March 16th, 1766. Yes, 1766. He was nearly full grown when Cornwallis surrendered, and American independence became a settled fact. He was Marie Antoinette's teacher upon the harp. He was an old man, as we commonly reckon ages, when Bonaparte was in the height of his power; was personally acquainted with all the leaders of the revolution of 1789, and lived to see the entire population of France twice renewed.

This remarkable instance of prolonged life was not attained by ease, leisure, or freedom from care or hard work. On the other hand, the aged Baron was a great traveler, a clever artist, and a hard worker, down almost to the day of his death. Born in Italy of an ancient noble family, political troubles drove him to France where he devoted himself to painting and music, and enjoyed at one time a large income. In the wars that followed he was a soldier or a staff officer. For fully fifteen years he studied Mexican antiquities, and spent in all about twenty years in America. There is little of the accessible world which he had not visited. He published books that he commenced after he was one hundred years old. At no time during his long life was he inactive. He was fighting, sketching, traveling or writing all the time; and his whole career is a striking illustration of the well-known fact that activity conduces to a long life.

He retained his memory and much of his physical strength, and was a welcome guest and great favorite in artistic, musical and dramatic circles in the French capital. Said he to a reporter about a year ago: "Just think of it! Only quite recently, no more than twenty years ago, I walked every day four leagues. Well, well, my dear sir, one hardly knows how one becomes a centenarian. In a few years I hope to see the opening of the twentieth century, after having seen the end of the eighteenth, and the whole of the nineteenth." He was not quite content with his hundred and odd years. Life never loses its pleasantness, and a thousand years would not be too long for most of us.

End of the Impeachment, and Acquittal of the Accused.

At last the trial of Councilman Goodwin and Commissioner Morris has concluded. As we felt satisfied from the outset, the decision of the council did not require fifteen minutes deliberation. Indeed their minds were thoroughly made up from the testimony. In the case of Councilman Goodwin there was but one dissenting vote to his acquittal, there being ten for to one against. In Commissioner Morris' case the vote was eight for acquittal to three against, the very reverse of which would have been necessary to have found him guilty, as a two thirds vote was requisite.

Thus has this great scandal been investigated and exploded; but the damage to character has not been removed. There are too many men in every community prone to believe evil of others, and who are ready to put their faith in the guilt of others. Thus a slander travels and is seldom wholly eradicated. We therefore affirm our conviction that it is the duty of the acquitted gentlemen to present Jones before the grand jury. The general council of Atlanta upon their oaths have solemnly declared their disbelief of his sworn statements, and the protection of the character of a citizen demands that a grand jury take hold of the matter. That community is unfit to live in, where official character can be assailed by the vilest charges of corruption with utter impunity.

We congratulate the gentlemen upon their acquittal and the people of Atlanta as well.

The Tornado.

The pen sickens at the thought of dealing with this subject. Our additional accounts this morning show the loss of fifty odd lives and the wounding of sixty persons, some of whom will probably die. While the destruction of houses and stock may not be so great as the first tornado, yet this time the injury, and in some instances total destruction of the growing crops, makes a grievous additional feature.

A terrible calamity indeed has befallen our neighbors in the stricken counties. they will need some help beyond all doubt. Any contributions that may be sent us for the sufferers will be properly sent or turned over to proper authority. A greater desolation than the plague has befallen our fellow citizens—greater in its suddenness and completeness.

The Election.

To-day the people of the ninth district choose their representative in congress. This issue of THE CONSTITUTION will reach many of them before they vote, and upon them we urge the duty of an unprejudiced ballot. Do you not think that Mr. Hill will be of more service to the state than any one of his competitors? We can hardly conceive that you think otherwise, and therefore counsel you to vote according to your judgment. Throw passion and prejudice aside, and vote for the man capable of reflecting the greatest honor upon his people.

We beg the managers of election in each county to forward us the returns forthwith by the quickest method.

THE Pennsylvania papers are producing the figures that represent the cost of publishing the oratorical effusions of their legislators—not the business debates, but the set speeches that have little relation to business or anything else, except the speaker's own importance. To print such speeches cost the state $7,661. The republican leader of the house put the state to an expense of $543 to preserve his eloquence; and the figures range from this top sum of spread-eagleism all the way down to twenty-four cents. There were only three silent senators, and they are held in high esteem in the keystone state.

DUCHESNE, who has furnished Europe with a first class political sensation, is a brazier by trade. While he was full of beer he wrote to the archbishop of Cambrai that he and some companions had formed a plot to kill Prince Bismarck. The contents of this foolish beery letter became known, and from that arose the correspondence that at one time threatened the independence of Belgium, and the peace of Europe. The matter is still far from being disposed of, and the brazier may yet become a central figure in European complications.

OHIO is admitted to be the battle ground this year. The canvass in that state offers the very last hope on which the administration can rest its desperate prospects for 1876. But the Ohio republicans are in a pickle. They do not know whether it is best to accept or reject the third-term dogma, and above all they do not know who can be induced to carry their limpsey flag when old Bill Allen rises up again before the people.

"My son John" has become an important figure in federal politics. He has not been officially connected, it seems, with the interior department since June 30, 1874; and has one foot in the grave as a confirmed consumptive. And yet he is a power in Washington. The influence of "my son John" is said to be so potent that the contractors and land grabbers want it any price. What an administration this is!

MURAT HALSTEAD, who is a leader of that indefinite party, once called the Liberal Republican, but now known as the "Independent Voters," thinks that the opposing presidential candidates will be Charles Francis Adams and Thomas F. Bayard. The latter, he says, has already found favor with the New England democrats. If Mr. Halstead is a true prophet it must be admitted that the current has turned towards the old families.

MORE cases of yellow fever have appeared at Key West, and two deaths have occurred. Such weather as we have here at present would drive Yellow Jack back to the tropics forthwith, and we wish we could ship Key West a full supply of it—all of it in fact, for we are getting rather tired of wintry weather.

THE Knoxville Press says that Saturday's storm snapped a great handsome cedar in twain, that was planted by Gov. William Blount in 1796. It was just as old as the state of Tennessee, and the man who planted it was in the same year elected one of the first two senators that the state sent to Washington.

Executive Department Notes.

Mr. Thos. W. Milner has been appointed captain, Mr. W. A. Marschalk, second lieutenant of Etowah Infantry, in Bartow county.

Gerdemann.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—The trial of John W. Gerdemann, ex-Priest St. Bonifacius church for embezzlement of the church funds, commenced yesterday, the greater part of the day taken up with arguments of counsel. As the accused and wife left the court house they were received with jeers from some and cheers from others.

Weather.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, May. 4.—For south Atlantic and eastern Gulf states rising barometer, southeast winds, threatening and rainy weather, with slight change in temperature.

THE NINTH DISTRICT.

Hill at Madison.

Large Crowd and Enthusiastic Reception.

[Special to The Constitution.]

MADISON, Tuesday, May 4.

Hon. B. H. Hill spoke here to day. Judge Tompkins, of Savannah, who is presiding in Morgan, adjourned court at 10½ o'clock. When it was announced at 11 o'clock that Mr. Hill was up for the purpose of addressing his fellow citizens of the county, one of the largest and most enthusiastic crowds we have seen since the war assembled in the court house. Quite a number were present who had not been seen at a public gathering for years.

Mr. Hill began to speak a little after 11 o'clock and spoke for one hour and forty minutes. I will only say of his address that it was one of unusual ability, convincing and winning, entirely satisfactory to the large audience and was calculated to win many to his support.

He was introduced to the audience by Judge Reese. When Mr. Hill left the court room for the cars a band, composed of colored musicians, went to the train and serenaded him. A large number of colored voters will support him. Old Morgan is enthusiastic, fully aroused and will give a good account of herself to-morrow.

Mr. Hill went up to Atlanta in the afternoon and will go up the Air-Line railroad to-night, and will address the citizens of Gwinnett county at Lawrenceville on Wednesday. R.

SUICIDE.

A Merchant of Conyers Shoots Himself.

[Augusta Telegram to Constitution.]

AUGUSTA, GA., May 4.—Robert C. Mayfield, of Conyers, Ga., shot himself in the head with a pistol. Mayfield was, until recently, a member of the firm of S. Mayfield & Son. Dissipation the cause.

THE GREAT SCANDAL.

Mrs. Tilton's Communication to Judge Neilson and His Reply.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

BROOKLYN, May 4.—Judge Neilson—I ask the privilege from you for a few words in my own behalf. I feel very deeply the injustice of my position in the law and before the court now sitting, and while I have understood and expected from the beginning, Mr. Evarts principle in the matter, yet since your last decision, I have been so sensible of the power of my enemies that my soul cries out before you and the gentlemen, to beware how by a divided verdict they consign to my children a false and irrevocable stain upon their mother. For five years past I have been the victim of circumstances most cruel, and unfortunate struggling from time to time, only for a place to live honorably and truthfully, released for some months from the will by whose power unconsciously I criminated myself again and again. I declare before you without fear of man or by faith in God that I am innocent of the crimes that are charged against me. I would like to tell my whole sad story; truthfully to acknowledge the frequent falsehoods wrung from me by compulsion, though at same time unwilling to reveal the secret of my married life, which only the vital importance of my position makes necessary. I assume the entire responsibility of this request, unknown to friend or counsel of either side, and await upon your honor's honorable decision. With great respect,

ELIZABETH R. TILTON.

THE JUDGE'S REPLY.

BROOKLYN, May 4, 1875.

Mrs. Tilton—I am directed by Chief Judge Neilson to return to you your letter, as it cannot be read in court. Also to state that in civil cases the counsel have the right to refrain from calling particular witnesses, however competent, and that neither the court nor the client can interfere with the exercises of that right.

The judge also instructs me to say that question, whether you could be a witness, stands on quite another ground from that considered when your husband was called and sworn. He was a competent witness in his own behalf against a third person, a defendant, and while the policy of this law was to some extent involved, there was no express statute in the way; but the statute of May 10th, 1867, expressly declares the wife to be incompetent as a witness for or against her husband.

Yours respectfully.

(Signed.) GEO. W. KNAEBEL,
Clerk City Court.

The Civil Rights Bill.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Judge Morrills, of the United States district court for the eastern district of Texas, in his charge to the grand jury to-day, reviewed the civil rights law, and expressed the opinion that all persons have a legal right to have board and lodging at inns, transportation on steamers, railroads or stages, and entrance into theatres, while they do not thereby acquire any social right to hold that a conductor of a railroad train cannot assign a special car to ladies and children and their attendants to the exclusion of all other persons, provided the other passengers are furnished with other cars with all necessary facilities for traveling would, he says, be to stab social rights, privileges and immunities. Therefore, my views of the act is that it was not intended to affect social rights through civil and legal rights. In conclusion the judge said said that if it should be made to appear that any inn-keeper, manager of a theatre or transportation agent had refused proper facilities to any one on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude, the grand jury would have authority to find a true bill against such person.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 4.—Judge Brooks, of the United States district court, in charging the grand jury to-day, decided that the civil rights bill in its criminal aspect, which was the only shape in which it could come before the grand jury, was unconstitutional and void.

Mutiny on Ship-Board.

(By Telegraph to the Constitution.)

LONDON, May 4.—Schooner Jefferson Borden, Patterson master, sailed from New Orleans on March 5th, for London. When 18 degrees from the former port, a mutiny broke out among the crew. Captain Patterson and his officers fought the men with their revolvers and knives, and after a terrible conflict in which the first and second mates were killed, the captain succeeded in disabling and securing all the men who resisted. He hailed passing vessels and obtained a sufficient number of hands to work the ship, and proceeded on his voyage to London.

The mutineers seized an opportunity to carry out their plot when on watch with the first mate and a boy. The men gagged the latter, and striking the mate from behind fractured his skull. The second mate coming to the rescue was seized and thrown overboard alive. The boy in the meantime had got free and alarmed the captain, who came up from the cabin armed with two revolvers and commenced firing with effect. One mutineer received seven bullets; and another was wounded in the stomach. He was reported dying, but may live until the vessel reaches London.

Washington Items.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Lester Markholm has been re-appointed postmaster of Madison, Georgia.

Beesides the cases under the enforcement acts from Louisiana and Kentucky, which had been argued, the supreme court left over for decision until another term, a granger case from Minnesota; McIrooth, receiver of the Southern Minnesota Railroad company vs. Coleman; three commercial cases—two from New York and one from Tennessee; two patent cases, also from New York.

Senor Antonio Mantilla, who represented the Spanish republic here as minister plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary, to-day presented his credentials to the president as representative of the king of Spain. The usual congratulatory addresses were made.

THE TORNADO.

Additional Information.

News From All the Devastated Counties.

Some Terrible Scenes and Thrilling Incidents.

Houses Lifted Bodily Into the Air.

Forests Prostrated Like Reeds.

Heroism of a Young Girl.

(By Telegraph, Mail and Exchange to The Constitution.)

In addition to our telegrams and reports of yesterday we present this morning supplemental accounts, showing more completely the damage done, the direction and sweep of the terrible storm fiend. We gave yesterday its direction—from west to east—and below it will be seen where it started From Alabama into Georgia, and across it into North Carolina, the tornado passed in a few hours—about two and a half. The breadth of the devouring wind was from a half to three quarters of a mile.

In Alabama.

[Columbus Enquirer.]

The cyclone evidently moved from above Opelika in Harris and Talbot counties, Ga., for it was first observed three miles above Opelika.

We have reports of its track from Good Water, the terminus of the Savannah & Memphis railroad, to West Point. Nearly everything in its track, which was about one-quarter of a mile wide, is demolished.

Near Good Water a lady was killed and her husband is not expected to live.

The principal sufferers near Oak Bowery, are Abner Allen (brother of Major A. M Allen), who had all his fencing and houses destroyed, except his dwelling, and that seriously damaged. Two negroes killed and two badly injured.

D. Hightower's houses, mill and fencing were all destroyed, and one horse killed.

T. J. Williamson's mill was destroyed.

J. T. Harris' (state Senator from Lee) got house, barns, fencing and negro cabins destroyed.

Fletcher Tucker, Wm. Tucker, Washburn, Ferguson, Menifee, and many others whose names are not remembered, had everything demolished.

FORCE OF THE WIND.

Parties report that large trees, two feet in diameter, were torn up by the roots and carried several hundred yards.

When the cyclone dipped down, even the grass and surface of the earth, down to the clay, were torn up, and large trees twisted off at their roots. Buggies and wagons were carried away, and much stock killed.

WEST POINT, May 4th, 1875.

Editors Constitution:—In addition to the account of the cyclones that I have already given, there are other facts, though painful to relate, yet your readers want to know the worst, however disastrous it may be. The most fatal one passed south of this place and

CROSSED THE CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER

at Houston's ferry. From thence it traveled amost in an easterly direction, sweeping everything in its course, from the smallest stalk of wheat to the largest object that offered any resistance. Those who lived in reach of its fury suffered terribly.

After laying in waste the entire buildings of Mr. Collins, it passed on in rapid speed uprooting all vegetation, demolishing the houses belonging to Mrs. Billingslea, but occupied by negroes, and leaving the inhabitants almost as bare as were Adam and Eve in the garden of Eden. Onward it marched, bringing low the gin house of Mrs. Cotton, then visiting Mr. Cal Davis, dropping a sad memento hurrying to Judge Spence, we find the same sad story, not sparing even the house of God, the Beach Spring Church, tumbling the majestic trees of the forest, winds its was to the mountain, where we at present lose sight of its unearthly career.

The one that passed within a mile and a quarter of West Point was visible to many of our citizens. The descriptions given of it are varying and interesting. Some describe it as

A LOFTY SCENE

offstock, wagons, buggy wheels all flying in the air like so many leaves in a whirlwind.

Murray's mills was blown down and a mule killed. A negro also lost his life, his throat being cut by a plank.

Mrs. Winn suffered immensely, losing everything she owned. Herself and daughters all suffered bodily injury. One of her daughters was

LODGED IN AN APPLE TREE.

The scene is too heart-rending to say more. The neighbors are nobly assisting those who suffered, by aiding in every conceivable manner.

In cases of this kind, news spread rapidly and frequently erroneous, as in the case of Hal Moss. I stated in my last that he lost all his stock except one. I am glad to say that he lost only four. Fortunately for himself and family, and for others who live in Harris county, when the storm was seen coming,

A CITY OF REFUGE

was at hand. In time of no such storms, cellars had been dug, and to these are indebted the preservation of many precious lives. Mrs. Moss was slightly injured before she reached the cellar. I hope I may never chronicle such another scene. Surely this portion of Georgia has borne her share. We raise our hands and say, enough.

S.

In Harris County.

[Columbus Times.]

The tornado seems to have entered Harris county at Collins' ferry, on the Chattahoochee river. Before this time it is supposed that it was merely a strong wind. Its course was directly from west to east. The first place is struck, so far as known, was that of Mr. Hal Moss. Fortunately the family took refuge in a cellar and were all saved. The whole place was a scene of desolation, and it is remarkable that no lives were lost.

At this point the cyclone crossed the mountain, directly north of Hamilton. It seems to have been characterized by all the peculiarities of its predecessor. A citizen saw it about four miles from Hamilton. It crossed the mountain where the North & South railroad track reaches that locality. The roaring sound of the tornado could be distinctly heard five minutes before it came. This enabled the people to seek refuge in ditches, and thus the lives of many were saved. The roaring of Murrah's mill prevented the negroes there at work from hearing the approach of danger, and consequently several lives were lost, and some of those who escaped were badly wounded. On Mr. R. B. Mobley's place a number of cabins were destroyed. The gin-house was blown away, and a general havoc made of the fencing on the place. Mr. S. P. Grant lost several houses. Jesse Roberts, Esq, a very old man, lost all his outhouses. His frame dwelling was saved, but several shed rooms were torn away from it. Mr. Morgan Murrah lost his dwelling and outhouses, and all of his provisions were destroyed. His family fled to an old field on hearing the approach of the tornado, and were thus saved. Mr. W. C. Davis' houses were torn to pieces and the timbers scattered far and wide. He and his wife and child were badly injured by the falling planks. Mr. R. G. Hood lost his blacksmith shop, his gin-house, and all out-houses. They were completely destroyed. His dwelling escaped. At Mr. M. H. Spence's place the desolation was terrible. Three negroes were killed. All the out houses were destroyed, the dwelling unroofed, and three rooms torn off. The forest around was torn to pieces and made a scene of destruction.

Beech Spring church, just in front of Mr. Spence's house, was blown down, and several negroes who were in and near it were badly wounded. Mr. John A. Middlebrook's gin house and other out houses were completely destroyed. * * *

The tornado crossed Mountain creek no less than six times. * * * * *

The loss in Harris and Talbot is not as large as that which resulted from the tornado of March, but the destruction of farms, forests and fencing is very general. Crops have suffered considerably, and many of the farmers are almost made prostrate by this blow.

In Talbot County.

The tornado struck Talbot county, at the place of J. D. Meyer, about 3:30 o'clock P. M. Here it destroyed all the timber on the land it passed over, made a complete wreck of fencing and demolished all the grain crop.

The last four places mentioned were in the track of the tornado of March, and almost everything left by it was destroyed.

The storm next passed Sim Deloach's plantation. A white boy and a negro were in an old field; they lay flat on the ground to save themselves; a sill from a house near by was blown upon them; the negro was killed outright and the white boy was severely wounded.

Mr. M. V. Wilson lost all of his houses. His wife was severely wounded, and he suffered slight injuries.

W. P. Crawford's place was badly damaged.

All the houses on the place of Mr. Jas. M. Weaver were blown to pieces. Timbers were carried a considerable distance, and the whole place was laid waste. Mr. Weaver was badly hurt. A negro on the place was killed, and several were badly wounded.

Two churches and an academy were blown down at Valley Grove.

Dr. Owens' place, near by, was occupied by Rev. J. J. Harris. He and his family had been to church. They were all in the kitchen eating dinner when the tornado reached the place; the kitchen was blown down. A young man named Kendrick, and a young lady named Kennedy, were killed. Among the white persons wounded here were two daughters of Mr. Jas W. Weaver, whose place was damaged as stated above. Eleven persons are known to have been killed in Talbot county. The destruction of crops is general and distressing. Great want prevails in the section of country through which the storm passed.

In Houston.

Fort Valley was visited by the tornado. The damage to property was very great. All the houses on L. B. Luster's place, and all the buildings except the dwelling on the Bird place, owned by E. Fagan and occupied by Mr. Goodwin, were destroyed. A portion of the dwelling on the Hugh Allen place was blown down, severely wounding Mrs. King, Mrs. McGriff and Miss McGriff. Mrs. King has since died; she was the wife of Elder A. King, late of Tennessee. All the outbuildings on this place were also destroyed. George W. Allen's mill house was blown down, some of the shingles being carried over a mile. All the buildings on Mack Thompson's place except the dwelling were swept away.

All the negro houses and outbuildings on Jim Hill's and Mrs. Wynn's places were destroyed. Very little fencing is left standing, and vast quantities of timber is uprooted and broken off. Gardens and crops of corn and cotton that was up, will in many instances have to be replanted.

(Augusta Constitutionalist.)

It came from the west of us, beyond Jonesboro, in Clayton county, may be from beyond West Point and the Chattahoochee. Passing through Clayton county with local damage, now not ascertained, it entered Henry county and traversed it with remarkable devastation as reported. Edging Rockdale, a small new county, it demolished the dwelling and outhouses of Mr. Thomas Oglesby, killing cows, horses and hogs, and injuring fencing and destroying trees on his place. The limits of Newton county were entered at Judge Joseph Regan's, on South river, blowing everything away in its path.

In Newton County.

A white man and two negroes are reliably reported to have been killed here, and Mr. Treadway, living on Cotton creek, to have been caught up and carried away and to be yet missing in spite of search. Widow Holloway's house was blown down and that lady very terribly wounded, several of her ribs being broken and torn from her back by falling timbers, and several of Mr. W. F. Harden's children were seriously hurt. Mrs. E. M. Melton was badly injured by broken rafters.

At Rutledge.

It struck the right end of the town at Dr. J. J. Montgomery's residence, tearing it all to pieces, not leaving an outhouse nor a panel of fence on his place. It swept over Rutledge, laying trees, fences and several small houses to the earth. Mrs. Crittenden's house was blown down. The masonic hall and academy, all in one building, was scattered and leveled with the sills. The hardest portion of it passed just north of Rutledge, unroofing several houses, striking a heavy piece of oak timbered land, tearing down every tree—some by roots and some twisted off 8 or 10 feet high; smashing the residence of Dr. C. P. Brown, and unroofing the residence of Mr. H. Tomlin, and ruined his farm. His loss in outbuildings, timber and other damage will amount to over two thousand dollars. The next house was Mr. John Hill Davies, which was demolished entirely, not leaving a shelter on his place. On his farm, the young corn and vegetation were swept off smooth to the ground; also on Mr. Tomlin's. The hardest portion of the hurricane was about a half or three quarters of a mile wide; it laid fences level with the earth. The farms of Augustus Stoddard, Mrs. Stalings, Mr. Harper, and many others on Hard Labor creek and Sandy creek were laid waste. There was no one seriously hurt that I have heard of, except Mr. J. H. Davis and family were all injured, and Mr. Reuben Allman, on Sandy creek, had everything blown away, and is so badly injured he is not expected to live. Many farms are so badly damaged that it will be impossible for the owners to make a crop this year. The hail was very heavy, and the rain fell in almost a solid sheet, washing away the corn and cotton seed that were planted.

At Greensboro and Vicinity.

It touched the place upon the north side, doing its work vigorously and severely and marking its visit by the prompt and ready uprooting of many of the venerable and ancient oaks that have made beautiful and lovely its shady cemetery, its private residences and its public streets. The chimney of Dr. W. L. M. Harris tumbled, and the pale-cheeked members of his household thought the house was falling and it was too late for the physician to heal himself. Mr. L. Wheeler, a well known resident, planter of Greene county, aged some fifty-five years, living eight miles north of Greensboro, near Scull Shoals, had been to Greensboro, and having started home in a buggy drawn by a pair of horses, had gotten two miles on his return trip home when the storm broke upon him. He took shelter on the east side of the gin house of Captain John Branch. The huge building was precipitated upon him, covering Mr. Wheeler, his horses and his vehicle. Mr. Wheeler managed to extricate himself, having miraculously escaped with only a severe cut on the head and some bruises, and cut loose his horses. The vehicle was hopelessly smashed. The gin house of Captain Daniels was also blown down. Torrents of rain fell, succeeded by a hail-storm.

In the fork of Apalachee and Oconee rivers, Mr. Adams plantation was devastated, houses demolished, fences scattered and trees laid low. Other sufferers are there. A little negro girl on Mr. Adams' place was carried two hundred yards and returned to mother earth unscratched.

Near Maxey's.

The cyclone crossed the line of that road at Brightwell's store, some mile and a half south of Maxey station, which is fifteen miles from Union Point and twenty-five from Athens. When the cyclone struck the place, a justice's court was in session in Brightwell's store. The hour was between 3 and 4 o'clock p. m. The edifice was at once wrenched from its foundation, the stock of goods within it being scattered to the four winds of heaven. The falling timbers caught and crushed to death Mr. G. W. Maxey; a negro man was lifted in the arms of the tempest and borne fifty yards and his brains dashed out against a huge pine stump. Quite a number of persons were more or less seriously wounded, some allege at least twenty. The breadth of the cyclone was from a quarter of a mile to a mile and one-fourth when it crossed this railroad. Every building but Mr. Brightwell's dwelling house was destroyed.

Fontenoy mills, formerly Scull Shoals, on the Oconee, was very seriously damaged, it is asserted. The residence of Mr Redmond T. Asbury, near Fontenoy, was blown away, the fences and houses on his plantation scattered, and immense injury inflicted by the wind, hail and flooding rain. At Fontenoy all the houses of the factory hands are said to have been ruined, with one exception.

At Bairdstown.

The tornado passed at 4 p. m. The lumber shed of Neal Newton & Co., went to the ground in the terrible tornado, the gin and outhouses of Wm. R. Wilson followed suit, and during the five minutes' prevalence of the hardest blow shingles, twigs, limbs, sand, planks and other debris danced and scudded through the angered air. Mrs. Sunsford, living on a place of John Armstrong, some two miles from Bairdstown, had all her out houses and fences prostrated. The shade trees in the church yard at Bairdstown were destroyed. Mr. James Lloyd's residence was terribly shaken, the bricks from the chimney falling inside, through it, and on the top of the edifice, and scaring the frightened inmates to a loftier acme of terror. Mr. Wm. R. Wilson, being a man of extraordinary nerve, when the tempest enveloped his home, placed his entire family in the cellar, with the exception of his eldest daughter, Miss Belle, a dauntless lassie of eighteen. Her he posted against the front door, while he took charge of the second story. At one time the fierce fury of the tornado broke the fastenings and pushed the door open despite the unremitting opposition of the brave girl. At the critical moment of danger her father came to her reinforcement, the door was reshut, and the house saved doubtless from instant destruction.

In Burke County.

The tornado passed through the middle portion of Burke county, from southwest to northeast, entering near Bethel church, which is about on the line of Jefferson. The places of Messrs. Henry Greenwood, A. H. Roberts, A. T. Carson, S. Hudson, Henry Dawson, J. H. Luke, W. H. Dickenson and Wesley Jones were in the path of the terrible destroyer, and more or less suffered. At Mr. Hudson's place several houses were thrown down, and one woman was killed. All but two houses on Mr. Dickenson's place were destroyed, one house being moved ten feet away from its foundation and torn in two, and five or six persons were severely injured. Mr. Duke had one house broken up and all his corn and fodder scattered—up to last night but four bundles of fodder had been recovered. At Mr. Wesley Jones' one house was blown down on an entire family, but, strange to say, but one man was injured—the children crawled out from beneath the flooring.

REPORTED CASUALITIES.

East Alabama—5 killed, 5 wounded.
Harris county—5 killed, 20 wounded.
Talbot—26 killed, 10 wounded.
Houston—1 killed, 4 wounded.
Maxeys—3 killed, 10 wounded.
Burke—1 killed. 5 wounded.
Henry—6 wounded.
Troup—5 killed.
Total—killed 54, wounded 63.

After leaving Georgia it continued its work of devastation in South Carolina and North Carolina.

Belgium's Reply.

[By telegraph to the Constitution.]

BRUSSELS, April 4.—In the chambers of representation to-day, M. Aspeimont Lynden, the minister of foreign affairs, read the reply of the Belgium government to the German note of February 15th. It denies that Belgium has declined to consider Germany's demand. The question of fulfilling the obligation to prevent subjects from disturbing neighboring countries applies not to Belgium alone, but to all states which regard it their duty to watch over peace. When the Belgium government is apprised of the steps taken in Germany and other countries to remedy the deficiences in their penal laws it will examine them in their bearing on the customs, traditions and liberties of Belgium with the sincerest desire to co-operate in the maintenance of good relations. Belgium is determined to fulfil the duties of a neutral state, and to cultivate the friendship of Germany. M. Aspeimont, after reading the note, stated that the investigation of Duchesne affairs was in progress. He closed with an appeal to the patriotism of all parties.

POST-BELLUM GEORGIA SCENES.

Mahlstick Takes a Run Through the Goober-Pea State. Tarrying a While at Atlanta and Macon.

Queer Characters and Local Curiosities.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

ON THE ROAD, April 27, 1875.

On leaving Chattanooga for this place, the mountains accompanied me for some distance, and *at* a distance, which is a bull worthy of Sir Boyle Roche "meme." They went behind the horizon at last unnoticed by me, as I had fallen a prey to an old Georgian of seventy summers, of whom I firmly believe that he could write another book of Genesis if he would give his mind to it. He was speaking of some magnate of his neighborhood, when suddenly turning to me he exclaimed, "Jedge you know him." I nodded my head—fatal admission! He came over and sat in the same seat with me and gave me the history of every man in the county. It was Judge this, Colonel that, and Major the other, not a private in the county. How many times did that old man dig me in the ribs with his elbows to recall to my weakened memory some adventure of old Col. Peter ——, who lived up "the Mulberry prong of the crooked branch of the Oconee," "whose father, sir, was from Fauquier county, Virginia, sir, who stumped the deestrict for Old Hickory, and who shot his man, sir, down by that cottonwood tree that stands right at the fork of Dogwood and Crooked run, sir." Old man Genesis got out at a place called Marietta, I think, and I became aware of a huge mountain rising "fornenst" me. It was Kennesaw mountain. On the summit stands what looks like the topmast and top gallant mast of a ship, cross-trees and all. I suppose it is a flag staff, but I can not eradicate from my mind the fancy that it was erected by some retired jack-tar, who found it impossible to exist without periodically "laying aloft."

From here to Atlanta the country is rolling, and the land, with all due respect for the state pride of the military Georgian, I must say, is horribly poor. I reach Atlanta in time for dinner, and stop at the Kimball House, a hotel of such vast proportions that life has been found too short to finish it. One quarter of it is inhabited; the remainder of it is reserved for the explorations of the much talked-of New Zelander, who will one day alight on this continent.

ATLANTA.

The first thing that strikes a stranger in Atlanta is the absolute newness of the city. All the buildings are fresh and of yesterday. It presents the appearance of a speculation by the Rothschild family—as if those Jewish barons had selected a piece of ground, saw it was good, "saw the blind," went in many million bricks better, and built a city upon it. A little reflection, however, recalls that far off and distant period of the civil war—and then Sherman. Ah! I remember. A party by the name of Sherman with some friends of his passed this way, and there were bonfires and so-and-so the city accidentally burnt up. Mr. Sherman scorched his hands in trying to extinguish the flames. The modern Atlanta is a brisk, bright, bustling little city full of life and animation, and more like a northern than a southern city. Its site is elevated and the views from it are beautiful and extensive. Looking northward the eye roams over a vast extent of rolling country to a point where the Kennesaw mountain is lifted far above the horizon, dim, faint and misty, to the utter extinction of sailor and topmast. On the east another phantom height. Stone mountain limits the view in that direction.

"Far, vague and dim,
The mountains swim."

That is the way I like my mountains. The blue vapory medium is a mountain robe that I am content to leave undisturbed. I have none of the anatomist's desire to see the stony ribs laid bare. There is an opera house, so called, in Atlanta of such inconceivable ugliness and inconvenience that it must have been designed and built in the throes of one long, continuous nightmare. The galleries were designed for the accommodation of blind men, or people with swivel eyes, that look around a corner. They had a spelling match in this building, and perhaps that was what the temple was designed for, as sight is not essential in these Cadmian struggles. I don't know who won the prize. It was not the steward of the Kimball house, unless it is the fashion in this locality to spell sponge with "u," for so did that functionary produce spongecake on the bill of fare. Some little bitterness of feeling was excited by this match. One gentleman has been wandering about the hotel all day with a double-barreled shot-gun, in search of another gentleman. The two don't spell alike.

PONCE DE LEON SPRINGS.

The sod upon which Atlanta reposes is similar to that of New Jersey, it is of an unpleasant reddish hue. The country is so hilly that the streets "go up stairs down stairs and in my lady's chamber."

There are several chalybeate springs in the neighborhood. I visited one of them, which is named after no less a visionary than Ponce de Leon, the party who undertook to find the fountain of youth, and who terminated his career only to be buried in the Mississippi river, a stream as much like the fountain of youth as could be imagined. Had he discovered the fabulous fountain, with what delight he would have read, as I did to-day, his name on a *horse car*. I boarded this horse-car and started for the Ponce de Leon springs, about two miles and a half in the country. I passed out Peachtree street, which exhibits some magnificent dwellings and beautiful grounds, and plunging (the car and I) down an inclination came to a sharp turn in the road, and passed through an earth cutting twenty feet high, which seemed to be a queer place for the strolls of a horse car, trotted over an embankment, then a bridge, over a ravine, and finally landed under a shed at the head of another ravine. Leaving the car I descended into the hollow way, and stopped in horror before a huge prostrate tree, upon which was painted in tremendous white letters an advertisement of a sewing machine. "And is there then no earthly place where we can rest in dreams Elysian?" No! In the deepest wilds of Africa we should find X. T. and Brady's bitters glaring at us from the tree tops. Passing this horrible tree, and a few steps further on, and in close proximity to a thread of running water which pours through a culvert in a rail road embankment, I came to a small brick well resembling a tomb, but of so limited a capacity that I don't think it would hold more than half a leg of Ponce de Leon. There was about eighteen inches of water in the tomb. I plunged a long handled tin dipper into the "fountain of youth" and drank. I think I felt five minutes younger after it. The flavor reminded me of the younger Mr. Weller's description of the Bath waters. There was a decided taste of warm flat-irons about it. In the grounds is an unimpressive wooden structure called a bath-house. I entered this deserted spot. There was one ordinary bath-tub in a small apartment, and two larger ones, containing each a huge shallow wooden vat, in which Ponce and his entire crew might have bathed at once. In one there was a depth of two inches of mud, and sharply impressed therein some huge circular imprints. Some stray elephant must have wandered into this vat in a fit of mental abstraction and left a record of his trespass. The day being chilly and gloomy, I was glad to climb up to the shed, and leave a spot which, in summer and in a fair, cloudless day must possess a certain attraction to the weary denizen of the city. The ascent from the shed cityward, for the first mile was, and is, something so excessive that I doubt not that the car horses daily execrate the memory of Ponce de Leon.

Atlanta has a population of thirty thousand people. When Sherman went through here he left standing only about twenty-five houses. There are four daily papers here. In the same ratio Louisville should have twenty dailies, and New York about two hundred, from which I conclude that the newspaper business is rather overdone in Atlanta.

FROM ATLANTA TO MACON

the road runs through a poor soil, of a character like that of Atlanta, for some miles. We stop at the skirts of Griffin, another bright, bustling town, and, it being Sunday, I find the entire colored population present at the depot when the train arrives. Here, as elsewhere in Georgia, and all along the route, everything seems to be in good condition—fences good, houses well taken care of, evidences of thrift and energy. It is quite dark when the train reaches Macon, and I am conscious of but two facts—one is that we have been going backwards for the last three miles, and the other, which can not be shaken out of my mind, is, that the locomotive has lost the way, and has stopped at last in helpless confusion in the country in the middle of a huge brick shed. I feel sorry for the locomotive, which has unquestionably softening of the brain. This afternoon, in coming around a sharp curve, it uttered two sharp, angry yells, which caused me to look out of the window. I was just in time to see two cows, both apparently with broken necks, lying at the foot of the embankment with their feet raised skyward. Fullerton could not have handled them more roughly if he had cross-examined them for a week. At Macon there is a tavern kept by Mr. Brown, which is an honest tavern, doesn't pretend to be a metropolitan hotel, even in its prices. I eat a good supper, smoke the pipe of peace with the landlord, encounter a "flying Dutchman" in the shape of a commercial traveler, and having received as many lies, in the shape of that party's personal adventures, as I think I can carry through my usual allowance of dreams, retire to a comfortable bed and sleep like exhausted and wandering innocence. In the morning I look out of my window—I am fortunate in tavern windows—and before me rises a wooded height, through which pierce spires and cupolas, and out of which advance great burly buildings, until I am satisfied that the sleeping beauty lives somewhere there, but that her domains are wonderfully increased, and that the impenetrable forest is thicker than ever. This enchanted place looks utterly unassailable from any point of view, but I suppose there are streets that lead through it and take the poetry out of it in the twinkling of an eye. At my back, if I could see through the wall, I should view the business part of the city. After breakfast, I go out, but I dress first, remember that, and I see with a curious eye, dim forms of buildings on the opposite side of the street, which is of such amazing width, that I am satisfied that Barnum could pitch his hippodrome in the center of it and not obstruct travel in the least. In fact, it is a little puzzling to decide whether the length or width of the street is the greater. In the very widest of all wide streets in the town I encountered an acquaintance. He had a pony and a straw wagon. "Will you take a ride?" said he. "With pleasure," I returned. "Which way will you go?" he asked. "Across the street and back again will be as far as I would like to go this morning, if you think your pony can stand it." He was sure that the animal was equal to that, as he had on one memorable occasion done it twice in one day. I made a note of this. This city is embowered in the woods. It presents a very pleasant, agreeable aspect to the stranger. I was sorry that my stay here was only limited to a few hours. There is but one newspaper here, but, of course, rivals will come in time. There is also a theater, or dramatic hall. I was satisfied with its exterior aspect. I felt no inclination to explore the interior of the hall. I would not weaken the impression of the Atlanta opera house, nor insult it by comparisons, "not for all the land that was owned by McGregor."

—The Shah and the Sultan appear to hold different views as to costly gorgeousness. When the shah went to visit him, the Sultan, it is said, covered the grand stair case and the corridor with Smyrna rugs studded with precious stones, but received his guest in the plainest dress without ornament of any sort. It is not stated whether the much diamonded Shah felt the snub or not.

—The American cardinal's cassock is made of Sicilian silk, a rich scarlet dye, and lined with Lyons silk of the same tint. Its shape resembles very much a long sack with a court train; it is buttoned up in front with sixty-seven small silk buttons; a narrow band finishes it off at the throat; the sleeves are coat shape, with plain cuffs six inches deep. The first cape is called a montaletta; this is quite long, and has slits for the arms to pass through; the second cape is short, and is named the mozetta. The edges are finished in piping. A very small hood is attached to the second cape.

MONTGOMERY.

A Sweeping Democratic Victory.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

MONTGOMERY, May 4.—The city election unusually quiet. The vote polled was large. The democrats make a clear sweep, electing mayor, clerk and twelve aldermen. This is the first time since reconstruction that the democrats have carried the city. There is great rejoicing and cannon are firing. The semi official majority is four hundred and sixty.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

LYONS—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. Tim Lyons are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of Thomas E. Brady, corner of Jones and McDonough streets, at 2:30 p. m., to-day.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice to Stockholders.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD, AUGUSTA, GA., May 2d, 1875.

GEORGIA RAILROAD AND BANKING COMPANY.—Stockholders and their families will be passed over the Georgia and Macon and Augusta Railroads to Augusta and return, to attend the Company's Convention, which will meet at Augusta on WEDNESDAY, May 12th, 1875.

The Down Day Passenger Train, from Atlanta to Augusta, on Tuesday, May 11th, will carry cars sufficient to accommodate all Stockholders and their families wishing to attend the Convention.

Stockholders will not be allowed the privilege of riding free to any point on this Road or Branches, other than Augusta and return, to attend the Convention.

Athens, Washington, Madison, Covington, Atlanta, Greenesboro and Milledgeville papers will copy until the 13th.

S. K. JOHNSON,
may5—dtimay13 Superintendent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

Grand Picnic Excursion to Stone Mountain, Wednesday, May 5th.

The Hibernian Benevolent Society will have their Annual Picnic Excursion to Stone Mountain, Wednesday, 5th instant. Fare for the round trip, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents. All wishing socially to participate in the amusement of the day are cordially invited. The train will leave the General Passenger Depot at 8 o'clock a. m. (A special passenger coach will leave the platform at half-past 12, precisely, for the accommodation of those who could not get off in the morning.) Return at 6½ p. m. Tickets can be had of the Committee of Arrangement and at the train before starting Good Music has been procured and all arrangements perfected in order to give general satisfaction.

T. BURKE,
A. CONNOLLY,
may2—d3t Committee.

Second Baptist S S. Picnic
TO STONE MOUNTAIN.

THE Committee of Arrangements have been notified that the train will not leave at 8:15 a. m., on FRIDAY, the 7th, but will leave the Passenger Depot at 7 o'clock a. m. Those desiring to attend will be at the train promptly at that hour. Tickets 25 cents. COMMITTEE.
may5—d1t

Payne's Chapel S. S. Picnic
SATURDAY, MAY 8TH,
TO STONE MOUNTAIN.

TICKETS for sale at car shed that morning. Children, 15 cents; adults, 25 cents. Our Mission Schools are invited. Train leaves 6:30 a. m. may4—d3t

NOTICE:

TOLLED before me on the 30th day of April, 1875, by Sampson Turner, of the 496th district, G. M., of Fayette county, Georgia, an estray COW, red and white and crumple horns, no flesh marks, ordinary size, supposed to be about 5 or 6 years old Appraised by Jesse Barrontine and Hubbard Stubbs, freeholders of said county, to be worth eight dollars, and that it is worth — cents per day to keep said Cow.

The owner is hereby notified to come before me, prove property, pay costs and expenses and take said Cow away, else she will be sold on the freehold of said Sampson Turner, on Monday, the 10th day of May, 1875. This May 1st, 1875.

L. B. GRIGGS,
may4—w1t Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, May 1, 1875.

WHEREAS, Mrs. Martha A. Thompson having applied to me for permanent letters of administration on the estate of Jabez Thompson, late of said county, deceased:

These are, therefore, to cite all and singular, the creditors and next of kin of Jabez M. Thompson, deceased, to be and appear at my office, within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration should not be granted to Mrs. Martha A. Thompson on Jabez M. Thompson's estate.

Witness my hand and official signature.

JOHN B. STEWARD, Ordinary.
may5—w4w Printer's fee $5

Guardian's Sale.

WILL be sold before the Court House door, in town of Decatur, DeKalb county, Georgia, on FIRST TUESDAY IN JUNE NEXT, under an order of the Honorable Court of Ordinary of said county, the following lands belonging to the estate of Marion S. and Glenn D. Cochran, minors of A. T. Cochran, deceased, to wit: Two thirds undivided interest in fifty acres, the same being and lying in the southwest corner of land lot number one hundred and eighty-six, in the 18th district of DeKalb county; on said lands is good comfortable buildings and portion of said lands in a good state of cultivation. Terms of sale cash. May 3, 1875.

E. A. COCHRAN, Guardian.
may5—wtd Printer's fee $10

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

Ordinary's Office, May 4, 1875.

WHEREAS, James P. Crockett, administrator on the estate of Walter Wardsworth, deceased having applied to me for leave to sell at private or public sale the following wild lands belonging to deceased, to-wit: One-half of lot of land number one hundred and seventy five, in the 12th district of Clayton county, Georgia, containing one hundred and one-fourth acres, more or less:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any they have, within the time prescribed by law, else leave will be granted said applicant to sell said lands.

JOHN B. STEWARD, Ordinary.
may5—w4w Printer's fee $5

FLOWERS,
Gold Fish and Canary Birds AT AUCTION.

REMEMBER that the sale of Gold Fish, Canary Birds and Flowers, by Mayson & Norman, will take place this morning at 10 o'clock. Ladies especially invited. Sales positive. T. C. MAYSON,
may5—d1t Auctioneer.

Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Sale for June, 1875.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the town of Douglasville, in said county, on the first Tuesday in June next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Two lots of land numbers 813 and 843, of the 18th district and 2d section of originally Cherokee, now Douglas county. Levied on by virtue of a fi. fa. issued from Campbell Superior Court, in favor of E. L. Crow vs. Thomas Bullard and A. A. Arnold. Levied on as the property of Thomas Bullard. Property pointed out by plaintiffs attorney. This May the 1st, 1875.

J. C. JAMES,
may5—wtd Deputy Sheriff.

POSTPONED
U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff in the following case, to wit: MARSHALL M. BLACKBURN versus WILLIAM S. BATTLE, I have levied upon, as the property of defendant, lots numbers 363, 369, 423, 425, 440, 441, 447, and 5½ acres of lot 426, all in the 4th district and 3d section of Bartow county, Georgia, each lot containing 40 acres, more or less, and will sell the same, at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JUNE NEXT, between the lawful hours of sale.

Property pointed out by plaintiffs attorney.

Dated at Atlanta, Ga., April 6th, 1875.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
may4—dlaw5w United States Marshal.

GEORGIA, Dade county.

Ordinary's Office, April 26, 1875.

WHEREAS, application has been made to have the Clerk of the Superior Court appointed administrator on the estate of Martin Meadow, late of said county, deceased:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters will be granted the applicant.

J. A. BENNETT,
apr29—wtd Ordinary.

TEN CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion.

☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

FOR RENT—A COMFORTABLE FOUR room house, with kitchen and dining room attached, No. 25 Calhoun street. Apply at No. 124 Decatur street.
may5—d3t

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO COME and get some some of the Bargains we are offering in Clothing.
Gate City Clothing Store,
A. & S. ROSENFELD,
may1—d3t 58 Whitehall street.

TO RENT—THE STORE ON ALABAMA street, next door below W. F. Stokes. Apply to WEST & KETNER.
apr30—d1w

WANTED—A No. 1 WOMAN FOR house work, washing and cooking, in a small family. Apply immediately at 65½ Whitehall street
apr21—dtf

THE STORE HOUSE, No. 13 AND 15 Whitehall street, for rent. Apply to FRANKLIN & EICHBERG.
apr16—dtf

Dade County Sheriff's Sales.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the town of Trenton, Dade county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One individual half of the store house and lot on the southwest corner of the square, in the town of Trenton, Georgia, lot of land No. 108, in the 11 district and 4th section, Dade county; individual half of lot No. 161, in 19th district and 4th section in said county; five town lots in Rising Fawn; also, lots of land Nos. 91, 93, 99, 100, 137, 116, 118, 124, 64, 106, 90, 186, 126, 89, 98, 92, 162, 113, 114, in the 19th district and 4th section of Dade county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of R. H. Tatum, to satisfy a fi. fa. from Dade Superior Court in favor of Hooke & Wood vs. R. H. Tatum et al. Levy made by L. B. Burnett, former sheriff, and turned over to me. April 26th, 1875.

Also, one house and lot in town of Rising Fawn, known as Mrs. Allen's house and lot. Levied on to satisfy one tax fi. fa. in favor of B. M. Wilkinson, tax collector, vs. Mrs. M. M. Allen. April 3, 1875.

JACOB STEEL,
apr29—wtd Sheriff.

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

Ordinary's Office, April 5, 1875.

WHEREAS, E. R. Aldredge, administrator with the will annexed of Henry Aldredge, represents to the Court, in his petition duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered Henry Aldredge's estate:

This is, therefore, to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive letters of dismission, on the first Monday in July, 1875.

R. C. BEAVERS,
apr15—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, April 9, 1875.

WILLIAM R. HURST has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same, on Monday, the 19th day of April, 1875, at 12 o'clock m., at my office.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
apr11—w2t Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, April 5, 1875.

WHEREAS, James Polk, administrator on the estate of Ichabod Williams, deceased, has applied to me for letters of dismission on said estate:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any, why he should not be discharged from said trust, else letters will be granted to said applicant according to law.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
apr7—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, April 27, 1875.

MRS. CAROLINE P. ROE, wife of A. R. Roe, has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same, on the 10th day of May, 1875, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary,
apr28—w2t Fulton county.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, April 8, 1875.

WHEREAS, James Lynch and Peter Lynch, executors of Patrick Lynch, deceased, have applied for letters of dismission:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections if any they have, within the time prescribed by law, else letters will be granted as applied for.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
apr9—w1am3m Ordinary.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the town of Decatur, DeKalb county, Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY MAY NEXT, within the legal hours of sale, under an order of the Honorable Court of Ordinary of said county the following lands belonging to the estate of Cynthia Hardman, late of said county, deceased, to-wit: Fifty acres, lying and being in the southwest corner of land lot number three hundred and seventy-four, in the eighteenth district of DeKalb county, about twenty-five acres cleared land, in a good state of cultivation, lying near the Power's ferry road. Terms of sale cash. April 5th, 1875.

W. J. HARDMAN,
apr8—wtd Administrator.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, April 24, 1875.

HENRY F. MALONE has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 7th day of May, 1875, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary,
apr25—w2t Fulton county.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, April 19, 1875.

MARY TOWNSLEY, wife of Bartlett Townsley, colored, has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of a homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 30th day of April, 1875, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary,
apr21—w2w Fulton county.

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

Ordinary's Office, March 26, 1875.

WHEREAS, M. H. Wooddall, administrator of Elizabeth H. Parker, represents to the Court, in his petition duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered Elizabeth H. Parker's estate:

This is, therefore, to cite all persons concerned, to show cause, if they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in July, 1875.

R. C. BEAVERS,
mar28—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

Ordinary's Office, April 2, 1875.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

WHEREAS, William C. Parker having, in proper form, applied to me for permanent letters of administration on the estate of Moses Trimble, late of said county, deceased:

This is to cite all and singular the creditors and next of kin of Moses Trimble, to be and appear at office, within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration should not be granted to William C. Parker on Moses Trimble's estate.

R. C. BEAVERS,
apr4—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Campbell County.

To all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS, W. M. Walthall having in proper form, applied to me for permanent administration on the estate of Elizabeth Garrett, late of said county:

This is to cite all and singular, the creditors and next of kin of Elizabeth Garrett, to be and appear at my office, within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration should not be granted to W. M. Walthall on Elizabeth Garrett's estate.

Witness my hand and official signature, this March 12th, 1875.

R. C. BEAVERS,
mar14—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Court of Ordinary, February Term, 1875.

WHEREAS, Joel D. Simms, administrator of the estate of Martha E. Simms, deceased, has applied for letters of dismission, representing that he has fully discharged his said trust:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, within the time prescribed by law, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
feb5—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Campbell county.

Ordinary's Office, March 26, 1875.

WHEREAS, M. H. Wooddall, administrator of Barbara Stephens, represents to the Court, in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered Barbara Stephen's estate:

This is, therefore, to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in July, 1875.

This March 26th, 1875.

R. C. BEAVERS,
mar28—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, April 19, 1875.

DAVID MOSTELLER has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 30th day of April, 1875, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary,
apr21—w2w Fulton county.

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

ATLANTA

Wednesday Morning, May 5, 1875.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

In the Supreme Court of Georgia, January Term.

Blue Ridge	00	Macon	16
Western	00	Flint	22
Northern	00	Coweta	19
Atlanta	37	Rome	10
Southern	1	Cherokee	10
Oconee	0	Augusta	8
Albany	10	Middle	1
Southwestern	23	Ocmulgee	27
Pataula	9	Eastern	5
Chattahoochee	37	Brunswick	2

The daily proceedings are reported for the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION by Henry Jackson, supreme court reporter. The decisions published in full every Wednesday morning.

Immediately on the adjournment of the court, the decisions of the term are published in pamphlet form, price $1 00 to subscribers of THE CONSTITUTION, to others $2 00 per copy.

GEORGIA REPORTS, volumes 46, 47, 48 and 49 can be had, new and elegantly bound, at a reasonable price, from W. A. Hemphill & Co.

New Advertisements.

Gold fish, flowers and canary birds.
Douglass county sheriff sales.
Payne's chapel Sunday school picnic.
Leave to sell land.
Guardian's sale.
Second Baptist Sunday school picnic.
Estray notice.
Letters of administration.
Four room house for rent.
Georgia R. R. stockholders' convention.
Country house.
First class furniture.
Planting potatoes.
Java coffee.
I. T. Banks' shoe store.
Postponed United States marshal sale.

WATER WORKS.—The work is being energetically carried on. Pryor street from Hunter down to where crossed by Mitchell street, was alive with men yesterday, engaged in preparing the ground and laying piping. The piping is now down to Mitchell street to the corner of Mr. Neal's residence.

Picnics and Festivals.

Nearly three hundred went up to Smyrna yesterday with Wenona temple picnic. The whole was a pleasant affair.

Our social club picnic to Iceville to-day.

The Hibernians picnic to Stone Mountain to-day.

Trinity picnic to Stone Mountain Thursday.

Central Presbyterian picnic at Marietta Thursday.

The First Methodist picnic to Vinings Station on Friday.

The Second Baptist picnic to Stone Mountain Friday.

Payne's Chapel picnic to Stone Mountain Saturday.

The ladies of the First Methodist church will give a novel entertainment next Tuesday night. Full particulars in a few days.

The strawberry festival at the Fifth Baptist church last night was a success. It will be repeated to-night. The May queen will be crowned to-morrow night.

SMITH & MOTES' new Photograph Gallery opening May 10th. may4—d1w

JAMES L. WATKINS, the furniture man sold on the 29th inst., goods enough to keep his packers busy for four days.

SPECIAL Inducements will be offered at M. Rich's this week, as he must reduce his extensive stock of dry goods to make room for his second coming large stock. Don't fail to call on him as great bargains may be had. Rich means business when he says so. may2-d3t

TRUNKS, VALICES AND BAGS.—M. Rich has just received a large lot of trunks, valices and bags which are offered at greatly reduced prices to make room for other goods. may2—d3t.

2000 PIECES OF LINEN Nansook Scarfs Jaconet Embroideries at M. Rich's 25 per cent. below regular prices. Ladies save your money by purchasing these goods at M. Rich's, 29 Whitehall street. may2—d3t

QUITE a number of delegates to the southern Baptist convention at Charleston, passed through here last night.

M. RICH is doing a big business in ladies, childrens' and men's white and striped hose. His prices are down to suit the times and they are bound to sell. may2 d3t

THE BEST and cheapest ladies' and children's Philadelphia made shoes at at popular prices at M. Rich's, No. 27 Whitehall. may2—d3t.

Police News.

Mr. S. R. Quigly, who is charged with shooting at his brother-in-law, William McKirdy recently, with a pistol, was arrested in this city yesterday. The capture was made by Captain James Anderson Lieutenant White, and two officers of the police. We learn that Quigley denies attempting to take McKirdy's life, and will demand an early investigation. No other arrests of any interest.

THERE are now more Mason and Hamlin organs exported than all other manufacturers together. Phillips & Crew are their Atlanta agents. may2—d1t

M. RICH is selling ladies' ties from 2 cents upwards. Sash, hat and tie ribbons a correspondingly low prices. may2—d3t.

DEATH OF TIM LYONS.—Mr. Tim Lyons died of his wounds received in Charlotte, North Carolina. His remains were brought here last night, and his funeral takes place this afternoon. His death is involved in mystery.

EVERYBODY goes to M. Rich for Parasols and Fans. They are the cheapest and best goods in the city. may2-d3t

GOOD CASS. Coats for Five Dollars, worth Ten Dollars, at A & S. ROSENFELD'S, may1-d3t 58 Whitehall street.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—Col. George W Adair sold the Blodget House on Walton street on yesterday, to Mr. Z. A. Rice, for the sum of $4,710.

ALL who want good white spreads spreads for 85 cents, go to M. Rich. may2-d3t

SALE OF THE ENTERPRISE COTTON MILLS.—The executors of the estate of Houston, deceased, sold the Enterprise Cotton Mills yesterday, to Messrs Mills, of Savannah, and Hill, of Griffin, for $24,000. The bid was made by Mr. Johnson, one of the executors.

Parkins & Jennings,

32 Broad Street,

Have a large supply of White Pine Doors, Blinds, Mantels and Sash glazed and unglazed, at hard times prizes. 8x10 sash, not glazed, 4c per light, glazed 8½c per light, 10x12, not glazed, 5c per light; glazed 13½c per light. 2-8x6-8, four panel doors, neat and strong, $2 00; 3x7, four panels, $2 25. 10x16 12 lt. Blinds, $3 00 per pair. All other goods in proportion. All goods warranted to give satisfaction. apr18-eodtf

Inspection of the Police.

The police force were out yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, for inspection by the board of police commissioners. Messrs. Mahony, Dodd & Morris were present. In their new uniform they presented a very fine appearance.

After the inspection, Commissioner Dodd addressed the members of the police, complimented them on their personal appearance, and said if they performed their duty in a manner corresponding with their fine look, all would be right.

5,000 pounds choice mountain country hams, at McMillan & Snow's, 25 Marietta street. may5—d1t

40 barrels northern white peach blow potatoes, for late planting, at McMillan & Snow's, 25 Marietta street. may5-d1t

1,000 pounds choice old government Java coffee, at McMcMillan & Snow's, 25 Marietta street. may5—11t

Central America.

As money is scarce, and I need about forty thousand dollars by the first of June, I will sell Bed room Sets, Parlor Suits, Lounges, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Chairs, in fact, my full stock of first-class Furniture at the very lowest prices.

I have on hand a full line of Picture Frames and Mouldings.

Come on and get bargains.

JAMES L. WATKINS,
apr22-1tf 42 and 44 Whitehall street.

Unlimited Facilities,

must control all competition every state where Furchgott, Benedict & Co. do a retail business. They have reduced their Summer Silks and Dress Goods, as follows; Silks, formerly sold at 75c per yard, reduced to 60c; others from $1 00 to 85 cents. Dress goods at a great sacrifice—In White Goods, Lawns, Notions, Piques, Embroideries, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces and Misses' Hats, Flowers, Sashes, we have the largest assortment and at the lowest prices ever offered in any house South. Domestic goods at retail strictly at prices other merchants pay Jobbers. Save money and purchase your goods from Furchgott, Benedict & Co. apr25—1tf

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIALS.

Acquittal of the Accused by Almost Unanimous Votes.

Evidence and Argument of the Morris Case.

The End of the Big Scandal.

The great impeachment trial, after its many delays, was at last got under way again yesterday afternoon, and concluded last night. Public opinion seems to have somewhat exhausted itself, for the attendance of outsiders was scarcely a third as large as upon the Goodwin investigation. The court met promptly at two o'clock, his honor Mayor Hammock, who seems to have recovered his wonted good health, occupying the chair.

Commissioner Morris appeared to be perfectly calm and serene, and sat with his counsel, Messrs. L. J. Gartrell and D. F. Hammond. The city attorney and Capt E. P. Howell appeared for the prosecution. The case against Commissioner John F. Morris was formally opened.

The first witness examined was T. G. Jones, and his evidence, as will be seen, was mainly a repetition of his testimony upon the Goodwin trial. The prosecution, however, attempted to throw a bomb shell by introducing Mr. Cook, in substantiation of the amended charges, and thus make out a separate case. This was the only unusual feature about the investigation. We give the testimony substantially as delivered by the witnesses.

THE EVIDENCE FOR THE PROSECUTION—CAPT. T. G. JONES SWORN.

Was Chief of Police last year; was elected by Mayor and Council; in first of 1875 was a candidate before the Board of Police Commissioners, of which board defendant Morris was a member. (Here charges against Morris were read to witness.) Just before Christmas witness came to defendant's store one night; witness said he would not be beat for $1,000; defendant said he would be sorry to see him beat; witness said he would give him $500 to elect him, and the next day he was elected; witness also agreed to board his horse in defendant's stable and to board this house; defendant agreed to take it, and said it would be cutting down the $1,800 salary considerably; defendant has stated to witness since that he voted for him; this conversation took place about nine o'clock at night; witness never paid defendant anything, because he reflected about it and discovered that he was only to be elected for the short term of three months, during which time his salary would only amount to $450, and that he might be defeated for the long term of two years; hence witness resolved not to stand by his contract.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

Witness had offered money to defendant before. Made a trade with him once when he was running for council. Witness had not offered money to defendant until they had walked to defendant's gate. There witness proposed to give him $500 for his election. Witness said, "If you will elect me I will give you $500, the next day after my election." Witness had the $500 at that time. Witness had no further conversation with defendant next morning. Witness told him two or three times in the store that he would keep to his contract, and defendant replied that the thing was fixed. Witness considered his contract was for the two years' term as well as the three months' term. Witness did not have an interview with defendant after he had determined not to pay the five hundred dollars. Witness was not on oath when he told Anderson, Bowen and others that he had paid Morris two hundred dollars. Witness was excited then, and said a good deal. Witness now says he did not pay defendant anything on that contract. The first time I offered to pay defendant was in 1873, when he was running for council. Witness had nothing against Morris when he was making remarks about him, but thought he hadn't treated him right. Commissioner Smith told witness in front of Carley, Duck & Co.'s store, that the commissioners had met at defendant's house, and advised him to resign, which he did. Witness had a conversation in Morris's store, which he remembers. Witness entered the store, and was asked by defendant if the statement published in the Commonwealth was true. Witness said that a part was true and a part was false. That the part relating to Goodwin was not true in the last election, but that the part relating to defendant Morris was true. This Morris denied, and witness told him he was a liar. This brought on other words in an excited manner. That night when witness and defendant shook hands upon the contract, witness told him to go into his house, wake up his children, and kiss them for him. Witness has conversed with a great many parties about this trial. Don't remember what he said; did not say to any one that these parties were being tried by a clan just like themselves; witness did not tell Mr. J. L. Griffin that counc l would acquit Goodwin and Morris, as they were of the same kind of material, and that he had not told all he knew; witness did say that if these parties prosecuted him, he had not told all he knew; has never said a word against any member of this council; witness rented a house from Morris last June or July; there was no contract between them before that time; defendant sent for him to rent his house; did not agree to pay defendant extraordinary prices for his goods; witness never boarded his horse at defendant's stables.

I. J. COOK SWORN.

Lives in the city; has been on the police force for seven years, and to the first of 1874; was not a regular policeman last year, but a standing candidate; has electioneered with defendant; witness had a conversation with defendant; witness' uncle has a note on W. F. Morris and defendant for $400; witness attended to the collection of interest for him; the money was borrowed in 1872 for six months; it ran on until just before Christmas, 1873; William Morris took the homestead; witness' uncle then put the matter in suit; was put in the hands of Col. Hulsey for collection; a few days after defendant was elected a police commissioner; witness met him; defendant talked with witness about seeing the old man and having the thing stopped, as he was not responsible for the money; as defendant walked off he said: "Izzard, you see where I am now, and I am there for two years. If you will have this thing fixed up I will see that you are all right." Witness told him he could not do it, and they parted.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

Witness did not exactly understand this as a bribe, but is satisfied that if he had stopped the case would have got a job. Witness has been guard-house keeper, and occupied other positions on the force; he always tried to discharge his duties faithfully. Does not know that defendant ever voted for him. The note was put in the officer's hands in March. Does not know whether this was before or after the conversation with him.

RE-DIRECT.

Witness understood defendant to mean that if he (witness) would save him from that note, he would have him elected on the force for two years. Witness further understood defendant to mean that he was there for two years, and that if he (witness) did not have that note stopped, he would be kept off the force for two years. That Morris would use his influence either for or against him according to what he did with the note.

Here the prosecution announced closed.

EVIDENCE FOR THE DEFENSE.

The defense at once opened their case, introducing the following testimony. Capt. W. T. Newman conducted the examination of the witnesses:

J. L. GRIFFIN SWORN.

Witness remembers a conversation with Jones; has tried to refresh his mind; witness asked Jones if he was not afraid of a prosecution if the parties should be cleared; Jones said no, he was not; he says, "if they do prosecute me, I will give them some thing to prosecute me for;" he said parties had come to him and offered him $1,000 to settle the case; that if Morris and Goodwin prosecuted him he could go before the grand jury and get true bills against the whole damned concern; that he expected them to be cleared, as people were talking about their being tried by their associates.

MR. G. T. DODD SWORN.

Zach Smith nominated Jones when he was first elected; Cook was brought before the Board several times, always by Morris; witness beat him off several times; when Cook was put on as supernumerary Morris nominated him. This was last year.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

Witness, while a member of council, saw Cook sitting down on the street smoking a pipe; he sent for Cook and spoke to him about it, and Cook made some impudent reply and turned off; this was witnesses' objection to him. Afterwards, through persuasion of Morris and others, was induced to go for Cook; witness knows nothing as to Morris' motives in supporting Cook; witness does not remember exactly when Cook was put on; it was between April and July; it has been the custom of policemen to trade with members of council.

MR. M. T. CASTLEBERRY SWORN.

Morris called Jones into his store house, and asked him about piece in the Commonwealth, repeating a portion of the article. He asked him if it was true, and authorized by him? Jones said Goodwin had nothing to do with it, but the portion relating to you is true. Morris asked him if at any time he had received or proposed to receive a bribe from him, and Jones said he had not.

J. B. GOODWIN SWORN.

The attention of Jones was called by Morris to article in Commonwealth. Morris repeated some portions of it, and asked if they were not true. Jones said a part is true, and a part is a damned lie. The part about you is true, and the part about Goodwin is a damned lie.

Morris denied this, and Jones said he was a liar. Afterwards Jones told Morris that he had not accepted his bribe in words, but he remained silent, and he thought he understood it.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

A great deal was said between Jones and Morris, and there was much excitement; when Morris asked if he had ever paid him a dollar, Jones said he had not; Morris then asked if he had ever accepted his proposition; Jones said, "you didn't accept it, but you remained silent, and I thought you understood it;" witness did not understand Morris to admit that Jones had ever made him any proposition; he denied it in the first instance.

LIEUTENANT BOMAR, SWORN.

On the Saturday before the Monday that the article appeared in the Commonwealth, Jones was at the guard house; in a conversation there Jones said he had promised Goodwin $1,000 and Morris $500; that he had paid $400 to Goodwin and $200 to Morris.

CROSS EXAMINED.

Jones used exactly the above language, but said a great deal more, which witness does not remember. Jones remarked there was a gang of darned thieves in town, and told witness he was in it. Witness walked up to him and asked what he meant by that remark. Witness was mad then, but the matter has been settled, and he is no angry now. Witness does not remember whether this was before or after Jones' remark about Morris and Goodwin, but is inclined to think it was after.

M. MAHONEY SWORN.

Police often trade with police commissioners and members of council. They trade just where they want to. Witness does not remember who nominated Jones when he was elected chief of police. Morris was a warm friend of Jones at the time, but did not try to use any unlawful means to secure his election

Here the defence was announced closed.

THE DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT.

Commissioner John F. Morris then took the stand, and made the following statement:

I will state that I never have, at any time, received or agreed to receive a single cent from Capt. Jones; I never understood him to offer me a bribe; I deny meaning that I would get Mr. Cook on the police force when I told him he would be all right; I was a friend of his, and supported his solely from considerations of friendship; I never made any threat at any time that I would keep him off the force, and never intended any such construction to be placed on my remark.

THE ARGUMENT.

The argument was opened in behalf of the prosecution by Capt. E. P. Howell, who made a neat little effort of about twenty-five minutes duration. He was followed by Gen. Gartrell in behalf of the defence. The General entertained council with some brilliant oratory and withal strong reasoning until about dark, when, on motion, the court adjourned until half past seven o'clock.

Evening Session.

ACQUITTAL OF THE ACCUSED.

The court was again called to order at half past seven o'clock by the mayor and the argument resumed. Judge D. F. Hammond made the concluding argument for the defense, and occupied about an hour and a half. He handled Jones very severely, so much so that the latter, who was in the room seated by the door, once interrupted him, telling him to be careful. Quite a commotion was momentarily produced by the interruption, but the judge didn't scare much and after a short appeal to council for protection from further interruption, went on. The argument for the prosecution was concluded by an eloquent effort from Capt. E. P. Howell.

THE VERDICT.

Council retired into secret session, and lawyers and spectators, retired into the Clerk's office, where they waited scarcely fifteen minutes. The council Chamber was again thrown open, and after all were seated, the Mayor simply announced that the court found both the defendants not guilty. The vote was by ballot, and stood as follows:

In the case of Mr. Goodwin, 10 for acquittal and only one against.

In the case of Mr. Morris, 8 for acquittal to three against.

No demonstration of any kind occurred, and council quietly adjourned.

JOE HOWELL.

Delivers Himself to Colonel Clark Howell, and Is Turned Over to the Police.

What He Has to Say About the Homicide.

Joe Howell, the negro who cut the throat of Gus Strickland, white, recently in Milton county, is in custody. Although many efforts have been made by the sheriff and parties of young men from Milton county to arrest him, he successfully avoided them. Joe got tired of laying out, and yesterday delivered himself up to Colonel Clark Howell, at his place, who brought him to the city and turned him over to the police.

A representative of THE CONSTITUTION saw Joe at the guard house and procured a statement of the killing. Joe says he did not do any cutting until he had been cut in the stomach, and knocked down by the party who wounded him. He has two severe wounds on his person now. He says he acted in self-defense.

Sheriff Buice, of Milton county, has been notified of the arrest.

If in need of Shoes come and see,
Nolan and Green and Grizzard three,
At I T. Bank's on Whitehall street,
Whose shoes will fit all kind of feet.
Come with your Cash, we're sure to please,
And we can fit with utmost ease;
Then you can go and tell the rest
That you are shod with Banks' best.
Our kid fox'd serge are the best kind—
Were never known to rip behind,
Our silver tip'd for children's feet
Are Calf and Goat and fit complete.
We've Ditcher's Boots and ball room kids,
We price so low we do get rid.
All bought for Cash; and we can sell
Cheap as the man who stole the well.
Our babies Buff cannot be beat,
See them, on all the babies feet.
We have Gold, Bronze, Silver and Blue,
And children's shoes of every hue.
Our men's Brogans and women's Bals,
Are made to fit all boys and gals,
Are sure Wholestock, we sell them cheap,
Will always keep you with dry feet.
In conclusion, let us relate,
We have the Best thats in the State,
So you should neither eat nor sleep,
Till you've bought shoes on Whitehall street.
may5—dtf

The Governor's Guards.

This sterling company last night elected officers. Fifty men were present. The selection is a good one:

W. D Luckie, captain.
R. J. Lowry, 1st lieutenant.
H. Van Estes, 2d lieutenant.
A. M. D. Wilson, 3d lieutenant.
A. F. Barnett, 1st sergeant.
C. W. Dupree, 2d sergeant.
T. Stockton, 3d sergeant.
W. W. Logan, 4th sergeant.
D. C. McPhee, 5th sergeant.
M. O. Parker, 1st corporal.
C. R. Harris, 2d corporal.
J. C. Seymour, 3d corporal.
A. Orme, 4th corporal.
J. T. Wills, secretary.
T. Stockton, treasurer.
J. G. Lowry, quartermaster-sergeant.
Dr. Louis Hanvey, surgeon.

GRIFFIN AND ATLANTA.

Union of the Sunday-schools.

A Glorious Time.

Yesterday morning at half-past nine o'clock the Macon & Western railroad train arrived here with the Griffin Baptist Sunday-school, under charge of its efficient superintendent, J. G. Rhea, and a number of other visitors. There were some 400 or 500. They were met at the depot and escorted to the First Baptist church, the First and Second Baptist Sunday-schools of Atlanta being with them, and headed by Wurm's band.

The choir sang several songs.

The address of welcome was made by Rev. E. W. Warren in his concise and hearty-warm manner.

The response in behalf of the Griffin Sunday school by G. C. Stewart, a son of Col. J. D. Stewart, a student at Mercer, and a pupil formerly of Prof. W. F. Slaton. The orator selected for the occasion having failed to come, Mr. Stewart was called upon, and his effort was a gem. The Griffin Sunday school may well feel honored by the selection.

The Sunday schools led by Prof. Barnwell sang several songs. Short and pointed remarks were made by Gen. A. H. Colquitt and Hon. J. H. James. The benediction was pronounced by Rev. T. C. Boykin.

The schools then proceeded to the depot, and took the train for Ponce de Leon. Here they bivouacked until late in the evening. Dinner was served on benches and on the ground. Numbers of our citizens visited the grounds during the evening, and mingled freely with the people of our sister city. At five o'clock the Griffinites returned, we trust well pleased with their visit to the Gate City. While many of our young men viewed the departing train with saddened eyes, some of the young men from Griffin seemed to tear themselves away with regret. May the kindly feelings between the two cities ever continue.

LIME.

LIME! LIME! LIME!

Shelby, Ala., and Georgia Lime,

BY CAR LOAD AND BARREL.

We have special rates of Freight on Lime to points in North and South Carolina. We ship to all points by barrel and car load. We sell low. Orders solicited.

apr18—dsat-sun&tues1mo SCIPLE & SONS,
59 Decatur street, Atlanta, Georgia.

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Superior Court—Civil Business Before Judge Hopkins.

Fulton Superior Court.

HON. JOHN L. HOPKINS, JUDGE.

Court met at 8:30 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. James H. Nash, of Lithonia, having given satisfactory evidence of his knowledge of the law, was admitted to the bar on the usual application.

W. B. Allen vs. The Atlanta Street Railroad Company. After argument was had, it was adjudged by the court that there is no cause of action in the original declaration, and that plaintiff may proceed only upon the amendment. Candler & Thompson, A. W. Hammond & Son, for defendant.

Same vs. same. Judgment confessed to plaintiff.

J. H. Porter vs. Rush Irwin. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $862 68, principal, with interest and costs.

Same vs. same. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $4,261.29 principal, with interest and costs.

The Atlanta & Richmond Air-line railway company vs. B. M. Jenkins. Certiorari dismissed at plaintiff's costs.

THE UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER.

James T. Jones, of Hogansville, and T. G. Atkinson, of West Point, were arraigned yesterday before Commissioner A. E. Buck upon warrants charging them with violations of the enforcement act. They each gave a bond of $1,000 and were discharged.

ATLANTA COTTON FACTORY.—Mr. H. I. Kimball continues to meet with success in his efforts to raise the necessary amount for the above enterprise. Fifty shares were subscribed for yesterday, and doubtless in a few days the amount will be made up.

GEORGIA TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

Arrival of Hon. A. H. Stephens.

GRIFFIN, GA., May 3, 1875.

Editors Constitution: The Teachers' Convention, which meets to morrow, will be no small affair in our little city. Several delegates have already arrived. Hon. Alexander H. Stephens reached here to-day at noon, via Macon from Savannah, where he had been on some legal business. His health seems to be better than usual. The surge of time and tide has rolled on for twenty years since he visited our part of the State. Visitors have been pouring into his room all the evening to shake hands with the "Great Commoner." No one on this continent is more universally loved and respected than Mr. Stephens. He has ever been true to his country. No tidal wave, no fear of abuse, has ever caused him to act contrary to his own convictions of right. He has never faltered, but has been as true and constant to his people and country as the needle to the poles. He has devoted his life to defending the right and opposing the wrong. His name will outlive the false hoof of defamation, and the weakness as well as the wickedness of personal and party abuse. When Washington, Jefferson, Clay, Calhoun, and Webster are forgotten, then, and not till then, will the people cease to love and honor the "Sage of Liberty." The welcome address to the convention will be made to-morrow, by that accomplished gentleman and rising young lawyer, Mr. Robert H. Johnston, in behalf of the city government and citizens generally. The "Little Giant" will probably deliver an address to morrow or next day. This short note is written in haste, and sent to you for publication, if you see proper.

"DREAMER."

A Good Cause and a Splendid Entertainment.

It affords us no small degree of pleasure to commend to the generous patronage of our citizens of every name and faith, the grand concert, announced by the ladies of St. Luke's church, for Thursday evening next. The object is to rebuild their house of worship, or rather to complete what is already nearly an accomplished fact. The history of this church, its trials, its misfortunes and its struggles, gives it a peculiar claim to public sympathy and favor, and we hope to see a practical recognition of the obligation on the occasion referred to. Our community does not boast a more large-hearted and useful pastor than Mr. Macauley, whether we regard his public or private ministrations, and all should feel an intense interest to see him installed in his new and beautiful temple of worship.

As regards the entertainment itself, we can confidently promise real merit, both in design and execution. The very best musical artistes of the city have been engaged for the occasion, and the concert will be the result of their combined talents, harmonized by a practice of several weeks. The price of admission, we learn, will be fixed at a very low figure so as to enable all who take a pleasure in good music, or are willing to lend a helping hand in a good cause to attend. James' hall has been selected as the place, and we shall confidently expect an overflowing house.

More Truth than Poetry.

I. T Banks comes forward this morning in a poetical strain and proclaims to all, that he has shoes and boots that will fit all kind of feet, and at cash prices so low that they are sure to go. We have read his poetry and have bought his goods, and we know there is "more truth than poetry" in what he says.

WANTED.—Ten or twelve non-union printers. Apply immediately at the office of the Daily News, Alabama st. apr28-tf

Press Excerpts.

HANDSOME BANNER.
[Macon Telegraph.]

We saw yesterday a banner painted for the First street Methodist Sunday school by Miss Mollie Mason, which we think will be the handsomest thing in the way of a banner that will be in the procession next Wednesday. The banner is painted in oil, on white satin. It represents a cross, with a sunburst in the background, which fairly illuminates the picture, and beneath is a base of cloud, which is very beautifully painted. Miss Mason has shown very great skill in painting this banner.

MILITARY SALUTE.
[Macon Telegraph.]

In pursuance with an established and time-honored custom, the Floyd Rifles turned out last night and fired a salute in honor of John N. Hardeman, who was lately married. About twenty-five men were present, under command of Lieut. Jewett, and marched to Vineville, the residence of Col. Hardeman, where the salute was fired in excellent order, after which the company was invited in and hospitably entertained.

SEEKING A LITTLE WANDERER.
(Cave Springs Enterprise.)

The community in the neighborhood of Terry's, some seven miles west of this place, was thoroughly aroused last Tuesday night by the disappearance of a little son of Mr. Frank Terry, eight or nine years old. He was sent, late in the afternoon, to drive home the cows, and, not returning, his parents spread the alarm. All night the woods were scoured for miles by those living in the vicinity, but no trace of the child could be found. On Wednesday morning plans were set on foot for a more thorough and extensive search, and word was sent from house to house for several miles in every direction. Men on foot and on horseback flocked to that neighborhood with a promptness and eagerness that is rarely displayed on any other occasion. Their services were, fortunately, not long in demand, however, for the little waif was found about 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, and the torturing anxiety of his parents relieved. He was seven or eight miles from home, and had lost his hat, coat, shoes and stockings in his wanderings. He had traveled all night, he said, and his clothing hung in tatters about him. And there was greater joy over this one lamb that was found than over the half dozen or more that were never lost, for thus saith the Scriptures.

A WHOPPER.
(Greenville Vindicator.)

A few days ago, as two of our young lady friends were walking in a garden, not more than a mile and a half from this office, they spied, as they thought, a young rabbit. Thinking that it would eat deliciously, they called up the dogs and had a merry chase after the supposed rabbit. Catching the game pretty soon they carried it to the kitchen to be dressed, when lo! the cook pronounced the animal to be nothing but a large rat.

IN THE CAT TRADE.
(Louisville News & Farmer.)

All persons wishing to procure kittens, will please call on Judge W. F. Denny. He is fully prepared to fill all orders as regards size and variations of color. He wishes to state that a want of cash need be no drawback, as he will take in exchange spring chickens, eggs and corn, especially corn. Corn in the ear much preferred.

THE FRUIT TRADE.
(Augusta Chronicle.)

The fruit trade between the south and north has been rapidly increasing in importance during the past three or four years, and schemes to prevent decay of the fruit have been put in practice by a number of parties. The Chronicle and Sentinel gave a full description last summer of the Alleretti refrigerator which was sent from New York to Augusta for the peaches. The experiment proved a complete success. Not only peaches, but cantaloupes were carried by this means to the metropolis and on their arrival were found to be as sound and fresh as they were when they left Augusta. It was then demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the surplus fruit crop of the south could be conveyed in fine condition to northern cities and sold at remunerative prices to parties interested. The Atlantic coast line, appreciating this fact, has had constructed several refrigerators of a somewhat different pattern from the Alleretti. One of these refrigerators have been sent to Augusta, and is now at the freight depot of the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, waiting for the strawberry season to open. As soon as the necessary supply can be obtained a shipment will be made to New York. The refrigerator will hold about twenty crates—twelve hundred quarts.

HEBREW SUNDAY-SCHOOL.
(Columbus Times.)

The Hebrew Sunday-school of this city was the only body of the kind that joined in the procession on the 26th. The children were out in considerable numbers, under the control of the Rev. Mr. Bonheim, the rabbi, and Mr. Newman, the superintendent.

ANTIQUE KNIFE.
(Jonesboro News.)

Alex. Steinheimer, of our town, has a pocket knife that is one hundred and fifteen years old. It is a double bladed "Barlow," and was made in 1760, sixteen years before the Declaration of Independence.

GOOD AT LONG RANGE.
(SENOIA JOURNAL.)

Rev. H. C. Hornady shot and killed a hawk which for a long time had been the terror of the poultry. So the parson knows not only how to preach with effect, but to shoot with precision.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

ATLANTA, May 4, 1875.

Cotton closed quiet at 14⅝a15c.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.	Bales.
By wagon	1
Atlanta & West Point Railroad	49
By Georgia Railroad	4
Total	54
Receipts previous	61,635
Total	61,690
Stock on hand September 1	102
Grand total	61,792

SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments to-day	100
Shipments previous	60,327
Total	60,427
Stock on hand	1,365

RECEIPTS AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS.	1874.	1875.
Saturday	4,202	2,402
Sunday and Monday	5,382	7,200
Tuesday	4,465	5,828
Wednesday	2,336	
Thursday	2,959	
Friday	4,6 9	
Various	544	
Total	24,497	15,430

Showing an increase of 1,381 bales compared with corresponding days of last year.

LONDON, May 4.—The Mark Lane Express of this week says, during April there have been sharp night frosts and a short allowance of rain, and unless there is more of the latter, forage will be scarce. Corn threatens to be late whatever may be its bulk. In France, wheat has already suffered, and rye still more so.

FINANCIAL.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, May 4.—Money 3a4. Sterling quiet. Gold active at 15⅜a15⅝. Governments active; new fives 15⅝. State bonds nominal.

Stocks closed dull and steady; Central 105; Erie 30½; Lake Shore 74; Illinois Central 105; Pittsburg 93⅜; Northwestern 41¾; preferred 54⅜; Rock Island 104½. Sub-treasury balances—gold $6?,654,614; currency $41,481,143. The sub-treasury paid out $358 on account interest, and $501,000 for coupons. Customs receipts $46,000.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Exchange—New York sight ⅜ premium. Sterling $5 62½a $7 63. Gold 15½.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

Special to The Constitution.

Receipts at all ports to-day	5,828
Exports to Great Britain to-day	5,497
Exports to continent	none
Consolidated receipts	15,430
Consolidated exports	19,479
Stock in New York	180,479
Stock at all ports	462,404

NEW YORK, May 4.—Gold closed at 15⅜. Cotton—New classification: Spots closed heavy; quotations nominal; low middlings 15⅝; middlings 16¼; sales to exports 250; spinners 116; speculation 61.

Futures closed barely steady; sales 29,800 bales; May 16 1-16a16 3-32; June 16 5-32a 16 3-16; July 16 11-32a16⅜; August 16½a 16 17-32; September 16¼a16 9-32; October 15 13-16a15 27-32; November 15 11-16a15¾; December 15⅝a15 13-16; January 15 29-32a 15 15-16; February 16 1-16a16⅛.

Associated Press Dispatches.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Cotton heavy and nominal at 16¼a16⅜; sales 426 bales. Net receipts 806 bales; gross 1,244.

Futures closed steady; sales 33,300 bales; May 16 1-16a16 3-32; June 16 5-32a16 3-16; July 16 11-32a16⅜; August 16½a16 17-32; September 16¼a16 9-32; October 15 13-16a 16 27-32; November 15 11-16a15¾; December 15⅝a15 13-16; January 15 27-32a15 15-16; February 16 1-16a16⅛.

SAVANNAH, May 4.—Cotton quiet; middlings 15⅝; net receipts 263 bales; sales 673; stock 31,041.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Cotton dull and easier; middlings 15⅝; low middlings 15; good ordinary 14⅛; net receipts 2,818 bales; gross receipts 3,077 sales 1,750; exports to Great Britain3,325; stock 121,450.

MOBILE, May 4.—Cotton weak; middlings 15⅝; low middlings 14⅜; good ordinary 14⅜; net receipts 152 bales; exports coastwise 199 bales; sales 100.

CHARLESTON, May 4.—Cotton quiet; net receipts 278 bales; sales 300; middlings 15⅝; stock 14,300.

GALVESTON, May 4.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 15¼; net receipts 246 bales; exports to Great Britain 159; coastwise 577; sales 125.

BOSTON, May 4.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 16¼; low middlings 15⅜; good ordinary 15⅛; net receipts 219 bales; gross 606; sales 1,090; stock 18,157.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4 —Cotton dull; middlings 16⅛; net receipts 514 bales; gross 662.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Cotton dull; middlings 15⅝a16; gross receipts 642; exports coastwise 415.

MEMPHIS, May 4—Cotton quiet; middlings 15¼; net receipts 153 bales; shipments 714; sales 1,100.

WILMINGTON, May 4.—Cotton nominal; middlings 15⅜; net receipts 253 bales.

AUGUSTA, May 4—Cotton quiet; middlings 15¼; net receipts 42 bales; sales 1.

NORFOLK, May 4.—Cotton dull; middlings 15⅝; net receipts 263 bales; exports coastwise 200; sales 100.

PROVISION MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Southern flour decidedly firmer; fair inquiry; common to fair extra $5 35a$5 90; good to choice extra $5 95a$8 50. Wheat a shade lower; limited demand; holders, however, exhibit no pressing desire to realize; closed a little firmer; winter red western $1 36a$1 40; amber western $1 41a$1 42; white western $1 40a$1 45. Corn dull; about 1c lower; western mixed 91a91½; yellow western 91a91½. Coffee quiet and steady; Rio 16¼a19½ gold. Sugar quiet and firm; unchanged. Rice steady and quiet. Tallow heavy at 8⅜a9⅛. Rosin dull at $2 05a$2 10 for strained. Turpentine dull at 36. Pork lower; new mess job lots $22 00. Lard lower; prime steam 15¼. Whisky firmer at $1 17. Freights dull; cotton by sail ⅛; steam ¼a5-16.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Flour quiet; Howard street and western superfine $4 50a$4 75. Wheat strong and firm; Maryland red $1 47 Corn quiet and weak; southern white 90a92; yellow 91a92; western mixed 89. Oats dull. Rye quiet. Provisions quiet and firm. Bacon shoulders 9⅜a10. Coffee strong; Rio cargoes 16½a19. Whisky $1 15 a$1 16. Sugar strong 10⅝.

CINCINNATI, May 4.—Flour firm. Corn active and higher at 77a80. Pork steady at $22 25. Lard dull; summer, steam, 15; winter, 15¼; kettle 15⅝a16. Bacon quiet and firm; shoulders 9⅛; clear rib 12⅜; clear 13⅛a13⅜. Whisky $1 14.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—Flour higher; superfine, winter, $5 15a5 30. Corn dull; number 2, mixed, 74⅛a75¼, closing easier. Whisky firm at $1 15. Pork dull, in small lots, at $22a25; round lots offered at $22; Bacon firm; shoulders 9½a9⅛; clear rib 12⅝ a13; clear 13¼a13¾. Lard declining; sales on private terms supposed to be at 15⅛.

LOUISVILLE, May 4.—Flour unchanged; superfine $4a$4 25; fancy $5 5a$6 25. Corn steady at 75a76. Provisions strong. Pork $22 50a$23. Bacon—shoulders 9⅝; clear rib 13⅛; clear 13¼, all packed. Lard—prime steam, nominal; tierce 15a16⅛; keg 16¼. Whisky $1 14. Bagging advancing and very strong at 13a13½.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Flour in good demand and firmer; low grades scarce; no round lots on hand suitable for export; fine $5; superfine $5 25a5 50; double extra $5 75a$6; treble extra $6 12½a$6 75; family $7a7 25. Corn in good supply; moderate demand; mixed 86; yellow and white 88a88. Sugar firm; low to good common 7½a7¾; low fair to fully fair 8½; prime 9. Molasses inferior fermenting 30a45; reboiled 60a 66. Coffee dull; fair to prime Rio cargoes 18½a19¾. Corn meal dull at $3 70. Whisky dull; nominally $1 15.

SHIPPING NEWS.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Arrived—Schooner Kate E. Rich, from Savannah with lumber for Philadelphia, put into this port in distress. Sails all lost and foremast carried away.

PORT ROYAL, May 4.—Arrived—Nathaniel Stevens. Sailed—Steamer Lee.

SAVANNAH, May 4.—Arrived—Kate Cook, Saragossa. Cleared—Oriental. Sailed—Annie Goodey, Lida Babcock, Samuel L. Russell.

CHARLESTON, May 4.—Arrived—Champion D. Foby. Cleared—Rio de Laplata Clelia. Sailed—South Carolina.

LOCAL AND BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE finest dressed men in town are wearing the Warwick collars. They say there is nothing like them for comfort. may5-d1t

Go and see the cheap goods, as they must be sold regardless of price or value, at TITLEBAUM'S Millinery and Variety Store, No. 84 Whitehall street. may2-sun-tues&wed

THOSE wishing to get great bargains and save money, be sure and call at TITLEBAUM'S, No. 84 Whitehall street. may2--sun-tues&wed

Fulton County Sheriff's Sales for June, 1875.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June next, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

A lot and the improvements on the same, situated on Mitchell street, in the first ward of the city of Atlanta, containing one half acre. On said lot is a two-story brick dwelling, and adjoins the property of Blanchard and Kountz; it being part of land lot No. 80, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of N. P. Hotchkiss, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa issued from Fulton Superior Court, in favor of James M. Smith, Governor, vs. N. P. Hotchkiss and S. A. Darnell.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract of land lying in Fulton county, Ga., being part of land lot No. 85 in the 14th district of said county, being known in the subdivision of the Lynch property as lots No. 61, 62, 63 and 64. Said lot No. 61 fronting on the west side of a street 50 feet wide, but not named, and running back west with Nos. 62, 63, 64, 201 feet on the south side, and 203 feet on the north side thereof; also part of land lot No. 84 in the 14th district, fronting 50 feet on the south side of Look street, and running back 100 feet same width, bounded on the west by Henry Alexander, and on the east by James De Foor, in county and state aforesaid. Levied on as the property of R. S. Eggleston, by virtue of and to satisfy two fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 530th district, G. M, in favor of John R. Wallace vs. R. S Eggleston. Levies made by a bailiff and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, 24 boxes of canned jars, levied on as the property of I. Kendrick by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of Henry Seltzer vs. I. Kendrick.

Also, at the same time and place, that tract of land lying in the county of Fulton, state of Georgia, in land lot No. 13 in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and more fully described, to-wit: fronting 50 feet on the south side of Wylie street, and running back 71 feet, more or less, to J. E. Wilmoth's lot. Levied on as the property of J. W. Walker, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the justice's court of the 518th district, G. M., of Clayton county, in favor of A. L. Harrison vs. J. W. Walker. Levy made by Wm. Thompson, L. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, lots Nos. 26 and 27, subdivided by Bell & Hancock, and Wallace & Fowler, located on Savannah street 50 feet, running through to Mill street 166 feet, then fronting Mill street 50 feet, then through to Savannah street 166 feet. Levied on as the property of Wm. T. Harris, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the justice's court of the 1,026th district, G. M., in favor of J. C. Peck & Co. vs. Wm. T. Harris. Levy made by Frank L. Little, L. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a city lot in ward 7 of Atlanta, on the corner of Cane, Hilliard and Houston streets in said city, it being part of land lot 78 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., containing four acres more or less, it being the residence of Dr. W. L. Cleveland, levied on as the property of W. L. Cleveland by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of the State National Bank vs. P. H. Loud and W. L. Cleveland.

Also at the same time and place a lot on Garnett and Brotherton streets, in the first ward of Atlanta, adjoining Pledger and Schramm, part of land lot No. 57 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing three-fourths of an acre more or less. Levied on as the property of F. M. Fisk by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of J. L. Queen vs. F. M. Fisk. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on the corner of Chapel and Stonewall streets in the first ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Akin, it being part of land lot No. 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and containing one-eighth of an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of James M. Osborn, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Haslett & Jones vs. James M. Osborn.

Also, at the same time and place, the east half of land lot No. 96, in the 17th district of Fulton county, Georgia, adjoining the property of Donaldson on the west and Heim on the east, and containing 101¼ acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of W. Y. Langford, to satisfy his State and county tax for 1872 and 1874.

Also, at the same time and place, one hundred and five acres of land, more or less, of land lot No. 65, in the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, the same being occupied at this time by Wm. Lowry. Levied on as the property of William A. Grier, to satisfy his tax for 1873.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract or parcel of land, containing twenty acres, more or less, situated on the west side of Peachtree road, adjoining the property of Wesley Collier, said land being in a triangular shape, and being part of land lot No. 100, in the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Abijah S. Gray, to satisfy his tax for the year 1873

Also, at the same time and place, a lot commencing at a stake at the corner of Joseph E Brown's land the right of way of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, thence along said right of way 532 feet to the corner of E. P. Howell's land, thence north 30 deg. east along Howell's line 814 feet to a stake, thence east 508 feet to the Howell's ferry road, thence south along the said road 871 feet to the line of Joseph E. Brown's land, thence west along Brown's line 10 6 feet to the begining corner, containing 24 acres, more or less, the same being part of land lot No. 150, in the 17th district originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Edward R Sasseen, for his tax for the year 1874.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, on the corner of Davis and Foundry streets, fronting 50 feet on Davis street and running back 150 feet on Foundry street, and known as lot No. 1 of the Hammock survey, being part of land lot No. 83 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of A. N. Pounds, by virtue of and to satisfy three fi. fas. issued from the Justices' Court of the 1026th district G. M., for the purchase money in favor of the Mayor and Council of Atlanta vs. A. N. Pounds. Levies made by Frank L. Little, lawful constable, and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, 50 acres of land lot No. 114, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, adjoining the lands of Elliott and others. Levied on as the property of Mrs. A. J. Costan and S. T. Corbally, to satisfy their State and county tax for the year 1874.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on Hunter and Hayney streets, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Mackey, part of land lot No. 52, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of Wm. F. Wright, to satisfy his tax for the year 1874.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on Fair and Peters streets, in the first ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Wallace, part of land lot No 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing two acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of W. B. Lowe, to satisfy his tax and tax of Lowe, Douglas & Dallas.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on Mitchell street, in the first ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Arnold and an alley, part of land lot No. 77 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 25x112 feet, more or less. Levied on as the property of W. B. Lowe &., to satisfy a tax fi. fa.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on Peters, Fair and Wilkins streets, in the first ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Wiggins, part of land lot No. 85, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅝ of an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of E. Hulbert & Co., to satisfy their State and county tax for the year 1874

Also, at the same time and place, a lot just outside of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Bateman, part of land lot No. 18, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing one acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of William H. Hulsey, to satisfy his State and county tax for 1874.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on Forsyth street, in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Callaway and W. and W. A. Railroad, part of land lot No. 78, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, contain 50x100 feet, more or less. Levied on as the property of Roswell Railroad Company, to satisfy their State and county tax for 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot on Cooper and Jones streets, in the 3d ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Milledge & Dallas, part of land lot No. 77, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ of an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of Robert O. Douglas, to satisfy his State and county tax for 1874.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, being parts of lots Nos. [5 and 6] five and six of the subdivision of what was known as Empire Iron works property; partly on land lot No. (79) seventy-nine and partly on land lot No. (82) eighty-two of the 14th district, of originally Henry now Fulton county, being between the Western & Atlantic R. R. and Marietta street, commencing at a point on Marietta street where O'Keef's southern line fence intersects or touches the street, and running south along the west side of the street exactly half way from O'Keef's fence to the line of Riche's lot; thence again commencing at the point where O'Keef's southern line fence touches the right of way of the Western and Atlantic railroad, and running from thence south along said right of way to a point midway between the crossing point and said right of way and the point where Riche's said line touches said right of way, thence to the said terminating point on Marietta street; levied on as the property of defendants by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Harris Richmond and Shafer vs. J. G. and H. A. Jones.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract of land measuring 24 feet, more or less, on Alabama street, commencing 24 feet from the corner of said Alabama and Loyd streets, running parallel with Loyd street 127 feet to a 12 foot alley, thence parallel with a brick house 24 feet at right angles with said line, parallel with Loyd street, thence parallel with Loyd street 127 feet to Alabama street, thence along Alabama street to the beginning point, being part of city lot No. 1, in block 3, including the land reserved to T. J. Jeffries in deed, by defendant to W. M. and R. J. Lowry, on 27th March, 1871. Levied on as the property of W. P. Chisholm, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa issued from Fulton Superior court in favor of Carhart & Bro. vs. W. P. Chisholm. Property pointed out in mortgage fi. fa.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot or parcel of land beginning fifty feet from the corner of Simpson and Edwards streets, on Edwards street, and running thence along Edwards street north 100 feet to the corner of lot 28 of the subdivision of Lynch property; thence west 50 feet; thence south 100 feet, thence east 50 feet to the beginning, bounded west by lot No. 34 of said subdivision and south by lot of J. C. McBurney, it being part of land lot 83 in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga; Levied on as the property of D. G. Jones, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of James and Peter Lynch, executors, vs. D. G. Jones.

Also at the same time and place, lot No. one of subdivision of city lot No. one hundred and thirty-one, in block twenty-three of land lot fifty one, the same fronting thirty-nine feet on the west side of Butler street and running back the same width west fifty-eight feet and fronting also fifty-eight feet on the north side of Wheat street. And also, lot No. two of said subdivision of said city lot fronting thirty-four feet on the north side of Wheat street, and running back eighty-one feet north, and bounded on the west by the brick African church, and on the east by said lot number one and number three of said subdivision. All levied on by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Justice's Court of the 1026th District G. M., in favor of J. M. Calhoun & son vs. Thos Martin.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain parcel of land, being part of land lot No. 51, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, beginning on North Calhoun street, at Thrasher's line, according to city map, running thence along said street south 100 feet and back east same width 500 feet, more or less. Same as now enclosed, and being part of property formerly owned by McMillan & Snow. Levied on as the property of Emma J. Wimpy and John A. Wimpy, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court, in favor of John A. Moody vs. Emma J. Wimpy and John A. Wimpy. Property pointed out in mortgage fi. fa.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract or parcel of land to-wit: City lot No. 11, and 17½ feet of lot 12, in block No. 4; subdivision of Edward Parson's property as shown in Cooper's map of the city of Atlanta, lying in the city of Atlanta, and bounded as follows: By formerly Trebursey, now Tatnal street, by Sallie Baldwin's place and by Augustus Barnes' place. Levied on as the property of Thomas Bell, by virtue of, and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Wm. Jennings, administrator of A. Williams, deceased, vs. Thomas Bell.

Also, at the same time and place, one iron safe of Mosler, Boughman & Co.'s patent, levied on as the property of Wm. Rich & Co., by virtue of and to satisfy a distress warrant issued from the justice's court of the 1234th district G. M., in favor of G. C. Rogers vs William Rich & Co.

Also, at the same time and place, lot No 1, of block 6, of the subdivision of the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot No. 77, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, fronting 52 feet on the south west side of Alabama street, and running back the same width south and immediately north west along the line and bounded by Forsyth street, 140 feet to an alley, together with all the improvements on said lot. Levied on as the property of Mark W. Johnson, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of W. L. Bradley vs. Mark W. Johnson.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract or parcel of land lying partly in the city of Atlanta, bounded west by Humphries street, north by Glenn street, and adjoining the property of Burkle, Bender, R. C. Bishop, J. J. Fain, and others, it being part of land lot No. 86 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Joel D. Simms, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Troup Superior Court in favor of Shropshire & Witherspoon vs. Joel D. Simms.

Also at the same time and place, a house and lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting on Marietta street 245 feet, thence on Pettis street 250 feet. Said lot containing two acres, being part of original land lot No. 53, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county. Levied on as the property of Harrison Pettis and wife, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the justice's court of the 1,026 district G M., in favor of Cook, Gunby & Co. vs. H. Pettis and wife. Levy made by J. R. Thompson, L. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, all that part of land lot No. 198, lying east of Nancy's creek. Also, twenty acres out of the northeast corner of land lot No. 197—all in the 17th district of originally Henry now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of John Jones, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa issued from the Justice's Court of the 722d district G. M., in favor of Clark Howell vs. John Jones.

Also, at the same time and place a certain lot of land situated in the city of Atlanta, in Fulton county, Georgia, known as lot No. 42 in the plan of said city of Atlanta, together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. A. Gordon, by virtue of, and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton county Superior Court, in favor of Laura C. Camp vs. E. A. Gordon. Property pointed out in mortgage fi fa

A. M. PERKERSON,
may4—d1aw4w Sheriff.

GEORGIA, Dade county.
Ordinary's Office, April 19, 1875.

WHEREAS Johnson W. Townsend, administrator on the estate of William L. Shook, late of said county, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the real estate belonging to said estate for benefit of heirs and creditors:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in May next, else leave will be granted the applicant to sell said real estate.

J. A. BENNETT,
apr22—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Campbell county.
Ordinary's Office, April 1, 1874.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

WHEREAS, James E. Crane having, in proper form, applied to me for permanent letters of administration on the estate of J. M. Loften, late of said county, deceased;

This is to cite all and singular, the creditors and next of kin of J. M. Loften, to be and appear at my office, within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration should not be granted to James E. Crane on J. M. Loften's estate.

R. C. BEAVERS,
apr3—w4w Ordinary.

Douglas County Sheriff's Sales for June, 1875.

WILL be sold, on the first Tuesday in June next, before the Court House door, in the town of Douglasville, Douglass county, Georgia, between the legal hours of sale, the following property:

One Wagon and Oxen, and one "Jackass MULE," to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Carroll Superior Court in favor of W. W. Marrell, administrator, &c., vs. Solomon W. Scrofford and H. T. Harper. Property pointed out by plaintiff. Levy made by S. W. Biggers, former Deputy Sheriff, and returned to me. This 27th day of April, 1875.

H. M. MITCHELL,
apr30—wtd Sheriff.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.
Ordinary's Office, April 28, 1875.

WHEREAS, James P. Crockett, administrator on the estate of Walter Wardsworth, deceased, having applied to me for leave to sell at private or public sale, the wild lands belonging to deceased, to-wit: Lots of land Nos. 254 and 255, in the 8th district and 2d section of Fannin county, containing (160) one hundred and sixty acres each; also, lot No 273, in the 7th district and 3d section of Gordon county, containing one hundred and sixty acres; also, half of lot No. 134, in the 11th district of Heard county, containing one hundred acres, more or less:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any they have, within the time prescribed by law, else leave will be granted said applicant to sell said lands.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
apr30—w4w Ordinary.

GEORGIA Fulton county.
STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed, by the Court of Ordinary, administrator of the estate of Daniel Kennedy, late of said county; deceased All persons having demands against said estate will present them properly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

WILLIAM R. HAMMOND,
apr28—w1mo Administrator.

THE FINE LARGE Sale. HORSES
APPLY TO
C. TAYLOR'S STABLES.
may4—dtf

GEORGIA, Dade county.

THIS IS NOTIFY ALL PERSONS CONcerned that the advertising of the Sheriff of Dade county will, from this date, be continued in THE CONSTITUTION, at Atlanta, Georgia. April 19, 1875.

JACOB STEEL,
apr22—w4w Sheriff.

GRAND EXCURSION TO

Toccoa Falls!

FARE—ROUND TRIP.
Adults $1 50
Children & Servants, 1 00

Tuesday, May 11, 1875.

THERE will be a grand excursion to Toccoa Falls on Tuesday, May 11th. The proceeds will be applied to the purchasing of a Parsonage for St. Paul's M. E. Church South. As the regular fare for the round trip is $9 30, it will be readily seen that $1 50 is within the reach of all. Let no one lose this opportunity to spend a day pleasantly in the mountains of Georgia. The train will leave the car shed at 7 o'clock a. m., and leave Toccoa Falls at 5 o'clock p. m. Tickets can be purchased from the ladies of the St. Paul's Parsonage Society or the book stores. Arrangements have been made to have refreshments on the train. may2—d7t

Sunday School Picnic

The Sunday School of the First Methodist Church will Picnic at

VINING'S STATION,

on the W. and A. R. R., on

Friday, May 7th.

ALL necessary arrangements have been made with Railroad Company.

Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's and at the ticket office—Union Passenger Depot.

Adults 50 cents; children 25 cents.

Train leaves at 8:40 a. m., returning so as reach the city at 6 p. m.

Let everybody go and make it the picnic of the season. may4—d3t

TRINITY

Sunday School Picnic

Thursday, May 6th.

WILL leave the Passenger Depot precisely at 7 o'clock a. m., for STONE MOUNTAIN and return at 6 p. m., stopping going and returning, at KIRKWOOD and DECATUR.

Friends and Parents will please remember to bring well filled baskets to supply the tables.

All over 15 years of age, 50 cents: under and servants, 25 cents.

Tickets can be had of Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., Wm. Land, O. H. Jones & Co., and on the train. may4—d3t

NOTICE.

TOLLED as an estray, May 3, 1875, by Bailey Light, of 1024th District, G. M., of Fulton county, Georgia, one dark brindle COW, seven or eight years old, with white streak along back, also under the belly, with smooth crop off left ear, and a hole and split in the right; also, a young Calf. Appraised by freeholders at seventeen dollars. The owner is hereby notified to prove property, pay costs and expenses, else they will be sold on the premises of said Light, at 98 West Hunter street, city of Atlanta, on Thursday, the 16th day of May, 1875.

JNO. T. COOPER,
may4—d1t Clerk C. O.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONCERT,

—AT—

JAMES' HALL.

ON THURSDAY instant, at 8½ EVENING, the 6th CONCERT, by the ladies, will be given a musical talent in the city, composing the building of

St. Luke's Church,

now nearly completed. The citizens of Atlanta who have already generously aided the Rector and Congregation of this struggling Parish to restore its waste places, will now have an opportunity to crown the work and at the same time gratify their taste for one of the most refined arts, by a full attendance.

Tickets may be had by application to any of the Book or Drug Stores may4-d3t

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of mortgage fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff in the following case, to-wit: FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., versus EDWARD R. SASSEEN, I have levied upon, as the property of defendant fifty acres of land. more or less, being the southern half of that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the seventeenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, being a part of lot of land number (150) one hundred and fifty, containing one hundred and one-fourth acres, more or less, that is all and every part and parcel thereof of said lot one hundred and fifty belonging to and and owned by the said Edward R Sasseen, whether the same be fifty or sixty acres, more or less, together with all the improvements thereon, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JUNE next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, May 3, 1875.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
ma4-d1aw5w United States Marshal.

Smyrna, Georgia,

HAS A PLATFORM for Picnic purposes, built in a nice, shady grove, at a splendid Spring; also, a splendid Base Ball Ground, which they offer gratis. Picnic parties are cordially invited to come. Parties wishing to come to this place will please notify us three days beforehand.

may4-tues&sun SMITH & RIDSON.

Strawberry Festival.

THE Ladies of the Fifth Baptist Church will give a Strawberry Festival, at the Church, corner of Bell and Gilmer streets, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings,

MAY 4th and 5th, 1875,

to raise funds to carpet and repair the Church. ADMISSION FREE.

COME ONE, COME ALL!
may?—d2t

"Much Ado About Nothing."

THE four columns of miserable drivel which Mr. Alex. St. Clair-Abrams inflicted upon the public Sunday in an abortion, which he is pleased to call the Atlanta Daily News, is a production unworthy the pen of an editor who has occasionally written some truthful editorials, and so utterly insignificant and "wishy-washy" as to demand no attention from us, except it were for the purpose of sifting from the great mass of misrepresentations the few grains of truth contained therein. But we do not propose to retort in kind—"the game is not worth the candle." "The late printers the News," like every other body of honorable gentlemen, are too magnanimous to "kick a man when he is down," especially when that man—in a community in which (as he says) he has expended "$35,000 within the past ten months"—has, within that period, so ruined his good name and his credit that, for the "miserable pittance of four dollars and a half," his children are forced to go to school without their breakfast." Modesty, if no other cause, should dictate that a man unable to furnish means to procure breakfast for his children ought not, in this progressive age, to attempt the publication of a first-class (?) daily paper.

may4—d1t NEWS COMPOSITORS.

SPRING GOODS, &c.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO..............New York.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO..............Charleston, S. C.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO..............Jacksonville, Fla.

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.,

Importers and Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

—ALSO,—

Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

54 WHITEHALL STREET.

ATLANTA .... GEORGIA

LADIES, ATTENTION!

Furchgott, Benedict & Co. have made the greatest reduction in SPRING and SUMMER DRESS GOODS that have ever taken place in this city, and in order to secure BARGAINS in the same, call at once and be convinced of the fact that now is the time to buy your goods, in all their Departments, as the backwardness of the season compels them to close out the enormous stock which they have on hand.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.,

54 Whitehall street.

YEARS AGO.

Bless me, boy, that was years ago
And you tell me that's the girl—
That sleek old dowager moving slow,
Just there ahead, in the purple bow
The train and the chain of pearl.

A d eam not faded, but met ...
And draped in a cashmere and bone,
I'm a man of business ...ow many stone,
And weigh, I woosund it all!
But she—oh

Let's ...—ten—twenty years ago
I shut her door in a rage,
That jar—I felt it a week or so;
A fellow's nerves will quiver, you know,
Before he is quite of age.

I remember the room we parted in;
The twilight—the twittering birds;
Her sunny hair with its turquois pin,
Her flashing eyes where a tear had been—
Our passionate parting words.

She waits me yet in some twilight place,
Flushed with that passionate glow;
A wraith-like creature of light and grace,
A dream, a vision, whose fleeting face
I worshipped, those years ago.

No old acquaintance for me, my lad!
No resurrections here.
Rosalias, Maries, grim or glad,
The old loves hide that I have had—
But in a rosier sphere.

BREVITIES.

—The ice still holds out in Lake Champlain.

—It is a matter of much doubt which agitates Memphis most—the spellizootic or buffalo gnats.

—The first spring flower has blossomed. A little girl in Delaware, Pa., skipped the rope 300 times, and is sleeping under the willows.

—The Wilton (Iowa) girl, Miss Ella Carri, who was tarred and feathered for her sins by a mob of married women, has sued the perpetrators for $50,000.

—The lightning-rod man and the nursery tree agent are once more abroad in the land, and the price of dogs has gone up in the rural regions accordingly.

—The Duchess of Edinburg is now said to live much more after a domestic fashion than most people of her rank, and to be joined by Alfred, who has settled down into quite a model husband and father.

—Mrs. Edwin Forrest, now Mrs. Sinclair, makes her home at the Sturtevant hotel. Her kinsman, Mr. Sedley, is her usual companion. The Forrest estate has settled with her for the full arrears of her alimony.

—In Florence there are about one hundred and sixty painters, of whom only three are Americans, the majority being Italians. Among the ninety sculptors of that city however, there are ten or a dozen Americans.

—"Knats" is what the Detroit Sun man calls the insects which are destroying the mules, horses and cattle in some parts of the west. He has concluded not to attend a spelling bee for fear he won't take the first prize.

—The Albany *Argus* says that an American is some one who will stay out late of nights, chew borrowed tobacco, tell big yarns, calmly wait for the old man to die and leave him his money, skin you alive in a horse trade, never pay a debt and never refuse a drink.

—The early home of Mary Howitt, the authoress, the property formerly of that lady's father, Mr. Botham, was offered for sale by auction at Uttoxeter, England, the other day. After a warm competition it was sold for £705, a sum far in excess of its real value.

—Hot Springs commercial quotations: "The snake market is dull; very few offering. First-class bull, $3 75a4; rattle, $6 25a6; coach-whip $7 50a8. Tarantula Lee is out on a snaking, centipeding and tarantuling expedition. Dealers are anticipating heavy stocks on the market soon."

—Golden hair is common with the bar maids of London. It is produced with a powerful solution of chemicals, making a very beautiful tint, and a stink intense enough to knock over an Egyptian pyramid. The introduction of the dye has given a healthy stimulus to the manufacture of patent clothespins.

—An exchange paper solicits answers to the following: If a man is getting shaved in a barber's shop and a fly lights on his nose, and he gives his head a twitch to remove the fly, during which the barber moves a slice of the man's ear, who is to blame?—the man, or the barber, or the fly, or the ear, or the razor?

—When a young man in Patagonia falls in love with a girl, he doesn't visit her six times a week and twice on Sunday, and feed her upon molasses candy and gum drops, and sit up until two o'clock in the morning burning the old man's oil, and that sort of thing. Not at all. Courtship in Patagonia is much more simple. He lassoes the girl, drags her home behind his horse, and that is all the marriage ceremony necessary.

MARKET REPORTS.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, May 4.—Cotton dull; sales 355 bales; uplands 16¼; Orleans 16⅝. Futures opened quiet and easy; May 16 3-16a16¼; June 16¼a16 5-16; July 16 7-16a16½; August 16⅝a16 11-16.

Flour steady. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn heavy. Pork heavy at $22 20. Lard heavy; steam 15 3-16. Turpentine quiet at 36½. Rosin quiet at $2 20. Freights dull.

Stocks active and lower. Money 3. Gold 15⅛. Exchange—long $4 88; short $4 91. Governments active and strong. State bonds quiet.

LIVERPOOL, May 4, noon—Cotton dull and easier; middling uplands 7⅞; middling Orleans 8a8⅛; sales 8,000 bales, including 1,000 for speculation and export; cotton to arrive 1 16 cheaper; sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings delivered in May 7 13-16; do. delivered in May or June 7 13 16; do. delivered in June or July 7 15-16; do. delivered in July or August 8 1-16.

LIVERPOOL, May 4, 2:00 P.M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling Orleans nothing below low middlings shipped in May or June 8 3-16. Breadstuffs quiet.

LIVERPOOL, May 4, 3:30 P. M.—Cotton sales to day include 3,500 bales American.

SHIPPING NEWS.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Arrived out—Chillan, St. Peder, Dirrigo, Ansella, F. H Kockum, Armstrong, Annabel, Fama, Saama, Francis P. Sage, Concordia, Planet, Flosta, Nile, Queen of England, Symmetry, Peerless, Marquis of Bute, Ottawa, Texas, Sarah, Ellen, Jessie, Ajax, Liverpool, Emily, Augusta, Birmingham, Nornen.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]
CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., May 4, 1875.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying.....$1 12 Selling..........$1 14
SILVER—
Buying.....$1 04 Selling..........$1 08
EXCHANGE—
Buying at.....par Selling.......¼ prem
BONDS—
Georgia 6s......80a82 Aug'sta City 8s.81a83
Georgia 7s......90a92 Georgia R. R....90a92
Atlanta Water.73a75 A. & W.P.R. R.91a92
Atlanta City 7s.70a73 Savannah City...82a..
Atlanta City 8s.81a83
STOCKS—
Ga. R. R....78a82 A. & W. P. R. R.65a70
C. R. R.....56a60

Atlanta Produce Market.

PORK—car load.............7¾ gross.
BEEF CATTLE.....................2a5
EGGS..........................15a16
BUTTER—
Country......................18a20
POULTRY—
grown chickens.................30a32
Geese............................50
Ducks..........................30a35
FEATHERS.......................50a60
BEESWAX........................27a27½
RAGS............................2½a3
DRIED FRUIT—
Peaches, unpeeled.................5a7
Peaches. peeled.................10a14
Apples, peeled...................6½a7

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN—
prime white...................$1 10a1 12
MEAL...........................$1 10
GRITS..........................$6 50
WHEAT—nominal.
BUCKWHEAT—per bbl...............$10 00
OATS.............................80
PEAS—
Clay...........................$1 50
Mixed..........................$1 30
Timothy....................$1 60a1 70
Tennessee..................$1 25a1 50
Clover.........................$1 40
FLOUR—
Fancy.....................$8 00a8 25
Extra family..............$7 50a7 75
Family....................$7 00a7 25
Extra.....................$6 50a6 74
Superfine......................$5 75
BACON—
Clear sides.....................14½
Clear rib sides.................14
Shoulders.......................10½
BULK MEATS—
Clear sides.....................none
Clear rib sides.................13½
Shoulders.......................10
Hams............................12½
LARD—
Tierces.....................17a17½
Kegs and cans...................18
Buckets.....................18a18½

HAMS—
Sugar-cured...................60a65
MOLASSES—
Orleans......................75a80
MACKEREL—
No 1 half bbls $7 50; kits..........$1 75
No 2 half bbls $6 50; kits..........$1 50
No 3 bbls $11 50; ½ bbls $5 50; kits $1 20
COFFEE—
Rio...........................23a25
Java.............................30
SUGAR—
A...............................11½
White extra C...................11
Yellow C.....................10a10½
Demerara.....................10½a11
Yellows, N. O. fair to choice...8½a10½
Rope—Annawakee 25a27.
Ties—6a7½.
Spices—pepper 28; ginger 18; alspice 20 nutmegs $1 75; cloves 50.
Salt—Virginia $2 00; Liverpool $1 75.
Vinegar—24a40.
Soap—poor man's $3 50; laundry $2 50 English crown $3 75.
Potatoes—Early rose $5 00; Goodrich $5 peerlees $5 00.
Starch—6a...
Rice—... tierces 8½.
Coffee—Rio 23a25; LaGuira none; Java 38.
Soda—kegs 6½; assorted papers 7½.
Crackers—C soda 4½a5c; A soda 6½a7; butter 5a7; pic-nic 5a7; oyster 6a8; milk 9½a12; wine 10a12; Boston butter 10a12; sugar 8½a10; C cream 8½a10; lemon cream 9½a11; hand-made sugar jumbles 18a16; hand-made lemon cakes 14a16; hand-made tea-cakes 15a20; hand-made scolloped sugar cakes 10a12; spice cakes 10a12; ginger snaps 9a12; ginger bread 8a9.
Candy assorted stick, per box, $3 50a 3 75; fancy 18a35.
Canned and Case Goods—1 lb oyster. per dozen $1a1 10; 2 lb. oysters, per dozen, $2 25 a2 50; sardines, per case, $17a17 50; salmon, per dozen $2 50; lobsters, per dozen, $2 40; tomatoes, per dozen, $1 75a2 00; peaches, per dozen, $2 50a2 75; pineapples $2 50a2 75; green corn $2 50; green peas 2 lbs $2 25a2 75; Lima beans 2 lbs. $3a3 25; eagle brand milk 1 lb $3a3 25.
Pickles. Mustard and Sauce—Gerkins, pts per case $1 75a2; qts per case $3a3 25; half gals $4 50a5; gals, half doz $8 25a8 50; half bbls. $6 50a8; English pickles, pts $4 25a5; Colman's mustard per doz $2a2 25; French mustard per doz, $2a2 35; Lea & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce $5a5 50; tomato catsup pts $1 25a1 50; qts $2 25a2 50; pepper sauce red $1 25a1 50; green $1 50a1 75.
Flavoring Extracts—Lemon per doz $2 25 a2 50; vanilla $2 75a3; assorted $2 25a2 50.
Sardines—qrs $17a17 50.
Fire Crackers—No. 1 extra, 40 packs per box, $3 50.
Teas—Oolong 75a$1; imperial 75a$1; gunpowder 75a$1.
Cheese—State dairy 15a18½.
Onions—silver skin, very choice $5 50a6 red $5 50a$6.
Apples—choice to fancy $5a6.
Oranges—Louisiana, each 2½a 3½.
Lemons—per box $7 50a$8.
Raisins—Layers, whole, per box $3 50a4; half $1 85a2; quarters $1.
Currants—per lb. 10a12½.
Citron—Leghorn, per lb 45a47; English Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per lb, new Sold 17½.
Dates—in 25 and 30 boxes, per lb 12½a15
Prunes—in bbls, per lb 12½a14.
Nuts and Almonds—Languedoc 25½a27½; pecan nuts 11a15; Brazil nuts 15; English walnuts 16a20; filberts 15a17½.
Pea Nuts—Tennessee choice per bushel $2 00; Wilmington fancy per lb 10.
Sundries—Dried herring 60a75; Bologna sausage 12½a15; Atmore's mince meat 12c per lb in half bbls.
Wood Ware—2 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets, per dozen $8 50; 3 hp brass-bound red cedar buckets per doz $9 50; 2 hp brass-bound juniper buckets $8; 3 hp juniper buckets $7; 2 hp painted buckets $2 50a 3 60; well buckets $6a6 50; painted tubs, 3 in nest, $3 65a3 75; No. 18 sieves per doz. $2 25; brooms, per doz, $2 75a4 50; matches, parlor per gross $3 25; ball boxes per doz $3 00.
Lime—35a50; hydraulic $1 50.
Cement—$3 50a$4.
Concentrated Lye, per case, $8 50; potash, per case, $8 00.
Copperas—4c.
Kerosene Oil—18a20.
Blacking—35a70
Candles—17½.
Axle Grease—per dozen, $1 50.
Table Salt—per dozen, $1 50.
Nails—For 12d, 10d, $3 75. 25c per keg additional for diminishing sizes.
Powder—per keg rifle $6 50; blasting $4 50.
Shot—drop, per bag, $2 40; buck, per bag, $2 75.
Iron—Bar iron $3 50; axes $11a13 50; steel 20a22; shovels—Ames' 12a$14 50; horse and mule shoes 7a8; horse shoe nails 20a30. Scofield Rolling Mill standard sizes by carload 3c; do. less than carload 3⅛a4; sundry sizes carload 3⅛a3⅝; sundry sizes less than carload 3⅝a5⅛; steel, 3 to 4 inch, 1c extra; do. 4 to 10 inch, 2c; horse-shoe ⅜ extra; tire ⅜ extra.
Leather—Sole, hemlock, good damaged 26½ a28; good 29a33; white oak 40a50; black upper 40a55.
Wool—Washed 35a50c; unwashed 25c.
Yarn—$1 20.
Seeds—Clover $9 00; timothy $4 50; orchard grass $3 25; blue grass $2; herd's grass 2 25; Hungarian millet $2.

Tobacco.

Chewing—Common, sound, 11-in new per pound 50a55; do., 11-in old 55a60; medium, 11-in old 65a85; good 11-in old 68a75; fine 11-in. old 75a85; bright navys 60a65; bright qrs. 12-in 60a65; good 70a75; fine 85a90; 12-inch pounds, good 75a90; very fine, Gravely $1 10. fine cut, home made 80a85; Sunny Side, per gross $10 70; Welcome $10; Century $10; in bulk, per lb. $1 10; Log Cabin $1 10; Calhoun $1 25; Stults AAAA $1 10.

Smoking—Durham, per pound 65a75; Highlander $1; Lone Jack $1 75a2; Dew Drop 75; in case 65; Merry Mates 55; case 50, The Weed 55; case 45; Seal of North Carolina 75; case 65; Little Joker 65; case 60, Louisiana Perique $3; Virginity $1 50; Caprice $1 75; Straight Cut $1 75; Cavendish $1 25.

Wines and Liquors.

Corn whisky, proof, 100 per cent., from $1 45 to $1 90, 80 per cent., $1 20, white Pure Robertson County whisky from $1 45 to $3 00; Bourbon from $1 45 to $5; proof rye $1 45 to $6; apple brandy $2 25 to $2 50; peach Brandy from $2 50 to $3; ginger brandy from $1 45 to $2 00; cognac from $1 75 to $3; pure imported from $8 to $12; domestic $1 75a3; Jamaica rum $3 50a4 50; pure cherry brandy from 1 45 to $1 75; gin from $1 75 to $2 75; pure imported from $4 to $10; rum from $1 50 to $4; pure port wine from $2 to $6; sherry wine from $2 to $6; claret in cases $6 per dozen; golden crown champagne, pints, $16, quarts, $14; Heidsick & Co., pints, $30, quarts $28.

Fresh Meats.

Beef—Loin 15c; roast 15c; choice steaks 15c; chuck 12½c; brisket 10c. Pork nominal, 12½c. Mutton 12½a15c. Veal 15c.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Ticking—Amoskeag A C A 25c; Conestoga C C A 18c; Lewiston A 30 inch 20c; Biddeford A 13½c; A A 17c; A A A 20c; B 12½c; Minnehaha 7-8 22½c; A C A 30 inch 23c; Pittsfield 7½; Eagle and Phœnix 4-4 25c; 33 in. 24.

Stripes—American 12c; Arasapha 12 1-2c; Massabesic 14c to 15c; Uncasville A 11 to 12c.

Corset Jeans—Kearsage 12½c.; Laconia 11½c; Naumking Sateen 13½c.

Osnaburgs—Alabama, No. 1, 10½c; Trion factory 14c. Milledgeville—8 oz. 14; 6 oz 12½.

Paper Cambrics—Manville 7½; Lonsdale 7½ Masonville 8c; S S & Sons 8c; Garner 7½c. high colors 8½c.

Glazed Cambrics—Ellerton 6½c; Franklin 6½c; Harmony 6½, high colors, 7c.

Kentucky Jeans—Alpine cloth 35c; Cuba 22½c; Fairfax 16c; Gulf mill 22½c.; Hillside 10½c; Pacific R. R. 37½c; Preferred Doeskin 37½c; Red Cloud 20; Missouri 22; Port Royal 25; Atlas 30; Lewellyn 23½; West Lake 28½c.

Dress Goods—corded alpacas 22½c; 3-4 solid 17a18; fancy delaines 20; Balermo stripes 22.

Linseys—12½a20c.

Flannels—white 22½a40; red 20a40; shaker 50a60.

PRINTS—Amoskeag 8½; Arnold's specialty 10; Albion 9; Ancona 8a9; Bedford 7½a 8½; Conestoga 8½a9; Dunnell's 9; Garner's 9; Hartel's 9; Sprague 8½a9; Gloucester 8½a9; Simpson's black 9; Simpson's grays 9; American 8½a9; Freeman's side bands 8; Allen's 8½a9.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 10; 7-8 8½; yarns $1 20; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Augusta and Graniteville—3-4 shirting 7 cents per yard; 7-8 shirtings 8½ per yard; 4-4 sheetings 10 per yard; 7-8 drill 10½ per yard.

Concord Mills—Jeans 65; cashmarets plain 65; cassimeres twilled 75a$1 15; cadet grey $1 25.

Eagle and Phœnix—stripes 11; fancies, fashion 12½c; checks 13; Georgia plaids 12½c.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.

Amoskeag A 36 in. 14c; Z 33 in. 9c. Arkwright 36 in. 15½c. Auburn S. 36 in. 13½c. Boott E 36 in. 9c; R 28 in. 7½c. Cabot ⅞ 10c; 36 in. 11½c. Canoe 27 in. 6c. Fruit of the Loom 36 in. 13c. Gem of the Spindle 14c. Hope 36 in. 12c. Linwood 36 in. 12½c Lonsdale 36 in. 12½c. Social L. 36 in. 10c Suffolk L. 36 in. 7c. Wamsutta OXX 36 in 15½c; OHH 36 in. 18c. Wessacumcon H. 33 in. 9c. Tuscarora 15½. Pocahontas 12½. Seaside 13½. Holmesville 13. Rosebud 13 Ticonderoga 33 in. 11½. Columbia 9½. Ballou & Son 10a7½a9. Chestnut Hill 9½. Diamond Hill 12. White river 10. Roger Williams 10½. Grant Mills 8. Red Dog 7.

Domestic Ginghams — Gloucester 9 1-2 Lancaster 12c; Baird 10c.

Drugs, Oils, etc.

Opium, per lb, $11 00; bi-carbonate soda, per lb, 6 50; bluestone, per lb, 14a15; copperas, per lb, 3a3½; Epsom salts, per lb, 6; madder, per lb, 16a17; alum, per lb, 6; borax, per lb, 25; brimstone, per lb, 6a7; camphor, per lb, 50; indigo, per lb, 1 00a1 30; quinine, per ounce, $2 50; saltpetre, per lb, 12a15; copal varnish, per gal, $2 00a3 50; Japan varnish, per gal, $1 25a1 75; coach varnish, per gal, $3 50a6 00; white lead, per lb, 9½a14; white lead, pure per lb, 14a15; castor oil, per gal, $1 35; stock powders, per doz, $1 25a1 75; lemon syrup, per doz, $3 75a5 00; gum as safoetida 40a50; acid, sulphuric, carboy. 11 20; petro oil, per gal, 38a40; turpentine, per gal, 50; catechu, per lb, 9½; flaxseed, per lb, 10; alcohol, per gal, $2 00a2 25; raw linseed oil, per gal, $1 10; boiled linseed oil, per gal, $2 40; sweet oil, per gal, $2 00; sperm oil, per gal, $1 ...; whale oil, per gal, ...; ... kerosene oil, per gal, $1 ...; lard oil, per gal, $1 15a1 20; tanners ...

Junk Market.

Rags—Buying prices 2a2½. Waste paper—Buying prices ½c. Scrap Iron—Buying prices ½c. Old Copper—Buying prices 12½a15. Twine—Paper, selling price per lb., 25; Jute 15a25; Cotton 18a40; Flax 40a80.

NOTICES.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.—an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. jan15—d&w3mo

THE THOMPSON HOUSE,

— AND —

45 WHITEHALL, AND 60 & 62 BROAD ST.

R. G. Thompson begs to inform the citizens of Atlanta, and the traveling public generally, that he has had the above-named house thoroughly renovated and newly furnished, and is now prepared to receive boarders, either transient or permanent, at moderate rates. Rooms by the day, week month. The table is provided with every delicacy of the season, and the cooking cannot be excelled by any house in the city.

Ice Cream Parlors.

In connection with the house, I have fitted up two parlors, fronting on Whitehall street, for the sale of Ice Cream during the coming season. The special attention of the ladies is called to these parlors. My reputation as proprietor of the Cafe, in the Capitol building, some six years ago, being a guarantee that they will be conducted in the best possible manner. Mrs. Thompson will pay special attention to the Ice Cream Parlors, and will see to it that the wants of ladies and children are promptly supplied. The Ice Cream Parlors will be kept open during the summer season from ten o'clock in the morning to midnight, and on Sundays from twelve o'clock noon to eleven o'clock p. m. R. G. THOMPSON.
may1—d1mo

CARPETS, &c.

CARPETS.

WM. A. HAYGOOD,
21 Marietta, corner Broad Street,
— DEALER IN —
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Curtains, Lambrequins, Shades and Upholstery Goods.
Orders from a distance will meet prompt attention.
mar22—dtf

Valuable Real Estate
FOR SALE or EXCHANGE

I WILL sell, on accommodating terms, the following real estate, or I will exchange it for property in or near the city of Atlanta, A No. 1 FARM, in Newton county, Georgia, located on the Alcova river and Bear creek, seven miles south of Covington, (which is forty miles east of Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad.) It contains about fourteen hundred acres, in good proportions of cleared and timbered lands. This Farm has been well kept. The houses and fences all in good condition as in the days of slavery. It is in an excellent neighborhood, is intersected by a public road and is in sight of Henderson's Mills—first-class Flouring and Grist Mills.

Also, a commodious house and lot in the town of Covington, which is located near the public square, and is only three squares from the Masonic Female College, which institution is now in flourishing condition, and it is about one mile and a half from Emory College, in the town of Oxford, which is one of the best Colleges in the South. I spent $2,500 in renovating the house and fences around the premises about a year ago, and they are now about as good as new.

Any person wishing to trade for this property, will please communicate with me through the mail, at Atlanta, Ga., or I can be found in person, by inquiry, at the store of Maddox & Rucker, under the National Hotel. JOHN G. REYNOLDS.
apr25—d1mo

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HAS ROOMS at the National Hotel, where he proposes to treat BALDNESS

Free of Charge!

Our motto is, "No cure, no pay." Payable twelve months after date. Stops the hair from falling out in a few days. Cures dandruff and all scalp diseases in eight to twelve days. Do not fail to call upon him at once and see for yourselves. apr8-dtf

Hotel for Rent.

THE Bartow House, in Cartersville, Georgia, is offered for RENT on reasonable terms. It is a three-story brick building, located in the right place to do business. For particulars apply to
SAMUEL CLAYTON,
apr23—deod3w Cartersville, Ga.

Sweet Potato Draws.

750,000 SWEET Potato Slips for sale at reasonable prices, by the hundred or thousand. All orders along the lines of the railroads will receive prompt attention, as well as orders in city. Some of the plants will be ready for transplanting in a few days. Apply to A. L. FOWLER, 101 Marietta street, or to H. H. Smith, on the premises, West Simpson street, near city limits. may2—d1w

JNO. STAINBACK WILSON, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN IN CHARGE.

GENUINE TURKISH BATH!! Hygienic Institute,

Corner Loyd and Wall streets, opposite Passenger Depot, ATLANTA, GA.

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Hot and Cold Water Baths.

THE Turkish Bath and other Hygienic Agents are the most Safe, Sure and Pleasant of all remedies, and the only ones that will cure Chronic Diseases; and the Bath is a most Delightful Luxury. Open from 7 a. m to 9 p. m. Arrangements for ladies. Patients provided with Hygienic board or prescribed for at home. Address full as above. [apr11—d2taw3m

Notice in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT of the United States—Northern District of Georgia—In Bankruptcy, in the matter of Jackson W. Morrow, bankrupt—No. 959.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any they have, before Register L. T. Downing, at the office of the Virginia House [hotel] in Newnan, Georgia, on the 5th day of June, 1875, at 10 o'clock a. m. why the said bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts.

The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.
apr26—d1aw2w A. E. BUCK, Clerk

OPIUM Habit Cured

A certain and sure cure, without inconvenience, and at home. An antidote that stands purely on its own merit. Send for my quarter magazine (it costs you nothing) containing certificates of hundreds that have been permanently cured. I claim to have discovered and produced the *first, original, and only sure cure for opium eating.*

DR. S. B. COLLINS, LaPorte, Ind.
B. M. WOOLLEY, Sole Agent Southern States, Atlanta, Georgia.

All first orders from the South for Medicine should be forwarded through him. Office in Park Medical Institute, corner Broad and Mitchell streets, Atlanta, Georgia. jan24—deod&wtf

OFFICE OF THE
Life Association of America,

ST. LOUIS, April 15, 1875.

IN accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of the Charter, an election for five members of the General Board of Directors, to serve for the term of three years, will be held at the General Office, in St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, the 18th day of May, 1875.

The polls will be open from 11 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m.

H. W. HOUGH, President.
J. S. PIERCE, Secretary.
apr25—sun-ap25&may2-9-16th

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

SIMMONS'
TAKE LIVER REGULATOR.

THE FAVORITE HOME REMEDY.

Is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

Purely Vegetable,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail, IT WILL CURE ALL DISEASES CAUSED BY DERANGMENT OF THE LIVER AND BOWELS,

Simmon's Liver Regulator,

OR MEDICINE, is eminently a Family Medicine; and by being kept ready for immediate resort will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bill.

After over Forty Years' trial it is receiving the most unequalified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent physicians commend it as the most

EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC

for Constipation, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, despondency, gloom and forebodings of evil, all of which are the offspring of a deceased Liver.

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion.

Armed with this ANTIDOTE, all diseases and changes of water and food may be faced without fear. As a Remedy in MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDIC, NAUSEA,]

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

It is the Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

CAUTION!

Buy no powders or PREPARED SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Ga., and Philadelphia.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TAKE
SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

For all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen.

As a Remedy in

MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA MENTAL DEPRESSION, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDICE, NAUSEA, SICK HEADACHE, COLIC, CONSTIPATION and BILIOUSNESS

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

The Symptoms of Liver Complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, sometimes alternating with lax. The head is troubled with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility, and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the Liver is generally the organ most invoved.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I have never seen or tried such a simple, efficacious, satisfactory and pleasant remedy in my life."—H. HAINER, St. Louis, Mo.

Hon. Alex. H. Stephens.

"I occasionally use, when my condition requires it, Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator, with good effect."—HON. A. H. STEPHENS.

Governor of Alabama.

"Your Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am persuaded it is a valuable addition to the medical science."—GOV. J. GILL SHORTER, Ala.

"I have used the Regulator in my family for the past seventeen years. I can safely recommend it to the world as the best medicine I have ever used for that class of diseases it purports to cure."—H. F. THIGPEN.

President of City Bank.

"Simmons' Liver Regulator has proved a good and efficacious medicine."—C. A. NUTTING.

Druggist.

"We have been acquainted with Dr. Simmons' Liver Medicine for more than twenty years, and know it to be the best Liver Regulator offered to the public."—M. R. LYON and H. L. LYON, Bellefontaine Ga.

"I was cured by Simmons' Liver Regulator, after having suffered several years with chills and fever."—R. F. ANDERSON.

The Clergy.

"Have been a dyspeptic for years; began the Regulator two years ago; it has acted like a charm in my case."
REV. J. C. HOLMES.

Ladies Indorsement.

"I have given your medicine a thorough trial, and in no case has it failed to give full satisfaction." ELLEN MEACHAM, Chattahoochee, Fla.

Sheriff Bibb County.

"I have used your Regulator with successful effect in Billous Colic and Dyspepsia. It is an excellent remedy, and certainly a public blessing."—C. MASTERSON, Bibb county, Ga.

My Wife.

"My wife and self have used the Regulator for years, and testifies to its great virtues."—Rev. J. R. FELDER, Perry, Ga.

"I think Simmons' Liver Regulator one of the best medicines ever made for the Liver. My wife, and many others, have used it with wonderful effect."—E. K. SPARKS, Albany, Ga.

M. D.

"I have used the Regulator in my family and also in my regular practice, and have found it a most valuable and satisfactory medicine, and believe if it was used by the profession it would be of service in very many cases. I know very much of its component parts, and can certify its medicinal qualities are perfectly harmless."—B. F GRIGGS, M. D., Macon, Ga.

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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	$2,000,000
GUARANTEED CAPITAL	500,000
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DEPOSITED with STATE COMPTROLLER for SECURITY of Policy-holders,	150,000

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mar27—d2tawtf Superintendent Agencies.

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Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine insurance one-half of one per cent.

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oct22— july4—deodtf

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apr30—d&w4w

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FAIRBANKS & CO., 403 St. Paul's street, Montreal.
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For sale by leading Hardware dealers
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Marriage Guide.

A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, preserving the complexion, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage; still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world-wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers, or using any quack remedies, peruse Dr. Butts' work, no matter what your disease is or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is indorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases mentioned in his works. Office and parlors, No. 12 North Eighth street, between Market and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.
aug27, '75—1&wly

A FORTUNE FOR $
Wyoming Monthly
LOTTERY.

Legalized by Authority of an act of the Legislature
Tickets $1 each, Six for $5. One Chance in every 9
Fifth Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of $100,0..
1 Cash Prize of 50,0..
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1,025 Cash Prizes amounting to $350,...

The last Extraordinary Drawing was presided over by ... Pres't of Board of Trade. The second by Gov ... Third by Ticket Holders. The fourth by Judge ... Pres't of the Senate. Draws every 30 Days. Agents wanted. Liberal pay. For full particulars ... Address ...
J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyom
J. B.—Laramie City is on the Union Pacific Railroad ... Chicago and Ogden

DR. C. A. BOHANNAN

Cures all Private Diseases without the use of mercury. Charges reasonable. Guarantees to cure all forms of "Spermatorrhea," or "Seminal Weakness" in from 2 to 7 weeks time. Office No. 819 North Fifth Street, bet. Washington ave. & Green, St. Louis, Mo. Established in St. Louis in 1857.

Dr. B.'s "Treatise on Special Diseases" which fully explains the nature, causes, symptoms, &c., of "Spermatorrhea," "Seminal Weakness" Syphilis and valuable information on other delicate subjects, sent FREE in sealed Envelope.
apr4—d&wtf

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BOQUETS!

BEDDING Plants of every variety of Verbenas, Geraniums, Carnations, Pinks, Phlox, Fever-few, Chrysanthemum, Heliotropes, Petunias, etc. French Hybrid Gladiolus, Tube Roses, Dahlias and Madera-Vine Roots, by the dozen or hundred.

Floral Decorations for weddings, balls or parties made in the best style and on shortest notice. Cabbage, Tomato, Celery and Cauliflower Plants and Sweet Potatoe Slips by the hundred or thousand. Green-houses and nurseries at West End; office at Phillips & Crew's music store.
CHAS. F. GAILMARD & CO.

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE
VIA
Atlanta and Augusta

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by this line are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

Conductors on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The quickest time and sure connection made by this route.

Passengers can purchase through tickets and have their baggage checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, by four different routes, via Augusta Kingsville and Wilmington; via Columbia Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fares Low by Augusta
As any other Route.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this Route.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find

SPLENDID LINE OF STEAMSHIPS

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Table supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on sale at Montgomery West Point and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steamships.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
ja24-tf

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA DIVISION,
Central R. R. and Banking Co. of Georgia,
Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 10, 1874,

Change of Schedule.

ON and after Thursday, December 10, 1874, the trains between Atlanta and Carrolton will run as follows:

	Arrive.	Leave.
Carrolton		7 45 a m
Whitesburg	8 45 a m	8 55 a m
Sargents	9 15 a m	9 17 a m
Newnan	9 37 a m	9 52 a m
Sharpsburg	10 27 a m	10 29 a m
Turin	10 34 a m	10 37 a m
Senoia	10 57 a m	11 07 a m
Brooksville	11 32 a m	11 42 a m
Griffin	12 22 p m	12 36
Atlanta	2 55 p m	
RETURNING.	Arrive.	Leave.
Atlanta		1 00 p m
Griffin	3 15 p m	3 25 p m
Brooksville	4 00 p m	4 05 p m
Senoia	4 35 p m	4 45 p m
Turin	5 05 p m	5 07 p m
Sharpsburg	5 12 p m	5 14 p m
Newnan	5 49 p m	6 04 p m
Sargents	6 24 p m	6 26 p m
Whitesburg	6 46 p m	6 51 p m
Carrollton	7 51 p m	

A. J. WHITE, Pres. and Supt.,
S. G. and N. A. R. R.
G. J. FOREACRE, Supt.
dec11—dtf C. R. R. (A. D.)

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line
RAILWAY.

Commencing Sunday
APRIL 4th, 1875.

PASSENGER TRAIN EASTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	7 30 p m
Leave Gainesville	10 02 p m
Leave Toccoa	12 01 a m
Leave Seneca City	1 24 a m
Leave Greenville	3 21 a m
Leave Spartanburg	4 53 a m
Arrive Charlotte	8 30 a m

Making close connections for Danville, Richmond and Eastern cities, arriving

12 HOURS IN ADVANCE

of any other line out of Atlanta.

PASSENGER TRAIN WESTWARD.

Leave Charlotte	7 00 a m
Leave Spartanburg	11 03 a m
Leave Greenville	12 33 p m
Leave Seneca City	2 45 p m
Leave Toccoa	4 11 p m
Leave Gainesville	6 09 p m
Arrive Atlanta	9 10 p m

Pullman Palace Cars THROUGH TO RICHMOND WITHOUT CHANGE.
JOHN B. PECK,
apr4—dtf Master Transportation.

Memphis and Charleston R. R

MEMPHIS, TENN., OCT. 15, 1874.

NOTICE.

MR. AKERS having resigned as agent to the Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Atlanta, Mr. T. G. GARRETT has been appointed as his successor.

Planters and others desiring information in regard to transportation of hands from that section, may get reliable information by calling on or addressing
T. G. GARRETT,
Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
W. J. ROSS,
General Superintendent. oct18-dtf

GO TO
TEXAS
VIA THE
Lone Star Route!

International & Gt. Northern R. R

IT IS

The Shortest Quickest and Best
ALL-RAIL LINE TO

Waco,	Bremond,
Hearne,	Rockdale,
Houston,	Galveston,
Hempstead,	Brenham,
Columbia,	Austin,
San Antonio,	

And all principal points in

Eastern, Central, Western & Southern
TEXAS!

SEND for a GUIDE AND MAP of the route, which will be sent free, by addressing the General Ticket Agent International and Great Northern Railroad, HOUSTON, TEXAS.
jan8—wly-n-r-m

PASSENGERS
Going North or East,

WILL avoid night changes and secure the MOST COMFORTABLE AND SHORTEST ROUTE, by buying tickets

VIA THE VA. MIDLAND.

This route is ONE HUNDRED MILES SHORTER than any other to the

Springs of Virginia,

W. D. CHIPLEY,
General Southern Agent,
G. J. FOREACRE, Atlanta, Ga.
General Manager,
Alexandria, Va. [apr1—dtf

Y. M. L. A.

THE annual meeting of the Young Men's Library Association will be held at the Library Hall, on Tuesday, the 11th May 1875, at 8 o'clock p. m., at which time reports of officers for the past year will be in order; also, nominations for officers for the ensuing year.

Messrs. J. R. Simmons, R. D. Spalding, J. C. Courtney, W. H. Howell, C. W. Hubner, C. S. Solomon, L. Rosenfeld, Walter R. Brown, J. Tyler Cooper, Edgar A. Orr, T. J. Dabney, and E. A. Knight, have been appointed inspectors for the election to be held Tuesday, the 18th May, 1875, at 2 o'clock p. m., in the Library Hall.
J. W. CHESTER,
apr30—dtuesthursunlm Secretary.

ATLANTA NURSERIES.

FLOWERS! FLOWERS! FLOWERS!
NOW IS THE TIME TO PLANT

Decorate Your Homes with Beautiful & Rare Flowers,
VERANDAS AND BAY WINDOWS WITH HANGING BASKETS,
Lawns with Japan Lilies, Gladiolas, Tube Roses,
OLEANDERS, &c., &c.

Your Conservatories with Camelliase, Japonicas, Fuchsias, Pelargoniums, Apple Geraniums, Calceolarias, &c.

A large lot of Magnolia Fuscata (Banana Shrub), Tea, Olie, and other fragrant shrubs
29 Broad street, near the bridge. M. COLE & CO.,
apr28—d1w Proprietors Atlanta Nurseries

SOUTHERN BRASS WORKS.

JNO. A. MIDDLETON. W. H. HACKETT. W. G. MIDDLETON

Southern Brass Works.
MIDDLETON BROTHERS & CO.,

No. 50 Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia,

Manufacturers of Car Brasses, Brass

Valves, Car Trimmings, Oil Cups, Globe Angle and Check Valves, Locomotives and Stationary Engine Trimmings, and Brass Castings of every description, to order. Also, Copper Stills, Copper Pipe, Copper Kettles, Rabbit Mental, Tinners' and Plumbers' Solder. WE ARE BETTER PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE BRASS GOODS THAN ANY ESTABLISHMENT IN THE SOUTH, AND SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE. Agents for the Tanite Co.'s Emory Wheels and Machinery. Also, Blakke Steam Pump Studervant Blowers, Judson's Governors, &c.
mar14—3taw&wtf

PLANING MILLS.

COOK, GUNBY & CO.,

(GEO. W. D. COOK. WM. F. GUNBY. F. S. STEWART.)

CONTRACTORS FOR BUILDING,
And Proprietors

Atlanta Steam Planing Mills.

PREMIUM FOR WHITE PINE WORK AT GEORGIA STATE FAIR, 1874.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

WHITE PINE & HARD WOOD DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, MOULDINGS,

Newels, Balusters, Hand Rails, Brackets, &c., &c.

No. 33 Foundry Street, on Western and Atlanta Railroad.

ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

BOXES of all kinds made to order ON SHORT NOTICE. [mar25-2tiljan1875

HARDWARE AND CARRIAGE MATERIAL

HARDWARE
Wholesale and Retail.

M'NAUGHT & SCRUTCHIN,

86 and 88 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, Etc.,

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON MAKERS' WOOD WORK,
AXLES, BOXES, THIMBLE-SKEINS, Etc.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS HARDWARE
HORSE AND MULE SHOES OF THE FINEST QUALITY,
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF DUPONT'S CELEBRATED
RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.
oct18-dtf

GIFT CONCERT.

Splendid Investment
NO BLANKS.

Tickets Not Drawing Cash Gifts
TO BE
REDEEMED IN LAND.

$550,000 in Cash
TO BE
GIVEN AWAY

IN THE FIRST DRAWING OF THE
East Line and Red River Railroad
GIFT CONCERT,
— AT —
Jefferson, Texas,
THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1875.

EVERY TICKET NOT REDEEMED WITH A CASH GIFT WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE RAILROAD COMPANY AT ITS FACE VALUE FOR THE LANDS DONATED TO THE RAILROAD BY THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Cash Gifts Awarded at First Drawing

1 Cash Gift of	$100,000
1 Cash Gift of	60,000
1 Cash Gift of	30,000
1 Cash Gift of	20,000
1 Cash Gift of	10,000
10 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each	10,000
100 Cash Gifts of $500 each	10,000
500 Cash Gifts of $40 each	20,000
14,500 Cash Gifts of $20 each	290,000
15,115 Cash Gifts, amounting to	$550,000

Tickets..........$20 00
Ten Coupons..........2 00

DIRECTORS.

L. A. Ellis, of Ellis, Bagley & Co.
W. M. Harrison, President National Bank.
R. D. Gribble, President Citizens' Savings Bank.
W. W. Harper, of Goyne, Harper & Murphy.
J. P. Russell, of Russell, Rainey & Co.
T. M. Bagley, of Ellis, Bagley & Co.
T. G. Anderson, Secretary Life Association of America.
Dr. A. G. Clopton.
P. C. Ahern, Commission Merchant.
Ward Taylor, Jr., Editor D. and W. Jimplecute.
S. D. Rainey, Russell, Rainey & Co.

The East Line and Red River Railroad Directors have adopted this plan for the purpose of disposing of the 5,120,000 acres of land donated to the road by the State of Texas, and to make it available in building the road.

RESPONSIBLE
LOCAL AGENTS WANTED
throughout the State.

Address, DORSETT & CO.,
State Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

REFER, BY PERMISSION, TO Swanson, Perkins & Co., New York; Meyer, Weiss & Co., New York and New Orleans; L. M. Rumsey & Co., St Louis, Imbs, Meyer & Co, St. Louis; Briggs, Payne & Co., New Orleans; John Phelps & Co., New Orleans; Fulsom & Bros., New Orleans; Peel & Reed, New Orleans; A. Baldwin & Co., New Orleans; Grinnan & Duval, Galveston; A. J. Burke, Houston; Flosh, Lewis & Co., New Orleans; J. J. Busba & Co., Memphis; B. M. Johnson, banker, Shreveport, Louisiana.

For further references, full particulars, and terms for tickets, send for circulars giving full information.

Remittances can be made either by express, bank check, or post-office money order, payable to order of the chief manager.

For further particulars, refer to home office, or to Merritt Burns, Selma.
A. G. CLOPTON,
apr30—d2m Jefferson, Texas.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Orphans' Home & Free School,
WILSON & CO., Managers.

ATLANTA, GA., April 21, 1875.

AT an Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Georgia State Lottery, held this day, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That hereafter the business of this Institution shall be conducted under the name and style of WILSON & CO., Managers. apr24—d1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

RICKS HOUSE, CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.

House new, clean and neat. Cartersville is noted for its fine society, good water, and for health. Rowland Springs—various mineral waters—situated within five miles, a nice drive, scenery unsurpassed. Inducements offered to families for the summer.
apr24—dtf E. T. WHITE, Agent.

HERRING'S
Patent Champion Safes,

Established more than a third of a Century.

REDUCED IN PRICE.

ALSO, TWO HUNDRED SECOND-HAND SAFES FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES.

HERRING & CO.,
251 & 252 Broadway, N. Y.,
56 and 60 Sudbury St., Boston.
feb9—deod3m

DUNCAN SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,

Nos. 9 & 11 Nassau St., New York, Issue CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT for TRAVELERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST, available in all the principal cities; also, for use in the United States, West Indies, &c. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS to LONDON, PARIS, CALIFORNIA, HAVANA, MEXICO, CHINA, JAPAN, &c.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and other received. jan8—deodly

DECATUR
Male and Female High School.

SPRING TERM opens February 1st and closes July 12, 1875.

TUITION.

Primary Department, per month	$2 00
Junior Class, per month	3 00
Intermediate Class, per month	4 00
Senior Class, per month	5 00

Music and Painting at Professors charges. Board, washing and lights in the Principal's family at $18 00 per month.

For circular address Principal.
T. A. MURRAY, A. M.,
dec27—dtf Principal.

FIRE!

MR. AND MRS. FRANK'S OFFICE will be temporarily at the store of Wm. Rich & Co., 16 Decatur street. All parties having received notice to settle their accounts will please do so at once. mar27—dtf

Grand Picnic!

To New Holland Springs, near Gainesville,

Saturday the 1st day of May.

THE train will leave the passenger depot, city, at 7 o'clock, precisely, and returning will leave New Holland, at 4 o'clock p.m. This Picnic is given by and for the pleasure and benefit of, the FIRST BAPTIST SUNDAY SCHOOL, and will be joined at New Holland by the Baptist Sunday School of Gainesville.

A delightful reunion of the young people of Atlanta and Gainesville is anticipated on this occasion. The magnificent grounds at New Holland are, perhaps, unsurpassed by any other spot in the mountains of Georgia. Every family and every visitor will carry their well-filled baskets.

Fare for the round trip, adults $1 00; Youths, 12 to 16 years old, 50 cts; Children, under 12 years old, 25 cents.

Tickets for sale at the book stores, and at J. J. McDaniels, No. 117 Whitehall street, and on the cars of the Excursion train.
COMMITTEE OF ARRANGMENTS.
apr25—d5t

Stop at the Davis House

82 FORSYTH STREET, OR 91 BROAD street, where you will find good accommodations at very MODERATE COST.

ISAAC D. UPSHAW, Proprietor.
mar26—d1m-fri-sun&wed

Good Investment.

AN interest in Mountain City Mills, is offered to a good, practical man, who is willing to give his personal attention to the business. Address
W. T. ROBINSON,
apr25—d6tsun&wed Rome, Ga.

Book Binders and Paper Makers
TAKE NOTICE!

WE have just received and put in operation a Patent Automic Knife Grinder, and are prepared to grind all kinds of straight knives up to 36 inches long, on the most reasonable terms. Send in your knives and see how perfect it works.
J. C. PECK & CO.
Atlanta, Ga., March 21, 1875—d1m